# HOUSE CS FOR CS FOR SS FOR SENATE BILL NO. 91(FIN)

### IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

#### TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

#### BY THE HOUSE FINANCE COMMITTEE

Offered: 4/29/16

Referred: Today's Calendar

Sponsor(s): SENATORS COGHILL, Ellis, McGuire, Costello, Bishop, Micciche, Egan

### A BILL

# FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

1 "An Act relating to civil in rem forfeiture actions; relating to criminal law and 2 procedure: relating to controlled substances; relating to probation; relating to 3 sentencing; relating to treatment program credit for time spent toward service of a 4 sentence of imprisonment; establishing a pretrial services program with pretrial services 5 officers in the Department of Corrections; relating to permanent fund dividends; 6 relating to electronic monitoring; relating to penalties for violations of municipal 7 ordinances: relating to parole: relating to correctional restitution centers: relating to 8 community work service; relating to revocation, termination, suspension, cancellation, 9 or restoration of a driver's license; relating to the disqualification of persons convicted 10 of certain felony drug offenses from participation in the food stamp and temporary 11 assistance programs; relating to the duties of the commissioner of corrections; amending 12 Rules 32, 32.1, 38, and 43, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure; and providing for an

# effective date."

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RE IT ENA	CTED B	RY THE LEGISL.	ATURE OF THE	STATE OF ALASKA:	,

3	* Section 1. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section
4	to read:
5	LEGISLATIVE INTENT. (a) It is the intent of the legislature that, if the taxes

LEGISLATIVE INTENT. (a) It is the intent of the legislature that, if the taxes collected under AS 43.61.010 are lower than projected for fiscal year 2017, the legislature appropriate funds from the alcohol and other drug abuse treatment and prevention fund established in AS 43.60.050 to cover the shortfall.

- (b) It is the intent of the legislature that reinvestment of excess funds be made into providing additional law enforcement resources in communities throughout the state.
  - \* Sec. 2. AS 09.55 is amended by adding a new section to read:

### Article 10. Civil in rem Forfeiture.

**Sec. 09.55.700. In rem civil forfeiture actions.** Common law civil in rem forfeiture actions are abolished if used instead of a criminal proceeding.

- \* **Sec. 3.** AS 11.41.110(a) is amended to read:
  - (a) A person commits the crime of murder in the second degree if
  - (1) with intent to cause serious physical injury to another person or knowing that the conduct is substantially certain to cause death or serious physical injury to another person, the person causes the death of any person;
  - (2) the person knowingly engages in conduct that results in the death of another person under circumstances manifesting an extreme indifference to the value of human life;
  - (3) under circumstances not amounting to murder in the first degree under AS 11.41.100(a)(3), while acting either alone or with one or more persons, the person commits or attempts to commit arson in the first degree, kidnapping, sexual assault in the first degree, sexual assault in the second degree, sexual abuse of a minor in the first degree, sexual abuse of a minor in the second degree, burglary in the first degree, escape in the first or second degree, robbery in any degree, or misconduct involving a controlled substance under AS 11.71.010(a), 11.71.030(a)(1), (2), or (4) (8) [11.71.020(a), 11.71.030(a)(1) OR (2)], or 11.71.040(a)(1) or (2) and, in the course

1	of or in furtherance of that crime or in immediate flight from that crime, any person
2	causes the death of a person other than one of the participants;
3	(4) acting with a criminal street gang, the person commits or attempts
4	to commit a crime that is a felony and, in the course of or in furtherance of that crime
5	or in immediate flight from that crime, any person causes the death of a person other
6	than one of the participants; or
7	(5) the person with criminal negligence causes the death of a child
8	under the age of 16, and the person has been previously convicted of a crime involving
9	a child under the age of 16 that was
10	(A) a felony violation of AS 11.41;
11	(B) in violation of a law or ordinance in another jurisdiction
12	with elements similar to a felony under AS 11.41; or
13	(C) an attempt, a solicitation, or a conspiracy to commit a
14	crime listed in (A) or (B) of this paragraph.
15	* Sec. 4. AS 11.41.150(a) is amended to read:
16	(a) A person commits the crime of murder of an unborn child if the person
17	(1) with intent to cause the death of an unborn child or of another
18	person, causes the death of an unborn child;
19	(2) with intent to cause serious physical injury to an unborn child or to
20	another person or knowing that the conduct is substantially certain to cause death or
21	serious physical injury to an unborn child or to another person, causes the death of an
22	unborn child;
23	(3) while acting alone or with one or more persons, commits or
24	attempts to commit arson in the first degree, kidnapping, sexual assault in the first
25	degree, sexual assault in the second degree, sexual abuse of a minor in the first degree,
26	sexual abuse of a minor in the second degree, burglary in the first degree, escape in the
27	first or second degree, robbery in any degree, or misconduct involving a controlled
28	substance under AS 11.71.010(a), 11.71.030(a)(1), (2), or (4) - (8) [11.71.020(a),
29	11.71.030(a)(1) OR (2)], or 11.71.040(a)(1) or (2), and, in the course of or in
30	furtherance of that crime or in immediate flight from that crime, any person causes the
31	death of an unborn child;

1	(4) knowingly engages in conduct that results in the death of an unborn
2	child under circumstances manifesting an extreme indifference to the value of human
3	life; for purposes of this paragraph, a pregnant woman's decision to remain in a
4	relationship in which domestic violence, as defined in AS 18.66.990, has occurred
5	does not constitute conduct manifesting an extreme indifference to the value of human
6	life.
7	* Sec. 5. AS 11.46.130(a) is amended to read:
8	(a) A person commits the crime of theft in the second degree if the person
9	commits theft as defined in AS 11.46.100 and
10	(1) the value of the property or services is <b>\$1,000</b> [\$750] or more but
11	less than \$25,000;
12	(2) the property is a firearm or explosive;
13	(3) the property is taken from the person of another;
14	(4) the property is taken from a vessel and is vessel safety or survival
15	equipment;
16	(5) the property is taken from an aircraft and the property is aircraft
17	safety or survival equipment;
18	(6) the value of the property is \$250 or more but less than <b>\$1,000</b>
19	[\$750] and, within the preceding five years, the person has been convicted and
20	sentenced on two or more separate occasions in this or another jurisdiction of
21	(A) an offense under AS 11.46.120, or an offense under
22	another law or ordinance with similar elements;
23	(B) a crime set out in this subsection or an offense under
24	another law or ordinance with similar elements;
25	(C) an offense under AS 11.46.140(a)(1), or an offense under
26	another law or ordinance with similar elements; or
27	(D) an offense under AS $11.46.220(c)(1)$ or $(c)(2)(A)$ , or an
28	offense under another law or ordinance with similar elements; or
29	(7) the property is an access device.
30	* <b>Sec. 6.</b> AS 11.46.140(a) is amended to read:
31	(a) A person commits the crime of theft in the third degree if the person

1	commits theft as defined in AS 11.46.100 and
2	(1) the value of the property or services is \$250 or more but less than
3	<b><u>\$1,000</u></b> [\$750]; or
4	(2) [REPEALED]
5	(3) the value of the property is less than \$250 and, within the past five
6	years, the person has been convicted and sentenced on two or more separate occasions
7	in this or another jurisdiction of theft or concealment of merchandise, or an offense
8	under another law or ordinance with similar elements.
9	* <b>Sec. 7.</b> AS 11.46.220(c) is amended to read:
10	(c) Concealment of merchandise is
11	(1) a class C felony if
12	(A) the merchandise is a firearm;
13	(B) the value of the merchandise is <b>\$1,000</b> [\$750] or more; or
14	(C) the value of the merchandise is \$250 or more but less than
15	<b>\$1,000</b> [\$750] and, within the preceding five years, the person has been
16	convicted and sentenced on two or more separate occasions in this or another
17	jurisdiction of
18	(i) the offense of concealment of merchandise under
19	this paragraph or (2)(A) of this subsection, or an offense under another
20	law or ordinance with similar elements; or
21	(ii) an offense under AS 11.46.120, 11.46.130, or
22	11.46.140(a)(1), or an offense under another law or ordinance with
23	similar elements;
24	(2) a class A misdemeanor if
25	(A) the value of the merchandise is \$250 or more but less than
26	<b><u>\$1,000</u></b> [\$750]; or
27	(B) the value of the merchandise is less than \$250 and, within
28	the preceding five years, the person has been convicted and sentenced on two
29	or more separate occasions of the offense of concealment of merchandise or
30	theft in any degree, or an offense under another law or ordinance with similar
31	elements;

1	(5) a class B misdemeanor if the value of the merchandise is less than
2	\$250.
3	* <b>Sec. 8.</b> AS 11.46.260(b) is amended to read:
4	(b) Removal of identification marks is
5	(1) a class C felony if the value of the property on which the serial
6	number or identification mark appeared is \$1,000 [\$750] or more;
7	(2) a class A misdemeanor if the value of the property on which the
8	serial number or identification mark appeared is \$250 or more but less than \$1,000
9	[\$750];
10	(3) a class B misdemeanor if the value of the property on which the
11	serial number or identification mark appeared is less than \$250.
12	* Sec. 9. AS 11.46.270(b) is amended to read:
13	(b) Unlawful possession is
14	(1) a class C felony if the value of the property on which the serial
15	number or identification mark appeared is \$1,000 [\$750] or more;
16	(2) a class A misdemeanor if the value of the property on which the
17	serial number or identification mark appeared is \$250 or more but less than \$1,000
18	[\$750];
19	(3) a class B misdemeanor if the value of the property on which the
20	serial number or identification mark appeared is less than \$250.
21	* <b>Sec. 10.</b> AS 11.46.280(d) is amended to read:
22	(d) Issuing a bad check is
23	(1) a class B felony if the face amount of the check is \$25,000 or more;
24	(2) a class C felony if the face amount of the check is <b>§1,000</b> [\$750] or
25	more but less than \$25,000;
26	(3) a class A misdemeanor if the face amount of the check is \$250 or
27	more but less than <b>\$1,000</b> [\$750];
28	(4) a class B misdemeanor if the face amount of the check is less than
29	\$250.
30	* <b>Sec. 11.</b> AS 11.46.285(b) is amended to read:
31	(b) Fraudulent use of an access device is

1	(1) a class B felony if the value of the property or services obtained is
2	\$25,000 or more;
3	(2) a class C felony if the value of the property or services obtained is
4	<b><u>\$1,000</u></b> [\$750] or more but less than \$25,000;
5	(3) a class A misdemeanor if the value of the property or services
6	obtained is less than <b>\$1,000</b> [\$750].
7	* Sec. 12. AS 11.46.295 is amended to read:
8	Sec. 11.46.295. Prior convictions. For purposes of considering prior
9	convictions in prosecuting a crime of theft under AS 11.46.130(a)(6) [OR
10	11.46.140(a)(3),] or in prosecuting the crime of concealment of merchandise under
11	AS 11.46.220(c),
12	(1) a conviction for an offense under another law or ordinance with
13	similar elements is a conviction of an offense having elements similar to those of an
14	offense defined as such under Alaska law at the time the offense was committed;
15	(2) a conviction for an offense under Alaska law where the value of the
16	property or services for the offense was lower than the value of property or services
17	for the offense under current Alaska law is a prior conviction for that offense; and
18	(3) the court shall consider the date of a prior conviction as occurring
19	on the date that sentence is imposed for the prior offense.
20	* Sec. 13. AS 11.46.360(a) is amended to read:
21	(a) A person commits the crime of vehicle theft in the first degree if, having
22	no right to do so or any reasonable ground to believe the person has such a right, the
23	person drives, tows away, or takes
24	(1) the car, truck, motorcycle, motor home, bus, aircraft, or watercraft
25	of another;
26	(2) the propelled vehicle of another and
27	(A) the vehicle or any other property of another is damaged in a
28	total amount of <b>\$1,000</b> [\$750] or more;
29	(B) the owner incurs reasonable expenses as a result of the loss
30	of use of the vehicle, in a total amount of <b>\$1,000</b> [\$750] or more; or
31	(C) the owner is deprived of the use of the vehicle for seven

1	days or more;
2	(3) the propelled vehicle of another and the vehicle is marked as a
3	police or emergency vehicle; or
4	(4) the propelled vehicle of another and, within the preceding seven
5	years, the person was convicted under
6	(A) this section or AS 11.46.365;
7	(B) former AS 11.46.482(a)(4) or (5);
8	(C) former AS 11.46.484(a)(2);
9	(D) AS 11.46.120 - 11.46.140 of an offense involving the theft
10	of a propelled vehicle; or
11	(E) a law or ordinance of this or another jurisdiction with
12	elements substantially similar to those of an offense described in (A) - (D) of
13	this paragraph.
14	* <b>Sec. 14.</b> AS 11.46.460 is amended to read:
15	Sec. 11.46.460. Disregard of a highway obstruction. (a) A person commits
16	the offense [CRIME] of disregard of a highway obstruction if, without the right to do
17	so or a reasonable ground to believe the person has the right, the person
18	(1) drives a vehicle through, over, or around an obstruction erected on
19	[UPON] a highway under authority of AS 19.10.100; or
20	(2) opens an obstruction erected on [UPON] a highway under authority
21	of AS 19.10.100.
22	(b) Violation of this section is a violation punishable by a fine of not more
23	than \$1,000 [CLASS B MISDEMEANOR].
24	* <b>Sec. 15.</b> AS 11.46.482(a) is amended to read:
25	(a) A person commits the crime of criminal mischief in the third degree if,
26	having no right to do so or any reasonable ground to believe the person has such a
27	right,
28	(1) with intent to damage property of another, the person damages
29	property of another in an amount of \$1,000 [\$750] or more;
30	(2) the person recklessly creates a risk of damage in an amount
31	exceeding \$100,000 to property of another by the use of widely dangerous means; or

1	(3) the person knowingly
2	(A) defaces, damages, or desecrates a cemetery or the contents
3	of a cemetery or a tomb, grave, or memorial regardless of whether the tomb,
4	grave, or memorial is in a cemetery or whether the cemetery, tomb, grave, or
5	memorial appears to be abandoned, lost, or neglected;
6	(B) removes human remains or associated burial artifacts from
7	a cemetery, tomb, grave, or memorial regardless of whether the cemetery,
8	tomb, grave, or memorial appears to be abandoned, lost, or neglected.
9	* <b>Sec. 16.</b> AS 11.46.484(a) is amended to read:
10	(a) A person commits the crime of criminal mischief in the fourth degree if,
11	having no right to do so or any reasonable ground to believe the person has such a
12	right
13	(1) with intent to damage property of another, the person damages
14	property of another in an amount of \$250 or more but less than \$1,000 [\$750];
15	(2) the person tampers with a fire protection device in a building that is
16	a public place;
17	(3) the person knowingly accesses a computer, computer system,
18	computer program, computer network, or part of a computer system or network;
19	(4) the person uses a device to descramble an electronic signal that has
20	been scrambled to prevent unauthorized receipt or viewing of the signal unless the
21	device is used only to descramble signals received directly from a satellite or unless
22	the person owned the device before September 18, 1984; or
23	(5) the person knowingly removes, relocates, defaces, alters, obscures,
24	shoots at, destroys, or otherwise tampers with an official traffic control device or
25	damages the work on [UPON] a highway under construction.
26	* <b>Sec. 17.</b> AS 11.46.530(b) is amended to read:
27	(b) Criminal simulation is
28	(1) a class C felony if the value of what the object purports to represent
29	is <b>\$1,000</b> [\$750] or more;
30	(2) a class A misdemeanor if the value of what the object purports to
31	represent is \$250 or more but less than <b>\$1,000</b> [\$750];

1	(5) a class B misdemeanor if the value of what the object purports to
2	represent is less than \$250.
3	* <b>Sec. 18.</b> AS 11.46.620(d) is amended to read:
4	(d) Misapplication of property is
5	(1) a class C felony if the value of the property misapplied is \$1,000
6	[\$750] or more;
7	(2) a class A misdemeanor if the value of the property misapplied is
8	less than <b>\$1,000</b> [\$750].
9	* Sec. 19. AS 11.46.730(c) is amended to read:
10	(c) Defrauding creditors is a class A misdemeanor unless that secured party,
11	judgment creditor, or creditor incurs a pecuniary loss of \$1,000 [\$750] or more as a
12	result $\underline{\mathbf{of}}$ [TO] the defendant's conduct, in which case defrauding secured creditors is
13	(1) a class B felony if the loss is \$25,000 or more;
14	(2) a class C felony if the loss is <b>\$1,000</b> [\$750] or more but less than
15	\$25,000.
16	* <b>Sec. 20.</b> AS 11.56.730(a) is amended to read:
17	(a) A person commits the <u>offense</u> [CRIME] of failure to appear if the person
18	(1) is released under the provisions of AS 12.30;
19	(2) knows that the person is required to appear before a court or
20	judicial officer at the time and place of a scheduled hearing; and
21	(3) with criminal negligence does not appear before the court or
22	judicial officer at the time and place of the scheduled hearing.
23	* Sec. 21. AS 11.56.730(c) is amended to read:
24	(c) A person who commits failure to appear incurs a forfeiture of any security
25	for any appearance of the person that was given or pledged to the court for the person's
26	release [, AND IS GUILTY OF A
27	(1) CLASS C FELONY IF THE PERSON WAS RELEASED IN
28	CONNECTION WITH A CHARGE OF A FELONY, OR WHILE AWAITING
29	SENTENCE OR APPEAL AFTER CONVICTION OF A FELONY;
30	(2) CLASS A MISDEMEANOR IF THE PERSON WAS RELEASED
31	IN CONNECTION WITH A

1	(A) CHARGE OF A MISDEMEANOR, OR WHILE
2	AWAITING SENTENCE OR APPEAL AFTER CONVICTION OF A
3	MISDEMEANOR; OR
4	(B) REQUIREMENT TO APPEAR AS A MATERIAL
5	WITNESS IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING].
6	* Sec. 22. AS 11.56.730 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
7	(d) Failure to appear is a
8	(1) class C felony if the person was released in connection with a
9	charge of a felony or while awaiting sentence or appeal after conviction of a felony
10	and the person
11	(A) does not make contact with the court or a judicial officer
12	within 30 days after the person does not appear at the time and place of a
13	scheduled hearing; or
14	(B) does not appear at the time and place of a scheduled
15	hearing to avoid prosecution;
16	(2) class A misdemeanor if the person was released in connection with
17	a charge of a misdemeanor, while awaiting sentence or appeal after conviction of a
18	misdemeanor, or requirement to appear as a material witness in a criminal proceeding,
19	and the person
20	(A) does not make contact with the court or a judicial officer
21	within 30 days after the person does not appear at the time and place of a
22	scheduled hearing; or
23	(B) does not appear at the time and place of a scheduled
24	hearing to avoid prosecution; or
25	(3) violation punishable by a fine of up to \$1,000.
26	(e) In a prosecution for failure to appear under (a) of this section, it is not a
27	defense that the defendant did not receive a reminder notification from a court or
28	judicial officer under Rule 38(e), Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure.
29	* Sec. 23. AS 11.56.757(a) is amended to read:
30	(a) A person commits the <b>offense</b> [CRIME] of violation of condition of
31	release if the person

1	(1) has been charged with a crime or convicted of a crime;
2	(2) has been released under AS 12.30; and
3	(3) violates a condition of release imposed by a judicial officer under
4	AS 12.30, other than the requirement to appear as ordered by a judicial officer.
5	* Sec. 24. AS 11.56.757(b) is amended to read:
6	(b) Violation of condition of release is a violation punishable by a fine of up
7	to \$1,000 [(1) A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR IF THE PERSON IS RELEASED
8	FROM A CHARGE OR CONVICTION OF A FELONY;
9	(2) A CLASS B MISDEMEANOR IF THE PERSON IS RELEASED
10	FROM A CHARGE OR CONVICTION OF A MISDEMEANOR].
11	* Sec. 25. AS 11.56.759(a) is amended to read:
12	(a) A person commits the crime of violation by sex offender of condition of
13	probation if the person
14	(1) is on probation for conviction of a sex offense;
15	(2) has served the entire term of incarceration imposed for conviction
16	of the sex offense; and
17	(3) violates a condition of probation imposed under
18	$\underline{\text{AS } 12.55.100(a)(2)(E), (a)(2)(F)}$ [AS 12.55.100(a)(5), (a)(6)], or (e), 12.55.101(a)(1),
19	or any other condition imposed by the court that the court finds to be specifically
20	related to the defendant's offense.
21	* <b>Sec. 26.</b> AS 11.61.110(c) is amended to read:
22	(c) Disorderly conduct is a class B misdemeanor [AND IS PUNISHABLE AS
23	AUTHORIZED IN AS 12.55 EXCEPT THAT A SENTENCE OF IMPRISONMENT,
24	IF IMPOSED, SHALL BE FOR A DEFINITE TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 10
25	DAYS].
26	* <b>Sec. 27.</b> AS 11.61.145(d) is amended to read:
27	(d) Promoting an exhibition of fighting animals
28	(1) under (a)(1) or (2) of this section is a class C felony;
29	(2) under (a)(3) of this section is
30	(A) a violation
31	(i) for the first offense;

1	(ii) punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000 [, A
2	CLASS B MISDEMEANOR] for the second offense; [,] and
3	(B) a class A misdemeanor for the third and each subsequent
4	offense.
5	* Sec. 28. AS 11.61.150(a) is amended to read:
6	(a) A person commits the offense [CRIME] of obstruction of highways if the
7	person knowingly
8	(1) places, drops, or permits to drop on a highway any substance that
9	creates a substantial risk of physical injury to others using the highway; or
10	(2) renders a highway impassable or passable only with unreasonable
11	inconvenience or hazard.
12	* Sec. 29. AS 11.61.150(c) is amended to read:
13	(c) Obstruction of highways is a violation punishable by a fine of not more
14	than \$1,000 [CLASS B MISDEMEANOR].
15	* Sec. 30. AS 11.66.100 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
16	(e) A person may not be prosecuted under (a)(1) of this section if the
17	(1) person witnessed or was a victim of, and reported to law
18	enforcement in good faith, one or more of the following crimes:
19	(A) murder in the first degree under AS 11.41.100;
20	(B) murder in the second degree under AS 11.41.110;
21	(C) manslaughter under AS 11.41.120;
22	(D) criminally negligent homicide under AS 11.41.130;
23	(E) assault in the first degree under AS 11.41.200;
24	(F) assault in the second degree under AS 11.41.210;
25	(G) assault in the third degree under AS 11.41.220;
26	(H) assault in the fourth degree under AS 11.41.230;
27	(I) sexual assault in the first degree under AS 11.41.410;
28	(J) sexual assault in the second degree under AS 11.41.420;
29	(K) sexual assault in the third degree under AS 11.41.425;
30	(L) sexual assault in the fourth degree under AS 11.41.427;
31	(M) sexual abuse of a minor in the first degree under

1	AS 11.41.434;
2	(N) sexual abuse of a minor in the second degree under
3	AS 11.41.436;
4	(O) sexual abuse of a minor in the third degree under
5	AS 11.41.438;
6	(P) sexual abuse of a minor in the fourth degree under
7	AS 11.41.440;
8	(Q) robbery in the first degree under AS 11.41.500;
9	(R) robbery in the second degree under AS 11.41.510;
10	(S) extortion under AS 11.41.520;
11	(T) coercion under AS 11.41.530;
12	(U) distribution of child pornography under AS 11.61.125;
13	(V) possession of child pornography under AS 11.61.127;
14	(W) sex trafficking in the first degree under AS 11.66.110;
15	(X) sex trafficking in the second degree under AS 11.66.120;
16	(Y) sex trafficking in the third degree under AS 11.66.130; or
17	(Z) sex trafficking in the fourth degree under AS 11.66.135;
18	(2) evidence supporting the prosecution under (a)(1) of this section
19	was obtained or discovered as a result of the person reporting the crime to law
20	enforcement; and
21	(3) person cooperated with law enforcement personnel.
22	* Sec. 31. AS 11.66.110(a) is amended to read:
23	(a) A person commits the crime of sex trafficking in the first degree if the
24	person
25	(1) induces or causes <b>another</b> [A] person to engage in prostitution
26	through the use of force;
27	(2) as other than a patron of a prostitute, induces or causes <b>another</b> [A]
28	person who is under 20 years of age to engage in prostitution; or
29	(3) induces or causes a person in that person's legal custody to engage
30	in prostitution.
31	* Sec. 32. AS 11.66.130(a) is amended to read:

1	(a) A person commits the crime of sex trafficking in the third degree if, with
2	intent to promote prostitution, the person
3	(1) manages, supervises, controls, or owns, either alone or in
4	association with others, a place of prostitution;
5	(2) as other than a patron of a prostitute, induces or causes <b>another</b> [A]
6	person who is 20 years of age or older to engage in prostitution;
7	(3) as other than a prostitute receiving compensation for personally
8	rendered prostitution services, receives or agrees to receive money or other property
9	under an agreement or understanding that the money or other property is derived from
10	prostitution; or
11	(4) engages in conduct that institutes, aids, or facilitates a prostitution
12	enterprise.
13	* Sec. 33. AS 11.66.130 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
14	(c) A person does not act with the intent to promote prostitution under (a) of
15	this section if the person
16	(1) engages in prostitution in violation of AS 11.66.100(a) in a location
17	even if that location is shared with another person; and
18	(2) has not induced or caused another person in that location to engage
19	in prostitution.
20	* Sec. 34. AS 11.66.135 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
21	(c) A person does not institute, aid, or facilitate prostitution if the person
22	(1) engages in prostitution in violation of AS 11.66.100(a) in a location
23	even if that location is shared with another person; and
24	(2) has not induced or caused another person in that location to engage
25	in prostitution.
26	* <b>Sec. 35.</b> AS 11.66.200(c) is amended to read:
27	(c) Gambling is a violation
28	(1) for the first offense;
29	(2) punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000 [. GAMBLING IS
30	A CLASS B MISDEMEANOR] for the second and each subsequent offense.
31	* Sec. 36. AS 11.71.030(a) is amended to read:

1	(a) Except as authorized in AS 17.30, a person commits the crime of
2	misconduct involving a controlled substance in the second [THIRD] degree if the
3	person
4	(1) [UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES NOT PROSCRIBED UNDER
5	AS 11.71.020(a)(2) - (6),] manufactures or delivers <sub>2</sub> [ANY AMOUNT OF A
6	SCHEDULE IIA OR IIIA CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE] or possesses [ANY
7	AMOUNT OF A SCHEDULE IIA OR IIIA CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE] with
8	intent to manufacture or deliver,
9	(A) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
10	substances of an aggregate weight of one gram or more containing a
11	schedule IA controlled substance;
12	(B) 25 or more tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a
13	schedule IA controlled substance;
14	(C) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
15	substances of an aggregate weight of 2.5 grams or more containing a
16	schedule IIA or IIIA controlled substance; or
17	(D) 50 or more tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a
18	schedule IIA or IIIA controlled substance;
19	(2) delivers any amount of a schedule IVA, VA, or VIA controlled
20	substance to a person under 19 years of age who is at least three years younger than
21	the person delivering the substance; [OR]
22	(3) possesses any amount of a schedule IA or IIA controlled substance
23	(A) with reckless disregard that the possession occurs
24	(i) on or within 500 feet of school grounds; or
25	(ii) at or within 500 feet of a recreation or youth center;
26	or
27	(B) on a school bus <u>:</u>
28	(4) manufactures any material, compound, mixture, or
29	preparation that contains
30	(A) methamphetamine, or its salts, isomers, or salts of
31	isomers; or

1	(b) an infinediate precursor of methaniphetanine, or its
2	salts, isomers, or salts of isomers;
3	(5) possesses an immediate precursor of methamphetamine, or the
4	salts, isomers, or salts of isomers of the immediate precursor of
5	methamphetamine, with the intent to manufacture any material, compound,
6	mixture, or preparation that contains methamphetamine, or its salts, isomers, or
7	salts of isomers;
8	(6) possesses a listed chemical with intent to manufacture any
9	material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains
10	(A) methamphetamine, or its salts, isomers, or salts of
11	isomers; or
12	(B) an immediate precursor of methamphetamine, or its
13	salts, isomers, or salts of isomers;
14	(7) possesses methamphetamine in an organic solution with intent
15	to extract from it methamphetamine or its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers; or
16	(8) under circumstances not proscribed under AS 11.71.010(a)(2),
17	<u>delivers</u>
18	(A) an immediate precursor of methamphetamine, or the
19	salts, isomers, or salts of isomers of the immediate precursor of
20	methamphetamine, to another person with reckless disregard that the
21	precursor will be used to manufacture any material, compound, mixture,
22	or preparation that contains methamphetamine, or its salts, isomers, or
23	salts of isomers; or
24	(B) a listed chemical to another person with reckless
25	disregard that the listed chemical will be used to manufacture any
26	material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains
27	(i) methamphetamine, or its salts, isomers, or salts of
28	<u>isomers;</u>
29	(ii) an immediate precursor of methamphetamine, or
30	its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers; or
31	(iii) methamphetamine or its salts, isomers, or salts

1	of isomers in an organic solution.
2	* Sec. 37. AS 11.71.030(c) is amended to read:
3	(c) Misconduct involving a controlled substance in the <b>second</b> [THIRD]
4	degree is a class B felony.
5	* Sec. 38. AS 11.71.030 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
6	(d) In a prosecution under (a) of this section, possession of more than six
7	grams of the listed chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or
8	the salts, isomers, or salts of isomers of those chemicals is prima facie evidence that
9	the person intended to use the listed chemicals to manufacture, aid or abet another
10	person to manufacture, or deliver to another person who intends to manufacture
11	methamphetamine, its immediate precursors, or the salts, isomers, or salts of isomers
12	of methamphetamine or its immediate precursors. The prima facie evidence described
13	in this subsection does not apply to a person who possesses
14	(1) the listed chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine,
15	phenylpropanolamine, or the salts, isomers, or salts of isomers of those chemicals
16	(A) and the listed chemical was dispensed to the person under a
17	valid prescription; or
18	(B) in the ordinary course of a legitimate business, or an
19	employee of a legitimate business, as a
20	(i) retailer or wholesaler;
21	(ii) wholesale drug distributor licensed by the Board of
22	Pharmacy;
23	(iii) manufacturer of drug products licensed by the
24	Board of Pharmacy;
25	(iv) pharmacist licensed by the Board of Pharmacy; or
26	(v) health care professional licensed by the state; or
27	(2) less than 24 grams of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine,
28	phenylpropanolamine, or the salts, isomers, or salts of isomers of those chemicals,
29	kept in a locked storage area on the premises of a legitimate business or nonprofit
30	organization operating a camp, lodge, school, day care center, treatment center, or
31	other organized group activity, and the location or nature of the activity, or the age of

1	the participants, makes it impractical for the participants in the activity to obtain
2	medicinal products.
3	(e) In this section, "listed chemical" means a chemical described under
4	AS 11.71.200.
5	* Sec. 39. AS 11.71.040(a) is amended to read:
6	(a) Except as authorized in AS 17.30, a person commits the crime of
7	misconduct involving a controlled substance in the third [FOURTH] degree if the
8	person
9	(1) manufactures or delivers any amount of a schedule IVA or VA
10	controlled substance or possesses any amount of a schedule IVA or VA controlled
11	substance with intent to manufacture or deliver;
12	(2) manufactures or delivers, or possesses with the intent to
13	manufacture or deliver, one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances
14	of an aggregate weight of one ounce or more containing a schedule VIA controlled
15	substance;
16	(3) possesses
17	(A) any amount of a
18	(i) schedule IA controlled substance <u>listed in</u>
19	<u>AS 11.71.140(e);</u> or
20	(ii) IIA controlled substance except a controlled
21	substance listed in AS 11.71.150(e)(11) - (15);
22	(B) 25 or more tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a
23	schedule IIIA or IVA controlled substance;
24	(C) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
25	substances of an aggregate weight of
26	(i) three grams or more containing a schedule IIIA or
27	IVA controlled substance except a controlled substance in a form listed
28	in (ii) of this subparagraph;
29	(ii) 12 grams or more containing a schedule IIIA
30	controlled substance listed in AS 11.71.160(f)(7) - (16) that has been
31	sprayed on or otherwise applied to tobacco, an herb, or another organic

1	material; or
2	(iii) 500 milligrams or more of a schedule IIA
3	controlled substance listed in AS 11.71.150(e)(11) - (15);
4	(D) 50 or more tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a
5	schedule VA controlled substance;
6	(E) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
7	substances of an aggregate weight of six grams or more containing a schedule
8	VA controlled substance;
9	(F) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
10	substances of an aggregate weight of four ounces or more containing a
11	schedule VIA controlled substance; or
12	(G) 25 or more plants of the genus cannabis;
13	(4) possesses a schedule IIIA, IVA, VA, or VIA controlled substance
14	(A) with reckless disregard that the possession occurs
15	(i) on or within 500 feet of school grounds; or
16	(ii) at or within 500 feet of a recreation or youth center;
17	or
18	(B) on a school bus;
19	(5) knowingly keeps or maintains any store, shop, warehouse,
20	dwelling, building, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other structure or place that is used for
21	keeping or distributing controlled substances in violation of a felony offense under this
22	chapter or AS 17.30;
23	(6) makes, delivers, or possesses a punch, die, plate, stone, or other
24	thing that prints, imprints, or reproduces a trademark, trade name, or other identifying
25	mark, imprint, or device of another or any likeness of any of these on [UPON] a drug,
26	drug container, or labeling so as to render the drug a counterfeit substance;
27	(7) knowingly uses in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a
28	controlled substance a registration number that is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or
29	issued to another person;
30	(8) knowingly furnishes false or fraudulent information in or omits
31	material information from any application, report, record, or other document required

1	to be kept of fried under AS 17.30;
2	(9) obtains possession of a controlled substance by misrepresentation,
3	fraud, forgery, deception, or subterfuge; [OR]
4	(10) affixes a false or forged label to a package or other container
5	containing any controlled substance; or
6	(11) manufactures or delivers, or possesses with the intent to
7	manufacture or deliver,
8	(A) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
9	substances of an aggregate weight of less than one gram containing a
10	schedule IA controlled substance;
11	(B) less than 25 tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a
12	schedule IA controlled substance;
13	(C) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
14	substances of an aggregate weight of less than 2.5 grams containing a
15	schedule IIA or IIIA controlled substance; or
16	(D) less than 50 tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a
17	schedule IIA or IIIA controlled substance.
18	* Sec. 40. AS 11.71.040(d) is amended to read:
19	(d) Misconduct involving a controlled substance in the third [FOURTH]
20	degree is a class C felony.
21	* Sec. 41. AS 11.71.050 is amended to read:
22	Sec. 11.71.050. Misconduct involving a controlled substance in the fourth
23	[FIFTH] degree. (a) Except as authorized in AS 17.30, a person commits the crime of
24	misconduct involving a controlled substance in the fourth [FIFTH] degree if the
25	person
26	(1) manufactures or delivers, or possesses with the intent to
27	manufacture or deliver, one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances
28	of an aggregate weight of less than one ounce containing a schedule VIA controlled
29	substance;
30	(2) possesses
31	(A) less than 25 tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a

1	schedule IIIA of IVA controlled substance;
2	(B) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
3	substances of an aggregate weight of less than
4	(i) three grams containing a schedule IIIA or IVA
5	controlled substance except a controlled substance in a form listed in
6	(ii) of this subparagraph;
7	(ii) 12 grams but more than six grams containing a
8	schedule IIIA controlled substance listed in AS 11.71.160(f)(7) - (16)
9	that has been sprayed on or otherwise applied to tobacco, an herb, or
10	another organic material; or
11	(iii) 500 milligrams containing a schedule IIA
12	controlled substance listed in AS 11.71.150(e)(11) - (15);
13	(C) less than 50 tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a
14	schedule VA controlled substance;
15	(D) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
16	substances of an aggregate weight of less than six grams containing a schedule
17	VA controlled substance; or
18	(E) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
19	substances of an aggregate weight of one ounce or more containing a schedule
20	VIA controlled substance; [OR]
21	(3) fails to make, keep, or furnish any record, notification, order form,
22	statement, invoice, or information required under AS 17.30; or
23	(4) under circumstances not proscribed under
24	AS 11.71.040(a)(3)(A)(i) or 11.71.060(a)(2)(B), possesses any amount of a schedule
25	IA, IIA, IIIA, IVA, VA, or VIA controlled substance.
26	(b) Misconduct involving a controlled substance in the <b>fourth</b> [FIFTH] degree
27	is a class A misdemeanor.
28	* <b>Sec. 42.</b> AS 11.71.060 is amended to read:
29	Sec. 11.71.060. Misconduct involving a controlled substance in the fifth
30	[SIXTH] degree. (a) Except as authorized in AS 17.30, a person commits the crime of
31	misconduct involving a controlled substance in the <b>fifth</b> [SIXTH] degree if the person

1	(1) uses or displays any amount of a schedule VIA controlled
2	substance;
3	(2) possesses one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
4	substances of an aggregate weight of
5	(A) less than one ounce containing a schedule VIA controlled
6	substance;
7	(B) six grams or less containing a schedule IIIA controlled
8	substance listed in AS 11.71.160(f)(7) - (16) that has been sprayed on or
9	otherwise applied to tobacco, an herb, or another organic material; or
10	(3) refuses entry into a premise for an inspection authorized under
11	AS 17.30.
12	(b) Misconduct involving a controlled substance in the fifth [SIXTH] degree
13	is a class B misdemeanor.
14	* Sec. 43. AS 11.71.311(a) is amended to read:
15	(a) A person may not be prosecuted for a violation of AS 11.71.030(a)(3),
16	11.71.040(a)(3) or (4), 11.71.050(a)(2) or (4), or 11.71.060(a)(1) or (2) if that person
17	(1) sought, in good faith, medical or law enforcement assistance for
18	another person who the person reasonably believed was experiencing a drug overdose
19	and
20	(A) the evidence supporting the prosecution for an offense
21	under AS $11.71.030(a)(3)$ , $11.71.040(a)(3)$ or (4), $11.71.050(a)(2)$ or (4), or
22	11.71.060(a)(1) or (2) was obtained or discovered as a result of the person
23	seeking medical or law enforcement assistance;
24	(B) the person remained at the scene with the other person until
25	medical or law enforcement assistance arrived; and
26	(C) the person cooperated with medical or law enforcement
27	personnel, including by providing identification;
28	(2) was experiencing a drug overdose and sought medical assistance,
29	and the evidence supporting a prosecution for an offense under AS 11.71.030(a)(3),
30	11.71.040(a)(3) or (4), 11.71.050(a)(2) or (4), or 11.71.060(a)(1) or (2) was obtained
31	as a result of the overdose and the need for medical assistance.

1	* Sec. 44. AS 12.25.150(a) is amended to read:
2	(a) A person arrested shall be taken before a judge or magistrate without
3	unnecessary delay [,] and in any event within 24 [48] hours after arrest, absent
4	compelling circumstances, including Sundays and holidays. The unavailability of a
5	report prepared by the pretrial services officer under AS 33.07 or a delay in the
6	transmittal of that report to the parties or to the court may not be considered a
7	sufficient compelling circumstance to justify delaying a hearing beyond 24 hours.
8	The hearing before the judge or magistrate may not take place more than 48
9	hours after arrest. This requirement applies to municipal police officers to the same

extent as it does to state troopers.

\* Sec. 45. AS 12.25.180 is amended to read:

Sec. 12.25.180. When peace officer may issue citation or take person before the court. (a) When a peace officer stops or contacts a person for the commission of a class C felony offense, a misdemeanor, or the violation of a municipal ordinance, the officer may, in the officer's discretion, issue a citation to the person instead of taking the person before a judge or magistrate under AS 12.25.150, except the officer may arrest if [UNLESS]

- (1) the person does not furnish satisfactory evidence of identity;
- (2) the <u>peace</u> [CONTACTING] officer reasonably believes the person is a danger to [SELF OR] others;
- (3) the crime for which the person is contacted is one involving violence or harm to another person or to property;
- (4) the person asks to be taken before a judge or magistrate under AS 12.25.150; or
- (5) the peace officer has probable cause to believe the person committed a crime involving domestic violence; in this paragraph, "crime involving domestic violence" has the meaning given in AS 18.66.990.
- (b) When a peace officer stops or contacts a person for the commission of an infraction or a violation, the officer shall issue a citation instead of taking the person before a judge or magistrate under AS 12.25.150, except the officer may arrest if [UNLESS]

1	(1) the person does not furnish satisfactory evidence of identity; [OR]
2	(2) the person refuses to accept service of the citation; or
3	(3) the peace officer has probable cause to believe the person has
4	<u>committed</u>
5	(A) a violation of conditions of release under AS 11.56.757;
6	<u>or</u>
7	(B) the offense of failure to appear under AS 11.56.730.
8	* Sec. 46. AS 12.25.180 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
9	(c) A person may not bring a civil action for damages for a failure to comply
10	with the provisions of this section.
11	* <b>Sec. 47.</b> AS 12.25.190(b) is amended to read:
12	(b) The time specified in the notice to appear shall be at least <b>two</b> [FIVE]
13	working days after the issuance of the citation under AS 12.25.180(a).
14	* Sec. 48. AS 12.25.190 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
15	(d) The time specified in the notice to appear shall be at least five working
16	days after issuance of the citation under AS 12.25.180(b).
17	* Sec. 49. AS 12.30.006(b) is amended to read:
18	(b) At the first appearance before a judicial officer, a person who is charged
19	with a felony, other than a class C felony and the person has been assessed as low
20	risk under AS 12.30.011(c)(1), may be detained up to 48 hours for the prosecuting
21	authority to demonstrate that release of the person under AS 12.30.011
22	[AS 12.30.011(a)] would not reasonably ensure [ASSURE] the appearance of the
23	person or will pose a danger to the victim, other persons, or the community.
24	* Sec. 50. AS 12.30.006(c) is amended to read:
25	(c) A person who remains in custody 48 hours after appearing before a judicial
26	officer because of inability to meet the conditions of release shall, upon application, be
27	entitled to have the conditions reviewed by the judicial officer who imposed them. If
28	the judicial officer who imposed the conditions of release is not available, any judicial
29	officer in the judicial district may review the conditions. Upon review of the
30	conditions, the judicial officer shall revise any conditions of release that have
31	prevented the defendant from being released unless the judicial officer finds on

1	the record that there is clear and convincing evidence that less restrictive release
2	conditions cannot reasonably ensure the
3	(1) appearance of the person in court; and
4	(2) safety of the victim, other persons, and the community.
5	* Sec. 51. AS 12.30.006(d) is amended to read:
6	(d) If a person remains in custody after review of conditions by a judicial
7	officer under (c) of this section, the person may request a subsequent review of
8	conditions. Unless the prosecuting authority stipulates otherwise or the person has
9	been incarcerated for a period equal to the maximum sentence for the most serious
10	charge for which the person is being held, a judicial officer may not schedule a bail
11	review hearing under this subsection unless
12	(1) the person provides to the court and the prosecuting authority a
13	written statement that new information not considered at the previous review will be
14	presented at the hearing; the statement must include a description of the information
15	and the reason the information was not presented at a previous hearing; in this
16	paragraph, "new information" includes [DOES NOT INCLUDE] the person's
17	inability to post the required bail;
18	(2) the prosecuting authority and any surety, if applicable, have at least
19	48 hours' written notice before the time set for the review requested under this
20	subsection; the defendant shall notify the surety; and
21	(3) at least seven days have elapsed between the previous review and
22	the time set for the requested review; however, a person may receive only one bail
23	review hearing solely for inability to pay.
24	* Sec. 52. AS 12.30.006(f) is amended to read:
25	(f) The judicial officer shall issue written or oral findings that explain the
26	reasons the officer imposed the particular conditions of release or modifications or
27	additions to conditions previously imposed. The judicial officer shall inform the
28	person that a law enforcement officer or a pretrial services officer under AS 33.07
29	may arrest the person without a warrant for violation of the court's order establishing
30	conditions of release.
31	* Sec. 53. AS 12.30.011 is repealed and reenacted to read:

1	Sec. 12.30.011. Release before trial. (a) A judicial officer may order that a
2	person charged with an offense, in addition to other conditions imposed under this
3	section, be released
4	(1) on the person's own recognizance;
5	(2) upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond; or
6	(3) upon execution of an unsecured performance bond.
7	(b) A person charged with a misdemeanor that does not include an offense
8	under AS 11.41, AS 11.56.730, 11.56.757, AS 28.35.030, or 28.35.032, a sex offense
9	as defined in AS 12.63.100, or a crime involving domestic violence as defined under
10	AS 18.66.990 and who is assessed by a pretrial services officer as
11	(1) low to moderate risk shall be released on the person's own
12	recognizance or upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond or unsecured
13	performance bond; or
14	(2) high risk shall be released on the person's own recognizance or
15	upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond or unsecured performance bond
16	unless the judicial officer finds on the record that there is clear and convincing
17	evidence that no nonmonetary conditions of release in combination with the release of
18	the person on the person's own recognizance or upon execution of an unsecured bond
19	can reasonably ensure the appearance of the person in court and the safety of the
20	victim, other persons, and the community.
21	(c) A person charged with a class C felony that does not include an offense
22	under AS 11.41, AS 11.56.730, AS 28.35.030, or 28.35.032, a sex offense as defined
23	in AS 12.63.100, or a crime involving domestic violence as defined under
24	AS 18.66.990 and who is assessed by a pretrial services officer as
25	(1) low risk shall be released on the person's own recognizance or
26	upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond or unsecured performance bond; or
27	(2) moderate to high risk shall be released on the person's own
28	recognizance or upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond or unsecured
29	performance bond unless the judicial officer finds on the record that there is clear and
30	convincing evidence that no nonmonetary conditions of release in combination with
31	the release of the person on the person's own recognizance or upon execution of an

1	unsecured bond can reasonably ensure the appearance of the person in court and the
2	safety of the victim, other persons, and the community.
3	(d) A person charged under AS 28.35.030 or 28.35.032 who is assessed by a
4	pretrial services officer as low, moderate, or high risk shall be released on the person's
5	own recognizance or upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond or unsecured
6	performance bond unless the judicial officer finds on the record that there is clear and
7	convincing evidence that no nonmonetary conditions of release in combination with
8	the release of the person on the person's own recognizance or upon execution of an
9	unsecured bond can reasonably ensure the appearance of the person in court and the
10	safety of the victim, other persons, and the community.
11	(e) A person charged under AS 11.56.730 or 11.56.757 who is assessed by a
12	pretrial services officer as
13	(1) low to moderate risk shall be released on the person's own
14	recognizance or upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond or unsecured
15	performance bond unless the judicial officer finds on the record that there is clear and
16	convincing evidence that no nonmonetary conditions of release in combination with
17	the release of the person on the person's own recognizance or upon execution of an
18	unsecured bond can reasonably ensure the appearance of the person in court and the
19	safety of the victim, other persons, and the community; or
20	(2) high risk may be required, singly or in combination, in addition to
21	other conditions specified in this section, to deposit with the court and execute
22	(A) an appearance bond with a posting not to exceed 10 percent
23	of the specified amount of the bond with the condition that the deposit be
24	returned upon the appearance of the person at scheduled hearings;
25	(B) a bail bond with sufficient solvent sureties or the deposit of
26	cash; or
27	(C) a performance bond with a full or partial posting of the
28	specified amount of the bond with the condition that the deposit be returned
29	upon the performance of the conditions of release set by the court.
30	(f) A person charged with an offense who is not otherwise required to be
31	released under (b) - (e) of this section and who is assessed by a pretrial services officer

1	as
2	(1) low risk shall be released on the person's own recognizance or
3	upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond or unsecured performance bond
4	unless the judicial officer finds on the record that there is clear and convincing
5	evidence that no nonmonetary conditions of release in combination with the release of
6	the person on the person's own recognizance or upon execution of an unsecured bond
7	can reasonably ensure the appearance of the person in court and the safety of the
8	victim, other persons, and the community; or
9	(2) moderate to high risk may be required, singly or in combination, in
10	addition to other conditions specified in this section, to deposit with the court and
11	execute
12	(A) an appearance bond with a posting not to exceed 10 percen
13	of the specified amount of the bond with the condition that the deposit be
14	returned upon the appearance of the person at scheduled hearings;
15	(B) a bail bond with sufficient solvent sureties or the deposit of
16	cash; or
17	(C) a performance bond with a full or partial posting of the
18	specified amount of the bond with the condition that the deposit be returned
19	upon the performance of the conditions of release set by the court.
20	(g) A person released under this section shall be released on the condition that the
21	person
22	(1) obey all court orders;
23	(2) obey all laws;
24	(3) make all court appearances;
25	(4) maintain contact with the person's pretrial services officer, if one is
26	appointed by the court, and follow the pretrial services officer's instructions;
27	(5) maintain contact with the person's attorney;
28	(6) notify the person's attorney or, if the person is not represented by
29	an attorney, the pretrial services officer or the court within 24 hours after a change in
30	the person's residence.
31	(h) The judicial officer may singly or in combination, order additional

1	conditions if the condition of conditions are the least restrictive conditions that will
2	reasonably ensure the appearance of the person in court and the safety of the victim,
3	other persons, and the community. The judicial officer may
4	(1) place restrictions on the person's travel, association, or residence;
5	(2) order the person to refrain from possessing a deadly weapon on the
6	person or in the person's vehicle or residence;
7	(3) require the person to maintain employment or, if unemployed,
8	actively seek employment;
9	(4) require the person to notify the person's lawyer and the prosecuting
10	authority within two business days after any change in employment;
11	(5) require the person to avoid all contact with a victim, a potential
12	witness, or a codefendant;
13	(6) require the person to refrain from the consumption and possession
14	of alcoholic beverages;
15	(7) require the person to refrain from the use of a controlled substance
16	as defined by AS 11.71, unless prescribed by a licensed health care provider with
17	prescriptive authority;
18	(8) require the person to be physically inside the person's residence, or
19	in the residence of the person's third-party custodian, at times set by the court, subject
20	to AS 12.30.021;
21	(9) require the person to keep regular contact with a pretrial services
22	officer or law enforcement officer or agency;
23	(10) order the person to refrain from entering or remaining in premises
24	licensed under AS 04;
25	(11) place the person in the custody of an individual who agrees to
26	serve as a third-party custodian of the person as provided in AS 12.30.021;
27	(12) if the person is under the treatment of a licensed health care
28	provider, order the person to follow the provider's treatment recommendations;
29	(13) order the person to take medication that has been prescribed for
30	the person by a licensed health care provider with prescriptive authority;
31	(14) require the person to comply with a program established under

1	AS 47.38.020 if the person has been charged with an alcohol-related or substance-
2	abuse-related offense;
3	(15) order the person to comply with any other condition that is
4	reasonably necessary to ensure the appearance of the person and to ensure the safety
5	of the victim, other persons, and the community.
6	(i) In determining the conditions of release under this chapter, the court shall
7	consider the following:
8	(1) the nature and circumstances of the offense charged;
9	(2) the weight of the evidence against the person;
10	(3) the nature and extent of the person's family ties and relationships;
11	(4) the person's employment status and history;
12	(5) the length and character of the person's past and present residence;
13	(6) the person's record of convictions;
14	(7) the person's record of appearance at court proceedings;
15	(8) assets available to the person to meet monetary conditions of
16	release;
17	(9) the person's reputation, character, and mental condition;
18	(10) the effect of the offense on the victim, any threats made to the
19	victim, and the danger that the person poses to the victim;
20	(11) the conditions of release recommended by the pretrial services
21	officer;
22	(12) the person's pretrial risk assessment score; and
23	(13) any other facts that are relevant to the person's appearance or the
24	person's danger to the victim, other persons, or the community.
25	(j) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the burden of proof is on the
26	prosecuting authority that a person charged with an offense should be detained or
27	released with conditions described in this section or AS 12.30.016. Any monetary or
28	nonmonetary condition or conditions imposed by the court under this section shall be
29	the least restrictive condition or conditions that will reasonably ensure the appearance
30	of the person in court and the safety of the victim, other persons, and the community.
31	(k) If the report prepared by the pretrial services officer under AS 33.07 is not

1	available at the time of the first appearance, ball review hearing, or ball hearing in
2	connection with a petition to revoke probation, the court shall impose the least
3	restrictive condition or conditions that will reasonably ensure the appearance of the
4	person in court and the safety of the victim, other persons, and the community.
5	* Sec. 54. AS 12.30.016(b) is amended to read:
6	(b) In a prosecution charging a violation of AS 04.11.010, 04.11.499,
7	AS 28.35.030, or 28.35.032, a judicial officer may order the person
8	(1) to refrain from
9	(A) consuming alcoholic beverages; or
10	(B) possessing on the person, in the person's residence, or in
11	any vehicle or other property over which the person has control, alcoholic
12	beverages;
13	(2) to submit to a search without a warrant of the person, the person's
14	personal property, the person's residence, or any vehicle or other property over which
15	the person has control, for the presence of alcoholic beverages by a peace officer or
16	pretrial services officer who has reasonable suspicion that the person is violating the
17	conditions of the person's release by possessing alcoholic beverages;
18	(3) to submit to a breath test when requested by a law enforcement
19	officer or pretrial services officer;
20	(4) to provide a sample for a urinalysis or blood test when requested by
21	a law enforcement officer or pretrial services officer;
22	(5) to take a drug or combination of drugs intended to prevent
23	substance abuse;
24	(6) to follow any treatment plan imposed by the court under
25	AS 28.35.028;
26	(7) to comply with a program established under AS 47.38.020.
27	* Sec. 55. AS 12.30.016(c) is amended to read:
28	(c) In a prosecution charging a violation of AS 11.71 or AS 11.73, a judicial
29	officer may order the person
30	(1) to refrain from
31	(A) consuming a controlled substance; or

1	(B) possessing on the person, in the person's residence, or in
2	any vehicle or other property over which the person has control, a controlled
3	substance or drug paraphernalia;
4	(2) to submit to a search without a warrant of the person, the person's
5	personal property, the person's residence, or any vehicle or other property over which
6	the person has control, for the presence of a controlled substance or drug paraphernalia
7	by a peace officer or pretrial services officer who has reasonable suspicion that the
8	person is violating the terms of the person's release by possessing controlled
9	substances or drug paraphernalia;
10	(3) to enroll in a random drug testing program, at the person's expense,
11	with testing to occur not less than once a week, or to submit to random drug
12	testing by the pretrial services office in the Department of Corrections to detect
13	the presence of a controlled substance, [WITH TESTING TO OCCUR NOT LESS
14	THAN ONCE A WEEK, AND] with the results being submitted to the court and the
15	prosecuting authority;
16	(4) to refrain from entering or remaining in a place where a controlled
17	substance is being used, manufactured, grown, or distributed;
18	(5) to refrain from being physically present at, within a two-block area
19	of, or within a designated area near, the location where the alleged offense occurred or
20	at other designated places, unless the person actually resides within that area;
21	(6) to refrain from the use or possession of an inhalant; or
22	(7) to comply with a program established under AS 47.38.020.
23	* Sec. 56. AS 12.30.021(a) is amended to read:
24	(a) In addition to other conditions imposed under AS 12.30.011 or 12.30.016,
25	a judicial officer may appoint a third-party custodian if the officer finds, on the
26	record, that
27	(1) pretrial supervision under AS 33.07 is not available in the
28	person's location;
29	(2) no secured appearance or performance bonds have been
30	ordered; and
31	(3) no other conditions of release or combination of conditions can

1	[THE APPOINTMENT WILL, SINGLY OR IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER						
2	CONDITIONS,] reasonably <b>ensure</b> [ASSURE] the person's appearance and the safety						
3	of the victim, other persons, and the community.						
4	* Sec. 57. AS 12.30.021(c) is amended to read:						
5	(c) A judicial officer may not appoint a person as a third-party custodian if						
6	(1) the proposed custodian is acting as a third-party custodian for						
7	another person;						
8	(2) the proposed custodian has been convicted in the previous three						
9	years of a crime under AS 11.41 or a similar crime in this or another jurisdiction;						
10	(3) criminal charges are pending in this state or another jurisdiction						
11	against the proposed custodian;						
12	(4) the proposed custodian is on probation in this state or another						
13	jurisdiction for an offense;						
14	(5) there is a reasonable probability that the state will call the						
15	proposed custodian [MAY BE CALLED] as a witness in the prosecution of the						
16	person;						
17	(6) the proposed custodian resides out of state; however, a nonresident						
18	may serve as a custodian if the nonresident resides in the state while serving as						
19	custodian.						
20	* Sec. 58. AS 12.30.055 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:						
21	(b) A person who is in custody in connection with a petition to revoke						
22	probation for a technical violation of probation under AS 12.55.110 shall be released						
23	after the person has served the maximum number of days that the court could impose						
24	on the person for a technical violation of probation under AS 12.55.110.						
25	* Sec. 59. AS 12.55.011 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:						
26	(b) At the time of sentencing, the court shall provide the victim with a form						
27	that						
28	(1) provides information on						
29	(A) whom the victim should contact if the victim has questions						
30	about the sentence or release of the offender;						
31	(B) the potential for release of the offender on furlough,						

1	probation, or parole or for good time credit; and
2	(2) allows the victim to update the victim's contact information with
3	the court, the Victim Information and Notification Everyday service, and with the
4	Department of Corrections.
5	* Sec. 60. AS 12.55.025(a) is amended to read:
6	(a) When imposing a sentence for conviction of a felony offense or a sentence
7	of imprisonment exceeding 90 days or upon a conviction of a violation of AS 04, a
8	regulation adopted under AS 04, or an ordinance adopted in conformity with
9	AS 04.21.010, the court shall prepare, as a part of the record, a sentencing report that
10	includes the following:
11	(1) a verbatim record of the sentencing hearing and any other in-court
12	sentencing procedures;
13	(2) findings on material issues of fact and on factual questions required
14	to be determined as a prerequisite to the selection of the sentence imposed;
15	(3) a clear statement of the terms of the sentence imposed; if a term of
16	imprisonment is imposed, the statement must include
17	(A) the approximate minimum term the defendant is expected
18	to serve before being released or placed on mandatory parole if the defendant
19	is eligible for and does not forfeit good conduct deductions under
20	AS 33.20.010; and
21	(B) if applicable, the approximate minimum term of
22	imprisonment the defendant must serve before becoming eligible for release on
23	discretionary or administrative parole;
24	(4) any recommendations as to the place of confinement or the manner
25	of treatment; and
26	(5) in the case of a conviction for a felony offense, information
27	assessing
28	(A) the financial, emotional, and medical effects of the offense
29	on the victim;
30	(B) the need of the victim for restitution; and
31	(C) any other information required by the court.

* <b>Sec. 61.</b> AS 12.55.02	(c	) is	amended	to	read
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(c) Except as provided in (d) of this section, when a defendant is sentenced to imprisonment, the term of confinement commences on the date of imposition of sentence unless the court specifically provides that the defendant must report to serve the sentence on another date. If the court provides another date to begin the term of confinement, the court shall provide the defendant with written notice of the date, time, and location of the correctional facility to which the defendant must report. A defendant shall receive credit for time spent in custody pending trial, sentencing, or appeal, if the detention was in connection with the offense for which sentence was imposed <u>including a technical violation of probation as provided in AS 12.55.110</u>. A defendant may not receive credit for more than the actual time spent in custody pending trial, sentencing, or appeal. The time during which a defendant is voluntarily absent from official detention after the defendant has been sentenced may not be credited toward service of the sentence.

## \* **Sec. 62.** AS 12.55.027(a) is amended to read:

- (a) A court may grant a defendant credit toward a sentence of imprisonment for time spent in a treatment program that furthers the reformation and rehabilitation of the defendant if the court finds that the program places a substantial restriction on the defendant's freedom of movement and behavior and is consistent with [OR UNDER ELECTRONIC MONITORING ONLY AS PROVIDED IN] this section.
- \* **Sec. 63.** AS 12.55.027(b) is amended to read:
  - (b) A court may <u>only</u> grant <u>credit under this section</u> [A DEFENDANT ONE DAY OF CREDIT TOWARD A SENTENCE OF IMPRISONMENT FOR EACH FULL DAY THE DEFENDANT RESIDED IN THE FACILITY OF A TREATMENT PROGRAM AND OBSERVED THE RULES OF THE TREATMENT PROGRAM AND THE FACILITY IF]
  - (1) <u>in the amount of one day of credit toward a sentence of imprisonment for each full day the defendant spent in a treatment program; and [THE COURT FINDS THAT THE TREATMENT PROGRAM MEETS THE STANDARDS DESCRIBED IN (c) OF THIS SECTION;]</u>

1	(2) <u>if the court ordered</u> [BEFORE] the defendant [ENTERED THE
2	TREATMENT PROGRAM, THE COURT ORDERED THE DEFENDANT] to
3	[RESIDE IN THE FACILITY OF THE TREATMENT PROGRAM AND] participate
4	in and comply with the conditions of the treatment program before the defendant
5	entered the program [AS A CONDITION OF BAIL RELEASE OR A CONDITION
6	OF PROBATION; AND
7	(3) THE COURT HAS RECEIVED A WRITTEN REPORT FROM
8	THE DIRECTOR OF THE PROGRAM THAT
9	(A) STATES THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS
10	PARTICIPATED IN THE TREATMENT PLAN PRESCRIBED FOR THE
11	DEFENDANT AND HAS COMPLIED WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF
12	THE PLAN; AND
13	(B) SETS OUT THE NUMBER OF FULL DAYS THE
14	DEFENDANT RESIDED IN THE FACILITY OF THE TREATMENT
15	PROGRAM AND OBSERVED THE RULES OF THE TREATMENT
16	PROGRAM AND FACILITY].
17	* Sec. 64. AS 12.55.027(c) is repealed and reenacted to read:
18	(c) In granting credit toward a sentence of imprisonment for time spent in a
19	treatment program, a court shall consider the following factors:
20	(1) the restrictions on the defendant's freedom of movement and
21	behavior;
22	(2) the circumstances under which the defendant was enrolled in the
23	program;
24	(3) the residency requirements of the program;
25	(4) the physical custody and supervision of the defendant at the
26	program;
27	(5) the circumstances under which the defendant is permitted to leave
28	the program's facility;
29	(6) the rules of the program and the requirement that the defendant
30	obey the orders of persons who have immediate custody or control over the defendant;
31	(7) the sanctions on the defendant for violating the program's rules or

1	orders;
2	(8) whether the defendant is subject to arrest for leaving the program's
3	facility without permission;
4	(9) the use of an electronic monitoring device;
5	(10) whether the program provides substance abuse treatment;
6	(11) the use of other technology that monitors or restricts the
7	defendant's movement and behavior;
8	(12) other factors that support the court's finding that the program
9	places a substantial restriction on the defendant's freedom of movement and behavior;
10	(13) other factors that support the court's finding that the program
11	furthers the reformation and rehabilitation of the defendant.
12	* Sec. 65. AS 12.55.027 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
13	(f) To qualify as a treatment program under this section, a program must
14	(1) be intended to address criminogenic traits or behaviors;
15	(2) provide measures of progress or completion; and
16	(3) require notification to the pretrial service office or probation officer
17	if the person is discharged from the program for noncompliance.
18	(g) A court granting credit against a sentence of imprisonment under (d) of
19	this section may grant credit of not more than 360 days against a total term of
20	imprisonment imposed for
21	(1) a felony crime against a person under AS 11.41;
22	(2) a crime involving domestic violence as defined in AS 18.66.990;
23	(3) a sex offense as defined in AS 12.63.100;
24	(4) an offense under AS 11.71 involving the delivery of a controlled
25	substance to a person under 19 years of age;
26	(5) burglary in the first degree under AS 11.46.300; or
27	(6) arson in the first degree under AS 11.46.400.
28	* Sec. 66. AS 12.55.051(a) is amended to read:
29	(a) If the defendant defaults in the payment of a fine or any installment or of
30	restitution or any installment, the court may order the defendant to show cause why
31	the defendant should not be sentenced to imprisonment for nonpayment and, if the

payment was made a condition of the defendant's probation, may revoke the probation of the defendant <u>subject to the limits set out in AS 12.55.110</u>. In a contempt or probation revocation proceeding brought as a result of failure to pay a fine or restitution, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant was unable to pay despite having made continuing good faith efforts to pay the fine or restitution. If the court finds that the defendant was unable to pay despite having made continuing good faith efforts, the defendant may not be imprisoned solely because of the inability to pay. If the court does not find that the default was attributable to the defendant's inability to pay despite having made continuing good faith efforts to pay the fine or restitution, the court may order the defendant imprisoned <u>subject to the limits set out in AS 12.55.110</u> [UNTIL THE ORDER OF THE COURT IS SATISFIED]. A term of imprisonment imposed under this section may not exceed one day for each \$50 of the unpaid portion of the fine or restitution or one year, whichever is shorter. Credit shall be given toward satisfaction of the order of the court for every day a person is incarcerated for nonpayment of a fine or restitution.

## \* **Sec. 67.** AS 12.55.055(a) is amended to read:

- (a) The court may order a defendant convicted of an offense to perform community work as a condition of probation, a suspended sentence, [OR] suspended imposition of sentence, **or suspended entry of judgment,** or in addition to any fine or restitution ordered. If the defendant is sentenced to imprisonment, the court may recommend to the Department of Corrections that the defendant perform community work.
- \* **Sec. 68.** AS 12.55.055(c) is amended to read:
  - (c) The court may offer a defendant convicted of an offense the option of performing community work in lieu of a fine, surcharge, or portion of a fine or surcharge if the court finds the defendant is unable to pay the fine. The value of community work in lieu of a fine is **the state's minimum wage for each** [\$3 PER] hour.
- \* Sec. 69. AS 12.55.055 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
  - (g) The court may not
  - (1) offer a defendant convicted of an offense the option of serving jail

1	time in lieu of performing uncompleted community work previously ordered by the
2	court; or
3	(2) convert uncompleted community work hours into a sentence of
4	imprisonment.
5	(h) If a court orders community work as part of the defendant's sentence under
6	this section, the court shall provide notice to the defendant at sentencing and include
7	as a provision of the judgment that if the defendant fails to provide proof of
8	community work within 20 days after the date set by the court, the court shall convert
9	those community work hours to a fine equal to the number of uncompleted work hours
10	multiplied by the state's minimum hourly wage and issue a judgment against the
11	defendant for that amount.
12	* Sec. 70. AS 12.55 is amended by adding a new section to read:
13	Sec. 12.55.078. Suspending entry of judgment. (a) Except as provided in (f)
14	of this section, if a person is found guilty or pleads guilty to a crime, the court may,
15	with the consent of the defendant and the prosecution and without imposing or
16	entering a judgment of guilt, defer further proceedings and place the person on
17	probation. The period of probation may not exceed the applicable terms set out in
18	AS 12.55.090(c).
19	(b) The court shall impose conditions of probation for a person on probation
20	as provided in (a) of this section, which may include that the person
21	(1) abide by all local, state, and federal laws;
22	(2) not leave the state without prior consent of the court;
23	(3) pay restitution as ordered by the court; and
24	(4) obey any other conditions of probation set by the court.
25	(c) At any time during the probationary term of the person released on
26	probation, a probation officer may, without warrant or other process, rearrest the
27	person so placed in the officer's care and bring the person before the court, or the court
28	may, in its discretion, issue a warrant for the rearrest of the person. The court may
29	revoke and terminate the probation if the court finds that the person placed upon
30	probation is
31	(1) violating the conditions of probation;

1	(2) engaging in criminal practices; or
2	(3) violating an order of the court to participate in or comply with the
3	treatment plan of a rehabilitation program under AS 12.55.015(a)(10).
4	(d) If the court finds that the person has successfully completed probation, the
5	court shall, at the end of the probationary period set by the court, or at any time after
6	the expiration of one year from the date of the original probation, discharge the person
7	and dismiss the proceedings against the person.
8	(e) If the court finds that the person has violated the conditions of probation
9	ordered by the court, the court may revoke and terminate the person's probation, enter
10	judgment on the person's previous plea or finding of guilt, and pronounce sentence at
11	any time within the maximum probation period authorized by this section.
12	(f) The court may not suspend the imposition or entry of judgment and may
13	not defer prosecution under this section of a person who
14	(1) is convicted of a violation of AS 11.41.100 - 11.41.220, 11.41.260
15	- 11.41.320, 11.41.360 - 11.41.370, 11.41.410 - 11.41.530, AS 11.46.400,
16	AS 11.61.125 - 11.61.128, or AS 11.66.110 - 11.66.135;
17	(2) uses a firearm in the commission of the offense for which the
18	person is convicted;
19	(3) has previously been granted a suspension of judgment under this
20	section or a similar statute in another jurisdiction, unless the court enters written
21	findings that by clear and convincing evidence the person's prospects for rehabilitation
22	are high and suspending judgment under this section adequately protects the victim of
23	the offense, if any, and the community;
24	(4) is convicted of a violation of AS 11.41.230 - 11.41.250 or a felony
25	and the person has one or more prior convictions for a misdemeanor violation of
26	AS 11.41 or for a felony or for a violation of a law in this or another jurisdiction
27	having similar elements to an offense defined as a misdemeanor in AS 11.41 or as a
28	felony in this state; for the purposes of this paragraph, a person shall be considered to
29	have a prior conviction even if
30	(A) the charges were dismissed under this section;
31	(B) the conviction has been set aside under AS 12.55.085; or

1	(C) the charge of conviction was distrissed of set aside under
2	an equivalent provision of the laws of another jurisdiction; or
3	(5) has been convicted of a crime involving domestic violence, as
4	defined by AS 18.66.990.
5	* Sec. 71. AS 12.55.090(b) is amended to read:
6	(b) Except as otherwise provided in (f) of this section, the court may revoke or
7	modify any condition of probation, [OR MAY] change the period of probation, or
8	terminate probation and discharge the defendant from probation.
9	* Sec. 72. AS 12.55.090(c) is amended to read:
10	(c) The period of probation, together with any extension, may not exceed
11	(1) <u>15</u> [25] years for a felony sex offense; [OR]
12	(2) 10 years for an unclassified felony under AS 11;
13	(3) five years for a felony offense not listed in (1) or (2) of this
14	subsection;
15	(4) three years for a misdemeanor offense
16	(A) under AS 11.41;
17	(B) that is a crime involving domestic violence; or
18	(C) that is a sex offense, as that term is defined in
19	<u>AS 12.63.100;</u>
20	(5) two years for a misdemeanor offense under AS 28.35.030 or
21	28.35.032, if the person has previously been convicted of an offense under
22	AS 28.35.030 or 28.35.032, or a similar law or ordinance of this or another
23	jurisdiction; or
24	(6) one year for an offense not listed in (1) - (5) of this subsection
25	[ANY OTHER OFFENSE].
26	* <b>Sec. 73.</b> AS 12.55.090(f) is amended to read:
27	(f) Unless the defendant and the prosecuting authority agree at the probation
28	revocation proceeding or other proceeding related to a probation violation, the
29	person qualifies for a reduction under AS 33.05.020(h) or a probation officer
30	recommends to the court that probation be terminated and the defendant be
31	discharged from probation under (g) of this section or AS 33.05.040, the court may

1	not reduce the specific period of probation [,] or the specific term of suspended
2	incarceration except by the amount of incarceration imposed for a probation violation,
3	if
4	(1) the sentence was imposed in accordance with a plea agreement
5	under Rule 11, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure; and
6	(2) the agreement required a specific period of probation or a specific
7	term of suspended incarceration.
8	* Sec. 74. AS 12.55.090 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
9	(g) A probation officer shall recommend to the court that probation be
10	terminated and a defendant be discharged from probation if the defendant
11	(1) has completed at least one year on probation;
12	(2) has completed all treatment programs required as a condition of
13	probation;
14	(3) has not been found in violation of conditions of probation by the
15	court for at least one year;
16	(4) is currently in compliance with all conditions of probation for all of
17	the cases for which the person is on probation; and
18	(5) has not been convicted of an unclassified felony offense, a sexual
19	felony as defined by AS 12.55.185, or a crime involving domestic violence as defined
20	by AS 18.66.990.
21	(h) Before a court may terminate probation and discharge the defendant before
22	the period of probation for the offense has been completed under (g) of this section,
23	the court shall allow victims to comment in writing to the court or allow a victim to
24	give sworn testimony or make an unsworn oral presentation at a hearing held to
25	determine whether to reduce the period of probation or terminate probation and
26	discharge the defendant.
27	(i) If a probation officer recommends to the court that probation be terminated
28	and a defendant be discharged from probation under (g) of this section, and if the
29	victim has earlier requested to be notified, the Department of Corrections shall send
30	the victim notice of the recommendation under (g) of this section and inform the
31	victim of the victim's rights under this section, the deadline for receipt of written

1	comments, the hearing date, and the court's address.
2	(j) If the victim submits written comments directly to the court and the parties
3	do not otherwise have the victim statements, the court shall distribute the statements to
4	the parties.
5	(k) In deciding whether to terminate probation and discharge the defendan
6	from probation under (g) of this section, the court shall consider the victim's
7	comments, testimony, or unsworn oral presentation, when relevant, and any response
8	by the prosecuting attorney and defendant.
9	(1) If a victim desires notice under this section, the victim shall maintain a
10	current, valid mailing address on file with the commissioner of corrections. The
11	commissioner shall send the notice to the victim's last known address. The victim's
12	address may not be disclosed to the defendant or the defendant's attorney.
13	(m) The court shall discharge the defendant from probation upon completion
14	of the period of probation. The period of probation is considered to be completed
15	when the combination of time served and credits earned under AS 33.05.020 is equal
16	to the probation period imposed, or after the probationer has been discharged from
17	probation under this section.
18	(n) In this section, "sex offense" has the meaning given in AS 12.63.100.
19	* <b>Sec. 75.</b> AS 12.55.100(a) is amended to read:
20	(a) While on probation and among the conditions of probation, the defendant
21	(1) shall be required to obey all state, federal, and local laws or
22	ordinances, and any court orders applicable to the probationer; and
23	(2) may be required
24	(A) [(1)] to pay a fine in one or several sums;
25	(B) [(2)] to make restitution or reparation to aggrieved parties
26	for actual damages or loss caused by the crime for which conviction was had
27	including compensation to a victim that is a nonprofit organization for the
28	value of labor or goods provided by volunteers if the labor or goods were
29	necessary to alleviate or mitigate the effects of the defendant's crime; when
30	determining the amount of actual damages or loss under this subparagraph
31	[PARAGRAPH], the court shall value property as the market value of the

1	property at the time and place of the crime or, if the market value cannot
2	reasonably be ascertained, the cost of the replacement of the property within a
3	reasonable time after the crime;
4	(C) [(3)] to provide for the support of any persons for whose
5	support the defendant is legally responsible;
6	(D) [(4)] to perform community work in accordance with
7	AS 12.55.055;
8	(E) [(5)] to participate in or comply with the treatment plan of
9	an inpatient or outpatient rehabilitation program specified by either the court or
10	the defendant's probation officer that is related to the defendant's offense or to
11	the defendant's rehabilitation;
12	(F) [(6)] to satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral, and
13	program requirements of an agency authorized by the court to make referrals
14	for rehabilitative treatment or to provide rehabilitative treatment;
15	(G) [AND (7)] to comply with a program established under
16	AS 47.38.020 <u>; and</u>
17	(H) to comply with the sanctions imposed by the
18	defendant's probation officer under AS 33.05.020(g).
19	* <b>Sec. 76.</b> AS 12.55.100(c) is amended to read:
20	(c) A program of inpatient treatment may be required by the authorized
21	agency under $(a)(2)(F)$ [(a)(6)] of this section only if authorized in the judgment, and
22	may not exceed the maximum term of inpatient treatment specified in the judgment. A
23	person who has been referred for inpatient treatment may make a written request to the
24	sentencing court asking the court to review the referral. The request for review shall be
25	made within seven days after [OF] the agency's referral, and shall specifically set out
26	the grounds on [UPON] which the request for review is based. The court may order a
27	hearing on the request for review.
28	* Sec. 77. AS 12.55.110 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
29	(c) If a defendant is serving a period of probation for an offense, the court may
30	find that the defendant has committed a technical violation of probation. If the court
31	finds that a defendant has committed a technical violation of probation that does not

1	include absconding, the court may remstate the term of probation with appropriate
2	conditions or impose a sentence of imprisonment of not more than
3	(1) three days for the first probation revocation;
4	(2) five days for the second probation revocation;
5	(3) 10 days for the third probation revocation; or
6	(4) the remainder of the suspended portion of the sentence for a fourth
7	or subsequent probation revocation.
8	(d) If the court revokes a person's probation for absconding, the court may
9	impose a period of imprisonment not to exceed 30 days.
10	(e) The limits set out in this section on the length of imprisonment for a
11	revocation do not apply if a probationer is enrolled in a program established under
12	AS 33.05.020(f).
13	(f) If the defendant is ordered to complete treatment under
14	AS 12.55.100(a)(2)(E) and does not comply with the court's order, the court may order
15	the defendant to show cause why the defendant should not be sentenced to
16	imprisonment for noncompletion of treatment and may revoke the suspended sentence
17	subject to the limits established in this section. In a contempt or probation revocation
18	proceeding brought as a result of failure to complete treatment, it is an affirmative
19	defense that the defendant was unable to afford the cost of treatment or secure a place
20	in a free treatment program, despite having made continuing good faith efforts. If the
21	court finds that the defendant was unable to complete treatment despite having made
22	continuing good faith efforts, the defendant may not be imprisoned solely because of
23	an inability to pay. If the court does not find that the noncompletion of treatment was
24	attributable to the defendant's inability to pay, the court may order the defendant
25	imprisoned subject to the limits established in this section.
26	(g) Notwithstanding (c) of this section, a court may not find a technical
27	violation under this section if a person convicted of a sex offense, as described in
28	AS 12.63.100, violates a condition of probation provided in AS 12.55.100(e).
29	(h) In this section,
30	(1) "absconding" means failing to report within five working days after
31	release from custody under AS 33.20.030 or failing to report for a scheduled meeting

1	with a probation officer, as ordered by the court or as directed by the probation officer,
2	and failing to make contact with the probation officer within 30 days following the
3	missed meeting;
4	(2) "technical violation" means a violation of the conditions of
5	probation that does not constitute
6	(A) a new criminal offense;
7	(B) failing to complete sex offender treatment; or
8	(C) failing to complete an intervention program for batterers.
9	* Sec. 78. AS 12.55.115 is amended to read:
10	Sec. 12.55.115. Fixing eligibility for discretionary or administrative parole
11	at sentencing. The court may, as part of a sentence of imprisonment, further restrict
12	the eligibility of a prisoner for discretionary or administrative parole for a term
13	greater than that required under AS 33.16.089, 33.16.090, [AS 33.16.090] and
14	33.16.100.
15	* Sec. 79. AS 12.55.125(a) is amended to read:
16	(a) A defendant convicted of murder in the first degree or murder of an unborn
17	child under AS 11.41.150(a)(1) shall be sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment
18	of at least 30 [20] years but not more than 99 years. A defendant convicted of murder
19	in the first degree shall be sentenced to a mandatory term of imprisonment of 99 years
20	when
21	(1) the defendant is convicted of the murder of a uniformed or
22	otherwise clearly identified peace officer, firefighter, or correctional employee who
23	was engaged in the performance of official duties at the time of the murder;
24	(2) the defendant has been previously convicted of
25	(A) murder in the first degree under AS 11.41.100 or former
26	AS 11.15.010 or 11.15.020;
27	(B) murder in the second degree under AS 11.41.110 or former
28	AS 11.15.030; or
29	(C) homicide under the laws of another jurisdiction when the
30	offense of which the defendant was convicted contains elements similar to first
31	degree murder under AS 11.41.100 or second degree murder under

1	AS 11.41.110;
2	(3) the defendant subjected the murder victim to substantial physical
3	torture;
4	(4) the defendant is convicted of the murder of and personally caused
5	the death of a person, other than a participant, during a robbery; or
6	(5) the defendant is a peace officer who used the officer's authority as a
7	peace officer to facilitate the murder.
8	* Sec. 80. AS 12.55.125(b) is amended to read:
9	(b) A defendant convicted of attempted murder in the first degree, solicitation
10	to commit murder in the first degree, conspiracy to commit murder in the first degree,
11	kidnapping, or misconduct involving a controlled substance in the first degree shall be
12	sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment of at least five years but not more than
13	99 years. A defendant convicted of murder in the second degree or murder of an
14	unborn child under AS 11.41.150(a)(2) - (4) shall be sentenced to a definite term of
15	imprisonment of at least 15 [10] years but not more than 99 years. A defendant
16	convicted of murder in the second degree shall be sentenced to a definite term of
17	imprisonment of at least 20 years but not more than 99 years when the defendant is
18	convicted of the murder of a child under 16 years of age and the court finds by clear
19	and convincing evidence that the defendant (1) was a natural parent, a stepparent, an
20	adoptive parent, a legal guardian, or a person occupying a position of authority in
21	relation to the child; or (2) caused the death of the child by committing a crime against
22	a person under AS 11.41.200 - 11.41.530. In this subsection, "legal guardian" and
23	"position of authority" have the meanings given in AS 11.41.470.
24	* Sec. 81. AS 12.55.125(c) is amended to read:
25	(c) Except as provided in (i) of this section, a defendant convicted of a class A
26	felony may be sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment of not more than 20 years,
27	and shall be sentenced to a definite term within the following presumptive ranges,
28	subject to adjustment as provided in AS 12.55.155 - 12.55.175:
29	(1) if the offense is a first felony conviction and does not involve
30	circumstances described in (2) of this subsection, <b>three</b> [FIVE] to <b>six</b> [EIGHT] years;
31	(2) if the offense is a first felony conviction

1	(A) and the defendant possessed a firearm, used a dangerous
2	instrument, or caused serious physical injury or death during the commission
3	of the offense, or knowingly directed the conduct constituting the offense at a
4	uniformed or otherwise clearly identified peace officer, firefighter, correctional
5	employee, emergency medical technician, paramedic, ambulance attendant, or
6	other emergency responder who was engaged in the performance of official
7	duties at the time of the offense, <b>five</b> [SEVEN] to <b>nine</b> [11] years;
8	(B) and the conviction is for manufacturing related to
9	methamphetamine under AS 11.71.020(a)(2)(A) or (B), seven to 11 years, if
10	(i) the manufacturing occurred in a building with
11	reckless disregard that the building was used as a permanent or
12	temporary home or place of lodging for one or more children under 18
13	years of age or the building was a place frequented by children; or
14	(ii) in the course of manufacturing or in preparation for
15	manufacturing, the defendant obtained the assistance of one or more
16	children under 18 years of age or one or more children were present;
17	(3) if the offense is a second felony conviction, <b>eight</b> [10] to <b>12</b> [14]
18	years;
19	(4) if the offense is a third felony conviction and the defendant is not
20	subject to sentencing under $(l)$ of this section, $\underline{13}$ [15] to 20 years.
21	* Sec. 82. AS 12.55.125(d) is amended to read:
22	(d) Except as provided in (i) of this section, a defendant convicted of a class B
23	felony may be sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment of not more than 10 years,
24	and shall be sentenced to a definite term within the following presumptive ranges,
25	subject to adjustment as provided in AS 12.55.155 - 12.55.175:
26	(1) if the offense is a first felony conviction and does not involve
27	circumstances described in (2) of this subsection, zero [ONE] to two [THREE] years;
28	a defendant sentenced under this paragraph may, if the court finds it appropriate, be
29	granted a suspended imposition of sentence under AS 12.55.085 [IF, AS A
30	CONDITION OF PROBATION UNDER AS 12.55.086, THE DEFENDANT IS
31	REQUIRED TO SERVE AN ACTIVE TERM OF IMPRISONMENT WITHIN THE

1	RANGE SPECIFIED IN THIS PARAGRAPH, UNLESS THE COURT FINDS
2	THAT A MITIGATION FACTOR UNDER AS 12.55.155 APPLIES];
3	(2) if the offense is a first felony conviction,
4	(A) the defendant violated AS 11.41.130, and the victim was
5	(i) a child under 16 years of age, two to four years; or
6	(ii) was 16 years of age or older, one to three years;
7	(B) two to four years if the conviction is for an attempt,
8	solicitation, or conspiracy to manufacture related to methamphetamine under
9	AS 11.31 and AS 11.71.020(a)(2)(A) or (B), and
10	(i) the attempted manufacturing occurred, or the
11	solicited or conspired offense was to have occurred, in a building with
12	reckless disregard that the building was used as a permanent or
13	temporary home or place of lodging for one or more children under 18
14	years of age or the building was a place frequented by children; or
15	(ii) in the course of an attempt to manufacture, the
16	defendant obtained the assistance of one or more children under 18
17	years of age or one or more children were present;
18	(3) if the offense is a second felony conviction, <u>two</u> [FOUR] to <u>five</u>
19	[SEVEN] years;
20	(4) if the offense is a third felony conviction, <b>four</b> [SIX] to 10 years.
21	* <b>Sec. 83.</b> AS 12.55.125(e) is amended to read:
22	(e) Except as provided in (i) of this section, a defendant convicted of a class C
23	felony may be sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment of not more than five
24	years, and shall be sentenced to a definite term within the following presumptive
25	ranges, subject to adjustment as provided in AS 12.55.155 - 12.55.175:
26	(1) if the offense is a first felony conviction and does not involve
27	circumstances described in (4) of this subsection, probation, with a suspended term
28	of imprisonment of zero to 18 months [TWO YEARS]; a defendant sentenced under
29	this paragraph may, if the court finds it appropriate, be granted a suspended imposition
30	of sentence under AS 12.55.085 [, AND THE COURT MAY, AS A CONDITION OF
31	PROBATION UNDER AS 12.55.086, REQUIRE THE DEFENDANT TO SERVE

1	AN ACTIVE TERM OF IMPRISONMENT WITHIN THE RANGE SPECIFIED IN
2	THIS PARAGRAPH];
3	(2) if the offense is a second felony conviction, one to three [TWO
4	TO FOUR] years;
5	(3) if the offense is a third felony conviction, two [THREE] to five
6	years;
7	(4) if the offense is a first felony conviction, and the defendant violated
8	(A) AS 08.54.720(a)(15), one to two years:
9	(B) AS $28.35.030(n)(1)(A)$ or $28.35.032(p)(1)(A)$ , $120$ days to
10	239 days;
11	(C) AS $28.35.030(n)(1)(B)$ or $28.35.032(p)(1)(B)$ , $240$ days to
12	<u>359 days;</u>
13	(D) AS $28.35.030(n)(1)(C)$ or $23.35.032(p)(1)(C)$ , $360$ days to
14	two years.
15	* <b>Sec. 84.</b> AS 12.55.135(a) is amended to read:
16	(a) A defendant convicted of a class A misdemeanor may be sentenced to a
17	definite term of imprisonment of not more than
18	(1) one year, if the
19	(A) conviction is for a crime with a mandatory minimum
20	term of 30 days or more of active imprisonment;
21	(B) trier of fact finds the aggravating factor that the
22	conduct constituting the offense was among the most serious conduct
23	included in the definition of the offense;
24	(C) defendant has past criminal convictions for conduct
25	violative of criminal laws, punishable as felonies or misdemeanors, similar
26	in nature to the offense for which the defendant is being sentenced;
27	(D) conviction is for an assault in the fourth degree; or
28	(E) conviction is for a violation of
29	<u>(i) AS 11.41.427;</u>
30	(ii) AS 11.41.440;
31	(iii) AS 11.41.460, if the indecent exposure is before

1	a person under 10 years of age; or
2	(iv) AS 11.61.118(a)(2);
3	(2) 30 days.
4	* Sec. 85. AS 12.55.135(b) is amended to read:
5	(b) A defendant convicted of a class B misdemeanor may be sentenced to a
6	definite term of imprisonment of not more than
7	(1) 10 [90] days unless otherwise specified in the provision of law
8	defining the offense or in this section;
9	(2) 90 days if the conviction is for a violation of
10	(A) AS $11.61.116(c)(1)$ and the person is 21 years of age or
11	older; or
12	(B) AS 11.61.120(a)(6) and the person is 21 years of age or
13	<u>older</u> .
14	* Sec. 86. AS 12.55.135 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
15	(l) A court sentencing a person convicted of theft in the fourth degree under
16	AS 11.46.150, concealment of merchandise under AS 11.46.220(c)(3), removal of
17	identification marks under AS 11.46.260(b)(3), unlawful possession under
18	AS 11.46.270(b)(3), issuing a bad check under AS 11.46.280(d)(4), or criminal
19	simulation under AS 11.46.530(b)(3) may not impose
20	(1) a sentence of more than five days of suspended imprisonment and a
21	term of probation of more than six months if the person has previously been convicted
22	two or more times of an offense under AS 11.46.110 - 11.46.220, 11.46.260 -
23	11.46.290, 11.46.360 or 11.46.365, or a law or ordinance of this or another jurisdiction
24	with substantially similar elements; or
25	(2) a sentence of active or suspended imprisonment if the person has
26	not been previously convicted, or has previously been convicted once, of an offense
27	under AS 11.46.110 - 11.46.220, 11.46.260 - 11.46.290, 11.46.360 or 11.46.365, or a
28	law or ordinance of this or another jurisdiction with substantially similar elements.
29	(m) A court may not impose a sentence of imprisonment for a definite term of
30	more than 24 hours for a person convicted of disorderly conduct under AS 11.61.110.
31	(n) A court sentencing a person convicted of misconduct involving a

1	controlled substance in the fourth degree under AS 11.71.050(a)(4) or misconduct
2	involving a controlled substance in the fifth degree under AS 11.71.060(a)(2) may not
3	impose
4	(1) a sentence of active imprisonment, unless the person has previously
5	been convicted more than once of an offense under AS 11.71 or a law of this or
6	another jurisdiction with elements substantially similar to an offense under AS 11.71;
7	or
8	(2) a sentence of suspended imprisonment greater than
9	(A) 30 days, if the defendant has not been previously convicted
10	of an offense under AS 11.71 or a law of this or another jurisdiction with
11	elements substantially similar to an offense under AS 11.71; or
12	(B) 180 days, if the person has been previously convicted of an
13	offense under AS 11.71 or a law of this or another jurisdiction with elements
14	substantially similar to an offense under AS 11.71.
15	(o) If an aggravating factor is a necessary element of the present offense, that
16	factor may not be used to impose a sentence above the high end of the range.
17	(p) If the state seeks to establish an aggravating factor at sentencing
18	(1) under (a)(1)(C) of this section, written notice must be served on the
19	opposing party and filed with the court not later than 10 days before the date set for
20	imposition of sentence; the aggravating factor in (a)(1)(C) of this section must be
21	established by clear and convincing evidence before the court sitting without a jury; all
22	findings must be set out with specificity;
23	(2) an aggravating factor under (a)(1)(B) of this section shall be
24	presented to a trial jury under procedures set by the court, unless the defendant waives
25	trial by jury, stipulates to the existence of the factor, or consents to have the factor
26	proven under procedures set out in (1) of this subsection; an aggravating factor
27	presented to a jury is established if proved beyond a reasonable doubt; written notice
28	of the intent to establish an aggravating factor must be served on the defendant and
29	filed with the court
30	(A) not later than 10 days before trial or at a time specified by
31	the court;

1	(B) not later than 48 hours, or at a time specified by the court,
2	if the court instructs the jury about the option to return a verdict for a lesser
3	included offense; or
4	(C) not later than five days before entering a plea that results in
5	a finding of guilt or at a time specified by the court unless the defendant
6	waives the notice requirement.
7	* <b>Sec. 87.</b> AS 12.61.015(a) is amended to read:
8	(a) If a victim of a felony or a crime involving domestic violence requests, the
9	prosecuting attorney shall make a reasonable effort to
10	(1) confer with the person against whom the offense has been
11	perpetrated about that person's testimony before the defendant's trial;
12	(2) in a manner reasonably calculated to give prompt actual notice,
13	notify the victim
14	(A) of the defendant's conviction and the crimes of which the
15	defendant was convicted;
16	(B) of the victim's right in a case that is a felony to make a
17	written or oral statement for use in preparation of the defendant's presentence
18	report, and of the victim's right to appear personally at the defendant's
19	sentencing hearing to present a written statement and to give sworn testimony
20	or an unsworn oral presentation;
21	(C) of the address and telephone number of the office that will
22	prepare the presentence report; and
23	(D) of the time and place of the sentencing proceeding;
24	(3) notify the victim in writing of the final disposition of the case
25	within 30 days after final disposition of the case;
26	(4) confer with the victim [OF A CRIME INVOLVING DOMESTIC
27	VIOLENCE] concerning a proposed plea agreement before entering into an
28	agreement;
29	(5) inform the victim of a pending motion that may substantially delay
30	the prosecution and inform the court of the victim's position on the motion; in this
31	paragraph, a "substantial delay" is

1	(A) for a misdemeanor, a delay of one month or longer;
2	(B) for a felony, a delay of two months or longer; and
3	(C) for an appeal, a delay of six months or longer.
4	* Sec. 88. AS 12.70.130 is amended to read:
5	Sec. 12.70.130. Arrest without warrant. The arrest of a person may also be
6	lawfully made by a peace officer or a private person without a warrant upon
7	reasonable information that the accused stands charged in the courts of another state
8	with a crime punishable by death or imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, but
9	when arrested the accused must be taken before a judge or magistrate without
10	unnecessary delay and, in any event, within 24 [48] hours after arrest, absent
11	compelling circumstances, including Sundays and holidays, and complaint shall be
12	made against the accused under oath setting out the ground for the arrest as ir
13	AS 12.70.120. The hearing before the judge or magistrate may not take place
14	more than 48 hours after arrest. Thereafter the answer of the accused shall be heard
15	as if the accused had been arrested on a warrant.
16	* Sec. 89. AS 22.35.030, added by sec. 2, ch. 1, SLA 2016, is amended to read:
17	Sec. 22.35.030. Records concerning criminal cases resulting in acquittal or
18	dismissal. The Alaska Court System may not publish a court record of a criminal case
19	on a publicly available website if 60 days have elapsed from the date of acquittal or
20	dismissal and
21	(1) the defendant was acquitted of all charges filed in the case;
22	(2) all criminal charges against the defendant in the case have been
23	dismissed and were not dismissed as part of a plea agreement in another criminal case
24	under Rule 11, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure; [OR]
25	(3) the defendant was acquitted of some of the criminal charges in the
26	case and the remaining charges were dismissed; or
27	(4) all criminal charges against the defendant in the case have been
28	dismissed after a suspended entry of judgment under AS 12.55.078.
29	* Sec. 90. AS 28.15.165 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
30	(e) A person whose driver's license, privilege to drive, or privilege to obtain a
31	license has been revoked under this section as a result of a refusal to submit to a

1	chemical test authorized under AS 28.35.031(a) or (g) or a similar municipal
2	ordinance or a chemical test administered under AS 28.35.031(a) or (g) or a similar
3	municipal ordinance in which the test produced a result described in
4	AS 28.35.030(a)(2) may request that the department rescind the revocation. The
5	department shall rescind a revocation under this subsection if the department finds that
6	the person has supplied proof in a form satisfactory to the department that
7	(1) the person has been acquitted of driving while under the influence
8	under AS 28.35.030, refusal to submit to a chemical test under AS 28.35.032, or a
9	similar municipal ordinance for the incident on which the revocation was based; or
10	(2) all criminal charges against the person for driving while under the
11	influence under AS 28.35.030 or a similar municipal ordinance and refusing to submit
12	to a chemical test under AS 28.35.032 or a similar municipal ordinance in relation to
13	the incident on which the revocation is based have been dismissed without prejudice.
14	* Sec. 91. AS 28.15.201 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
15	(g) Notwithstanding (d) of this section, a court revoking a driver's license,
16	privilege to drive, or privilege to obtain a license under AS 28.15.181(c), or the
17	department when revoking a driver's license, privilege to drive, or privilege to obtain a
18	license under AS 28.15.165(c), may grant limited license privileges if
19	(1) the revocation was for a felony conviction under AS 28.35.030;
20	(2) the person is participating in and has successfully participated for
21	at least six months in, or has successfully completed, a court-ordered treatment
22	program under AS 28.35.028, and submits verification acceptable to the department;
23	(3) the person provides proof of insurance as required by AS 28.20.230
24	and 28.20.240;
25	(4) the person is required to use an ignition interlock device during the
26	period of the limited license whenever the person operates a motor vehicle in a
27	community not included in the list published by the department under
28	AS 28.22.011(b) and, when applicable,
29	(A) the person provides proof of installation of the ignition
30	interlock device on every vehicle the person operates;
31	(B) the person signs an affidavit acknowledging that

1	(i) operation by the person of a vehicle that is not
2	equipped with an ignition interlock device is subject to penalties for
3	driving with a revoked license;
4	(ii) circumventing or tampering with the ignition
5	interlock device is a class A misdemeanor; and
6	(iii) the person is required to maintain the ignition
7	interlock device throughout the period of the limited license, to keep
8	up-to-date records in each vehicle showing that any required service
9	and calibration is current, and to produce those records immediately on
10	request;
11	(5) the person has not previously been granted a limited license under
12	this section and had the license revoked under (j) of this section.
13	(h) Notwithstanding (g)(2) of this section, if a person resides in a community
14	where a court-ordered treatment program under AS 28.35.028 is not available, the
15	person shall
16	(1) provide proof to the court that the person has successfully
17	completed a rehabilitative treatment program appropriate for the person's alcohol or
18	substance abuse condition; the program must
19	(A) include planning and treatment for alcohol or drug
20	addiction;
21	(B) include emphasis on personal responsibility;
22	(C) require payment of restitution to victims and completion of
23	community work service;
24	(D) include physician-approved treatment of physical addiction
25	and treatment of the psychological causes of addiction; and
26	(E) include a monitoring program and physical placement or
27	housing in communities where the court finds that a monitoring program and
28	placement or housing is available;
29	(2) provide proof by clear and convincing evidence to the court that the
30	person is currently sober and has maintained sobriety for a period of at least 18
31	months; and

1	(3) provide written notice to the district attorney's office of the person's
2	request for a limited license under this section.
3	(i) A person is not entitled to court-appointed counsel under (h) of this section.
4	(j) The court or the department may immediately revoke a limited license
5	granted under (g) of this section if the person is convicted of a violation of
6	AS 28.35.030 or 28.35.032 or a similar law or ordinance of this or another jurisdiction
7	or if the person is not in compliance with a court-ordered treatment program under
8	AS 28.35.028 or a rehabilitative treatment program under (h) of this section.
9	* Sec. 92. AS 28.15.291(a) is repealed and reenacted to read:
10	(a) A person commits the crime of driving while license canceled, suspended,
11	revoked, or in violation of a limitation if the person drives
12	(1) a motor vehicle on a highway or vehicular way or area at a time
13	when that person's driver's license, privilege to drive, or privilege to obtain a license
14	has been canceled, suspended, or revoked under circumstances described in
15	AS 28.15.181(c) or a similar law in another jurisdiction;
16	(2) a motor vehicle on a highway or vehicular way or area at a time
17	when that person's driver's license, privilege to drive, or privilege to obtain a license
18	has been canceled, suspended, or revoked under circumstances other than those
19	described in (1) of this subsection; or
20	(3) in violation of a limitation placed on that person's license or
21	privilege to drive in this or another jurisdiction.
22	* Sec. 93. AS 28.15.291(b) is repealed and reenacted to read:
23	(b) Driving while license canceled, suspended, revoked, or in violation of a
24	limitation is
25	(1) a class A misdemeanor if the person violates (a)(1) of this section;
26	upon conviction the court shall impose a minimum sentence of imprisonment of not
27	less than 10 days
28	(A) with 10 days suspended if the person has not been
29	previously convicted under (a)(1) of this section or a similar law of another
30	jurisdiction; or
31	(B) if the person has been previously convicted under (a)(1) of

this section or a similar law in another jurisdiction;

(2) an infraction if the person violates (a)(2) or (3) of this section.

\* **Sec. 94.** AS 28.35.028(b) is amended to read:

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(b) Once the court elects to proceed under this section, the defendant shall enter a no contest or guilty plea to the offense or shall admit to a probation violation, as appropriate. The state and the defendant may enter into a plea agreement to determine the offense or offenses to which the defendant is required to plead. If the court accepts the agreement, the court shall enforce the terms of the agreement. The court shall enter a judgment of conviction for the offense or offenses for which the defendant has pleaded or an order finding that the defendant has violated probation, as appropriate. A judgment of conviction or an order finding a probation violation must set a schedule for payment of restitution owed by the defendant. In a judgment of conviction and on probation conditions that the court considers appropriate, the court may withhold pronouncement of a period of imprisonment or a fine to provide an incentive for the defendant to complete recommended treatment successfully. Imprisonment or a fine imposed by a court shall comply with AS 12.55 or any mandatory minimum or other sentencing provision applicable to the offense. However, notwithstanding Rule 35, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure, and any other provision of law, the court, at any time after the period when a reduction of sentence is normally available, may consider and reduce the defendant's sentence, including imprisonment, fine, or license revocation, based on the defendant's compliance with the treatment plan; when reducing a sentence, the court (1) may not reduce the sentence below the mandatory minimum sentence for the offense unless the court finds that the defendant has successfully complied with and completed the treatment plan and that the treatment plan approximated the severity of the minimum period of imprisonment, and (2) may consider the defendant's compliance with the treatment plan as a mitigating factor allowing a reduction of a sentence under AS 12.55.155(a). A court entering an order finding the defendant has violated probation may withhold pronouncement of disposition to provide an incentive for the defendant to complete the recommended treatment successfully.

\* **Sec. 95.** AS 28.35.030(k) is amended to read:

(k) Imprisonment required under (b)(1)(A) of this section shall be served [AT A COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL CENTER OR by electronic monitoring at a private residence under AS 33.30.065. If [A COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL CENTER OR] electronic monitoring [AT A PRIVATE RESIDENCE] is not available, imprisonment required under (b)(1)(A) of this section shall [MAY] be served at a private residence by other means determined by the commissioner of corrections ANOTHER APPROPRIATE PLACE DETERMINED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CORRECTIONS]. Imprisonment required under (b)(1)(B) - (F) of this section may be served at a community residential center or at a private residence if approved by the commissioner of corrections. Imprisonment served at a private residence must include electronic monitoring under AS 33.30.065 or, if electronic monitoring is not available, by other means as determined by the commissioner of corrections. The cost of imprisonment resulting from the sentence imposed under (b)(1) of this section shall be paid to the state by the person being sentenced. The [PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE cost of imprisonment required to be paid under this subsection may not exceed \$2,000. Upon the person's conviction, the court shall include the costs of imprisonment as a part of the judgment of conviction. Except for reimbursement from a permanent fund dividend as provided in this subsection, payment of the cost of imprisonment is not required if the court determines the person is indigent. For costs of imprisonment that are not paid by the person as required by this subsection, the state shall seek reimbursement from the person's permanent fund dividend as provided under AS 43.23.065. [WHILE AT THE COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL CENTER OR OTHER APPROPRIATE PLACE, A PERSON SENTENCED UNDER (b)(1)(A) OF THIS SECTION SHALL PERFORM AT LEAST 24 HOURS OF COMMUNITY SERVICE WORK.] A person sentenced under (b)(1)(B) of this section shall perform at least 160 hours of community service work, as required by the director of the community residential center or other appropriate place, or as required by the commissioner of corrections if the sentence is being served at a private residence. In this subsection, "appropriate place" means a facility with 24-hour on-site staff supervision that is specifically adapted to provide a residence, and includes a correctional center, residential treatment facility, hospital,

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1	halfway house, group home, work farm, work camp, or other place that provides
2	varying levels of restriction.
3	* <b>Sec. 96.</b> AS 28.35.030( <i>l</i> ) is amended to read:
4	(1) The commissioner of corrections shall determine and prescribe by
5	regulation a uniform average cost of imprisonment for the purpose of determining the
6	cost of imprisonment required to be paid under (k) of this section by a convicted
7	person. The regulations must include the costs associated with electronic
8	monitoring under AS 33.30.065.
9	* <b>Sec. 97.</b> AS 28.35.030(o) is amended to read:
10	(o) Upon request, the department shall review a driver's license revocation
11	imposed under (n)(3) of this section and
12	(1) may restore the driver's license if
13	(A) [(1)] the license has been revoked for a period of at least 10
14	years;
15	(B) [(2)] the person has not been convicted of a driving-
16	<u>related</u> criminal offense since the license was revoked; and
17	(C) [(3)] the person provides proof of financial responsibility:
18	(2) shall restore the driver's license if
19	(A) the person has been granted limited license privileges
20	under AS 28.15.201(g) and has successfully driven under that limited
21	license for three years without having the limited license privileges
22	revoked;
23	(B) the person has successfully completed a court-ordered
24	treatment program under AS 28.35.028 or a rehabilitative treatment
25	<u>program under AS 28.15.201(h);</u>
26	(C) the person has not been convicted of a violation of
27	AS 28.35.030 or 28.35.032 or a similar law or ordinance of this or another
28	jurisdiction since the license was revoked;
29	(D) the person is otherwise eligible to have the person's
30	driving privileges restored as provided in AS 28.15.211; in an application
31	under this subsection, a person whose license was revoked for a violation

## of AS 28.35.030(n) or 28.35.032(p) is not required to submit compliance as required under AS 28.35.030(h) or 28.35.032(l); and

(E) the person provides proof of financial responsibility.

\* **Sec. 98.** AS 28.35.032(o) is amended to read:

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(o) Imprisonment required under (g)(1)(A) of this section shall be served at a private residence by electronic monitoring under AS 33.30.065. If electronic monitoring [AT A COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL CENTER, OR IF A COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL CENTER] is not available, imprisonment under (g)(1)(A) of this section shall be served at a private residence by other means as determined by the commissioner of corrections [AT ANOTHER APPROPRIATE PLACE DETERMINED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF CORRECTIONS]. Imprisonment required under (g)(1)(B) - (F) of this section may be served at a community residential center or at a private residence if approved by the commissioner of corrections. Imprisonment served at a private residence must include electronic monitoring under AS 33.30.065 or, if electronic monitoring is not available, shall be served by other means as determined by the commissioner of corrections. The cost of imprisonment resulting from the sentence imposed under (g)(1) of this section shall be paid to the state by the person being sentenced. The [PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE] cost of imprisonment required to be paid under this subsection may not exceed \$2,000. Upon the person's conviction, the court shall include the costs of imprisonment as a part of the judgment of conviction. Except for reimbursement from a permanent fund dividend as provided in this subsection, payment of the cost of imprisonment is not required if the court determines the person is indigent. For costs of imprisonment that are not paid by the person as required by this subsection, the state shall seek reimbursement from the person's permanent fund dividend as provided under AS 43.23.065. [WHILE AT THE COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL CENTER OR OTHER APPROPRIATE PLACE, A PERSON SENTENCED UNDER (g)(1)(A) OF THIS SECTION SHALL PERFORM AT LEAST 24 HOURS OF COMMUNITY SERVICE WORK.] A person sentenced under (g)(1)(B) of this section shall perform at least 160 hours of community service work, as required by the director of the community residential center or other

1	appropriate place, or as required by the commissioner of corrections if the sentence is
2	being served at a private residence. In this subsection, "appropriate place" means a
3	facility with 24-hour on-site staff supervision that is specifically adapted to provide a
4	residence, and includes a correctional center, residential treatment facility, hospital,
5	halfway house, group home, work farm, work camp, or other place that provides
6	varying levels of restriction.
7	* <b>Sec. 99.</b> AS 29.10.200(21) is amended to read:
8	(21) AS 29.25.070(e) and (g) (penalties) [(NOTICES OF CERTAIN
9	CIVIL ACTIONS)];
10	* Sec. 100. AS 29.25.070(a) is amended to read:
11	(a) For the violation of an ordinance, a municipality may by ordinance
12	prescribe a penalty not to exceed a fine of \$1,000 and imprisonment for 90 days.
13	except as limited by (g) of this section. For a violation that cannot result in
14	incarceration or the loss of a valuable license, a municipality may allow disposition of
15	the violation without court appearance and establish a schedule of fine amounts for
16	each offense.
17	* Sec. 101. AS 29.25.070 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
18	(g) If a municipality prescribes a penalty for a violation of a municipal
19	ordinance, including a violation under (a) of this section, and there is a comparable
20	state offense under AS 11 or AS 28 with elements that are similar to the municipal
21	ordinance, the municipality may not impose a greater punishment than that imposed
22	for a violation of the state law. This subsection applies to home rule and general law
23	municipalities.
24	* Sec. 102. AS 33.05.020 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
25	(g) The commissioner shall establish an administrative sanction and incentive
26	program to facilitate a swift and effective response to a probationer's compliance with
27	or violation of the conditions of probation. The commissioner shall adopt regulations
28	to implement the program. At a minimum, the regulations must include
29	(1) a decision-making process to guide probation officers in

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determining the suitable response to positive and negative offender behavior that

includes a list of sanctions for the most common types of negative behavior, including

1	technical violations of conditions of probation, and a fist of incentives for compitance
2	with conditions and positive behavior that exceeds those conditions;
3	(2) policies and procedures that ensure
4	(A) a process for responding to negative behavior that includes
5	a review of previous violations and sanctions;
6	(B) that enhanced sanctions for certain negative conduct are
7	approved by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee; and
8	(C) that appropriate due process protections are included in the
9	process, including notice of negative behavior, an opportunity to dispute the
10	accusation and the sanction, and an opportunity to request a review of the
11	accusation and the sanction.
12	(h) The commissioner shall establish by regulation a program allowing
13	probationers to earn credits for complying with the conditions of probation. The
14	credits earned reduce the period of probation. Nothing in this subsection prohibits the
15	department from recommending to the court the early discharge of the probationer as
16	provided in AS 33.30. At a minimum, the regulations must
17	(1) require that a probationer earn a credit of 30 days for each 30-day
18	period served in which the defendant complied with the conditions of probation;
19	(2) include policies and procedures for
20	(A) calculating and tracking credits earned by probationers;
21	(B) reducing the probationer's period of probation based on
22	credits earned by the probationer; and
23	(C) notifying a victim under AS 33.30.013.
24	* <b>Sec. 103.</b> AS 33.05.040 is amended to read:
25	Sec. 33.05.040. Duties of probation officers. A probation officer shall
26	(1) furnish to each probationer under the supervision of the officer a
27	written statement of the conditions of probation and shall instruct the probationer
28	regarding the same;
29	(2) keep informed concerning the conduct and condition of each
30	probationer under the supervision of the officer and shall report on the probationer to
31	the court placing <b>the</b> [SUCH] person on probation;

1	(3) use all suitable methods, not inconsistent with the conditions
2	imposed by the court, to aid probationers and to bring about improvements in their
3	conduct and condition;
4	(4) keep records of the probation work, including administrative
5	sanctions and incentives the probation officer imposes under AS 33.05.020(g),
6	keep accurate and complete accounts of all money collected from persons under the
7	supervision of the officer, give receipts for money collected and make at least monthly
8	returns of it, make the reports to the court and the commissioner required by them, and
9	perform other duties the court may direct;
10	(5) perform the [SUCH] duties with respect to persons on parole as the
11	commissioner shall request [,] and, in that [SUCH] service, shall be termed a parole
12	officer <u>:</u>
13	(6) use administrative sanctions and incentives developed under
14	AS 33.05.020(g) to respond to a probationer's negative and positive behavior,
15	including responses to technical violations of conditions of probation, in a way
16	that is intended to interrupt negative behavior in a swift, certain, and
17	proportional manner and support progress with a recognition of positive
18	behavior;
19	(7) upon determining that a probationer under the supervision of
20	the officer meets the requirements of AS 12.55.090(g), recommend to the court as
21	soon as practicable that probation be terminated and the probationer be
22	discharged from probation; and
23	(8) for each probationer who owes restitution and who is under the
24	supervision of the officer, create a restitution payment schedule based on the
25	probationer's income and ability to pay if the court has not already set a
26	restitution payment schedule.
27	* Sec. 104. AS 33.05.080 is amended by adding a new paragraph to read:
28	(3) "administrative sanctions and incentives" means responses by a
29	probation officer to a probationer's compliance with or violation of the conditions of
30	probation under AS 33.05.020(g).
31	* Sec. 105. AS 33 is amended by adding a new chapter to read:

1	Chapter 07. Pretrial Services Program.
2	Sec. 33.07.010. Pretrial services program; establishment. The commissioner
3	shall establish and administer a pretrial services program that provides a pretrial risk
4	assessment for all defendants, recommendations to the court concerning pretrial
5	release decisions, and supervision of defendants released while awaiting trial as
6	ordered by the court.
7	Sec. 33.07.020. Duties of commissioner; pretrial services. The commissioner
8	shall
9	(1) appoint and make available to the superior court and district court
10	qualified pretrial services officers;
11	(2) fix pretrial services officers' salaries;
12	(3) assign pretrial services officers to each judicial district;
13	(4) provide for the necessary supervision, training, expenses, including
14	clerical services, and travel of pretrial services officers;
15	(5) approve a risk assessment instrument that is objective,
16	standardized, and developed based on analysis of empirical data and risk factors
17	relevant to pretrial failure, that evaluates the likelihood of failure to appear in court
18	and the likelihood of rearrest during the pretrial period, and that is validated on the
19	state's pretrial population; and
20	(6) adopt regulations in consultation with the Department of Law, the
21	public defender, the Department of Public Safety, the office of victims' rights, and the
22	Alaska Court System, consistent with this chapter and as necessary to implement the
23	program; the regulations must include a process for pretrial services officers to make a
24	recommendation to the court concerning a pretrial release decision and guidelines for
25	pretrial diversion recommendations.
26	Sec. 33.07.030. Duties of pretrial services officers. (a) Pretrial services
27	officers shall, in advance of a first appearance before a judicial officer under
28	AS 12.30, conduct a pretrial risk assessment on the defendant using an instrument
29	approved by the commissioner for the purpose of making a recommendation to the
30	court concerning an appropriate pretrial release decision and conditions of release. In
31	conducting a pretrial risk assessment and making a recommendation to the court, the

department shall follow the decision-making process established by regulation under
this chapter. The pretrial risk assessment shall be completed and presented to the court
in a pretrial release report that contains a risk assessment rating of low, moderate, or
high and a recommendation regarding release and release conditions, including a
recommendation concerning a defendant's dependency on, abuse of, or addiction to
alcohol or controlled substances, to the extent those factors are indicated by the
offense or criminal history, before the defendant's first appearance before a judicial
officer

- (b) A pretrial services officer shall make a recommendation under (a) of this section for pretrial release to the court based on factors that include the results of a pretrial risk assessment, the offense charged, and the least restrictive condition or conditions that will reasonably ensure the appearance of the person in court and the safety of the victim, other persons, and the community. If the offense or criminal history of a defendant identifies that a dependency on, abuse of, or addiction to alcohol or controlled substances is a factor in the defendant's offense, the pretrial services officer shall include that identified fact in the report to the court and to the attorneys. The recommendation must take into account
  - (1) the defendant's risk rating;

- (2) the appropriateness for release on the defendant's own recognizance or upon the execution of an unsecured appearance bond, unsecured performance bond, or both; and
- (3) the appropriateness of nonmonetary release conditions permitted under AS 12.30.011, 12.30.016, 12.30.021, and 12.30.027 and supervision of those conditions by a pretrial services officer for defendants who are recommended for release.
- (c) A pretrial services officer shall recommend for release on personal recognizance, upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond, or upon execution of an unsecured performance bond, with nonmonetary conditions as appropriate, if a defendant is charged with
  - (1) a misdemeanor, unless that misdemeanor is
- (A) a crime involving domestic violence, as defined in

1	AS 18.66.990;
2	(B) a crime against the person under AS 11.41;
3	(C) an offense under AS 11.56.730 or 11.56.757;
4	(2) a class C felony unless that felony is
5	(A) a crime involving domestic violence, as defined in
6	AS 18.66.990;
7	(B) a crime against the person under AS 11.41;
8	(C) an offense under AS 11.56.730;
9	(3) an offense under AS 28.35.030 or 28.35.032, if the defendant has
10	been assessed as being low or moderate risk on the pretrial risk assessment.
11	(d) A pretrial services officer shall recommend release on personal
12	recognizance, upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond, or upon execution of
13	an unsecured performance bond, with nonmonetary conditions as appropriate, unless
14	the pretrial services officer finds
15	(1) by substantial evidence that no nonmonetary conditions of release
16	in combination with release on personal recognizance or upon execution of unsecured
17	bond can reasonably ensure public safety and appearance in court; and
18	(2) the defendant has been charged with
19	(A) an offense under AS 28.35.030 or 28.35.032, and the
20	offender has been assessed as high risk under a pretrial risk assessment;
21	(B) an offense under AS 11.56.730 or 11.56.757, and the
22	offender has been assessed as low to moderate risk under a pretrial risk
23	assessment; or
24	(C) any other offense, and the defendant has been assessed as
25	being low risk under a pretrial risk assessment.
26	(e) A pretrial services officer may recommend release on personal
27	recognizance, upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond, or upon execution of
28	an unsecured performance bond, with nonmonetary conditions as appropriate, for a
29	defendant not otherwise recommended for release under (c) or (d) of this section.
30	(f) A pretrial services officer may supervise a defendant released while
31	awaiting trial, imposing the least restrictive level of supervision that will reasonably

1	ensure the appearance of the person in court and the safety of the victim, other
2	persons, and the community, and prioritizing higher levels of supervision for a
3	defendant accused of serious charges or assessed as moderate or high risk under a
4	pretrial risk assessment. The commissioner may, in accordance with AS 36.30,
5	procure and enter into agreements or contracts for the supervision of defendants on
6	electronic monitoring during the pretrial period.
7	(g) A pretrial services officer may
8	(1) recommend pretrial diversion to the court and parties before
9	adjudication in accordance with the guidelines established by the commissioner under
10	AS 33.07.020(6);
11	(2) arrest, without a warrant, a defendant who has been released while
12	awaiting trial if the officer has probable cause to believe the defendant has committed
13	an offense under AS 11.56.730 or 11.56.757 or has violated the defendant's release
14	conditions;
15	(3) refer interested defendants for substance abuse screening,
16	assessment, and treatment on a voluntary basis and assist any defendant whose offense
17	or criminal history identified a dependency on, abuse of, or addiction to alcohol or
18	controlled substances with accessing and obtaining appropriate treatment in the
19	community to address those needs;
20	(4) recommend that a defendant charged with an offense involving the
21	use of alcohol or controlled substances comply with a program established under
22	AS 47.38.020; and
23	(5) coordinate with community-based organizations and tribal courts
24	and councils to develop and expand pretrial diversion options.
25	Sec. 33.07.040. Pretrial services officers as officers of court. All pretrial
26	services officers shall be available to the superior and district courts and shall be
27	officers of the court.
28	Sec. 33.07.090. Definitions. In this chapter,
29	(1) "commissioner" means the commissioner of corrections;
30	(2) "program" means the pretrial services program.
31	* <b>Sec. 106.</b> AS 33.16.010(c) is amended to read:

1	(c) A prisoner who is not eligible for <b>special medical, administrative, or</b>
2	discretionary parole, or who is not released on special medical, administrative, or
3	discretionary parole, shall be released on mandatory parole for the term of good time
4	deductions credited under AS 33.20, if the term or terms of imprisonment are two
5	years or more.
6	* Sec. 107. AS 33.16.010(d) is amended to read:
7	(d) A prisoner released on special medical, administrative, discretionary, or
8	mandatory parole is subject to the conditions of parole imposed under AS 33.16.150.
9	Parole may be revoked under AS 33.16.220.
10	* Sec. 108. AS 33.16.010 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
11	(f) A prisoner eligible under AS 33.16.089 shall be released on administrative
12	parole by the board of parole.
13	* Sec. 109. AS 33.16.060(a) is amended to read:
14	(a) The board shall
15	(1) serve as the parole authority for the state;
16	(2) [UPON RECEIPT OF AN APPLICATION,] consider the
17	suitability for parole of a prisoner who is eligible for discretionary parole at least 90
18	days before the prisoner's first date of eligibility and upon receipt of the
19	prisoner's application for special medical [OR DISCRETIONARY] parole;
20	(3) impose parole conditions on all prisoners released under special
21	medical, administrative, discretionary, or mandatory parole;
22	(4) under AS 33.16.210, discharge a person from parole when custody
23	is no longer required;
24	(5) maintain records of the meetings and proceedings of the board;
25	(6) recommend to the governor and the legislature changes in the law
26	administered by the board;
27	(7) recommend to the governor or the commissioner changes in the
28	practices of the department and of other departments of the executive branch
29	necessary to facilitate the purposes and practices of parole;
30	(8) upon request of the governor, review and recommend applicants
31	for executive clemency; and

1	(9) execute other responsionlines prescribed by law.
2	* Sec. 110. AS 33.16 is amended by adding a new section to read:
3	Sec. 33.16.089. Eligibility for administrative parole. (a) A prisoner
4	convicted of a misdemeanor or a class B or C felony that is not a sex offense as
5	defined in AS 12.63.100 or an offense under AS 11.41 who has not been previously
6	convicted of a felony in this or another jurisdiction and who has been sentenced to ar
7	active term of imprisonment of at least 181 days shall be released on administrative
8	parole by the board without a hearing if
9	(1) the prisoner has served the greater of
10	(A) one-fourth of the active term of imprisonment imposed;
11	(B) the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment imposed; or
12	(C) a term of imprisonment imposed under AS 12.55.115;
13	(2) the prisoner is not excluded from eligibility for administrative
14	parole by court order;
15	(3) the prisoner has agreed to and signed the conditions of parole under
16	AS 33.16.150;
17	(4) the victim does not request a hearing to consider issues of public
18	safety under AS 33.16.120; and
19	(5) the prisoner has met the requirements of the case plan, including
20	completing programming in the case plan, under AS 33.30.011(8).
21	(b) If a prisoner who is eligible for discretionary parole under AS 33.16.090
22	does not meet the criteria for release on administrative parole under (a) of this section
23	the board shall consider the prisoner for discretionary parole.
24	(c) If a victim makes a request at least 60 days before the prisoner's earliest
25	parole eligibility date for a hearing under AS 33.16.120, the board shall conduct the
26	hearing not later than 30 days before the prisoner's earliest parole eligibility date. The
27	board may release or deny release of a prisoner on administrative parole after the
28	hearing.
29	(d) The board shall send notice to the victim at least 90 days before the
30	prisoner's earliest parole eligibility date and provide instructions on how to request a
31	hearing under AS 33.16.120.

1	* Sec. 111. AS 33.16.090(a) is amended to read:
2	(a) A prisoner sentenced to an active term of imprisonment of at least 181
3	days and who has not been released on administrative parole as provided in
4	AS 33.16.089 may, in the discretion of the board, be released on discretionary parole
5	if the prisoner
6	(1) has served the amount of time specified under (b) of this section,
7	except that
8	(A) [(1)] a prisoner sentenced to one or more mandatory 99-
9	year terms under AS 12.55.125(a) or one or more definite terms under
10	AS $12.55.125(l)$ is not eligible for consideration for discretionary parole;
11	(B) [(2)] a prisoner is not eligible for consideration of
12	discretionary parole if made ineligible by order of a court under AS 12.55.115;
13	(C) [(3)] a prisoner imprisoned under AS 12.55.086 is not
14	eligible for discretionary parole unless the actual term of imprisonment is more
15	than one year; or
16	(2) is at least 60 years of age, has served at least 10 years of a
17	sentence for one or more crimes in a single judgment, and has not been convicted
18	of an unclassified felony or a sexual felony as defined in AS 12.55.185.
19	* Sec. 112. AS 33.16.090(b) is amended to read:
20	(b) A prisoner eligible under $(a)(1)$ [(a)] of this section who is sentenced
21	(1) to a single sentence under AS 12.55.125(a) or (b) may not be
22	released on discretionary parole until the prisoner has served the mandatory minimum
23	term under AS 12.55.125(a) or (b), one-third of the active term of imprisonment
24	imposed, or any term set under AS 12.55.115, whichever is greatest;
25	(2) to a single sentence within or below a presumptive range set out in
26	AS 12.55.125(i)(1) and (2) [AS 12.55.125(c), (d)(2) - (4), (e)(3) AND (4), OR (i)],
27	and has not been allowed by the three-judge panel under AS 12.55.175 to be
28	considered for discretionary parole release, may not be released on discretionary
29	parole until the prisoner has served the term imposed, less good time earned under
30	AS 33.20.010;
31	(3) to a single sentence under <b>AS 12.55.125(i)</b> [AS 12.55.125(c), (d)(2)

1	- (4), (e)(3) AND (4), OR (1)], and has been anowed by the three-judge panel under
2	AS 12.55.175 to be considered for discretionary parole release during the second half
3	of the sentence, may not be released on discretionary parole until
4	(A) the prisoner has served that portion of the active term of
5	imprisonment required by the three-judge panel; and
6	(B) in addition to the factors set out in AS 33.16.100(a), the
7	board determines that
8	(i) the prisoner has successfully completed all
9	rehabilitation programs ordered by the three-judge panel that were
10	made available to the prisoner; and
11	(ii) the prisoner would not constitute a danger to the
12	public if released on parole;
13	(4) to a single enhanced sentence under AS 12.55.155(a) that is above
14	the applicable presumptive range may not be released on discretionary parole until the
15	prisoner has served the greater of the following:
16	(A) an amount of time, less good time earned under
17	AS 33.20.010, equal to the upper end of the presumptive range plus one-fourth
18	of the amount of time above the presumptive range; or
19	(B) any term set under AS 12.55.115;
20	(5) to a single sentence under any other provision of law may not be
21	released on discretionary parole until the prisoner has served at least one-fourth of the
22	active term of imprisonment, any mandatory minimum sentence imposed under any
23	provision of law, or any term set under AS 12.55.115, whichever is greatest;
24	(6) to concurrent sentences may not be released on discretionary parole
25	until the prisoner has served the greatest of
26	(A) any mandatory minimum sentence or sentences imposed
27	under any provision of law;
28	(B) any term set under AS 12.55.115; or
29	(C) the amount of time that is required to be served under (1) -
30	(5) of this subsection for the sentence imposed for the primary crime, had that
31	been the only sentence imposed;

1	(7) to consecutive of partially consecutive sentences may not be
2	released on discretionary parole until the prisoner has served the greatest of
3	(A) the composite total of any mandatory minimum sentence or
4	sentences imposed under any provision of law, including AS 12.55.127;
5	(B) any term set under AS 12.55.115; or
6	(C) the amount of time that is required to be served under (1)
7	(5) of this subsection for the sentence imposed for the primary crime, had that
8	been the only sentence imposed, plus one-quarter of the composite total of the
9	active term of imprisonment imposed as consecutive or partially consecutive
10	sentences imposed for all crimes other than the primary crime:
11	(8) to a single sentence under AS 12.55.125(i)(3) and (4), and has
12	not been allowed by the three-judge panel under AS 12.55.175 to be considered
13	for discretionary parole release, may not be released on discretionary parole until
14	the prisoner has served, after a deduction for good time earned under
15	AS 33.20.010, one-half of the active term of imprisonment imposed.
16	* <b>Sec. 113.</b> AS 33.16.100(a) is amended to read:
17	(a) The board may authorize the release of a prisoner convicted of an
18	unclassified felony who is otherwise eligible under AS 12.55.115 and
19	AS 33.16.090(a)(1) on discretionary parole if it determines a reasonable probability
20	exists that
21	(1) the prisoner will live and remain at liberty without violating any
22	laws or conditions imposed by the board;
23	(2) the prisoner's rehabilitation and reintegration into society will be
24	furthered by release on parole;
25	(3) the prisoner will not pose a threat of harm to the public if released
26	on parole; and
27	(4) release of the prisoner on parole would not diminish the
28	seriousness of the crime.
29	* <b>Sec. 114.</b> AS 33.16.100(b) is amended to read:
30	(b) If the board finds a change in circumstances in a prisoner's <b>preparole</b>
31	reports listed in AS 33.16.110(a) [PAROLE RELEASE PLAN SUBMITTED

1	UNDER AS 33.16.130(a)], or discovers new information concerning a prisoner who			
2	has been granted a parole release date, the board may rescind or revise the previous			
3	granted parole release date. In reconsidering the release date, the procedures set out			
4	AS 33.16.130 [AS 33.16.130(b) AND (c)] shall be followed.			
5	* Sec. 115. AS 33.16.100 is amended by adding new subsections to read:			
6	(f) The board shall authorize the release of a prisoner who has been convicted			
7	of a class A, class B, or class C felony, or a misdemeanor, who is eligible for parole			
8	under AS 12.55.115 and AS 33.16.090, has met the requirement of a case plan created			
9	under AS 33.30.011(8), has agreed to and signed the condition of parole under			
10	AS 33.16.150, and has not been released on administrative parole under AS 33.16.089			
11	unless the board finds by clear and convincing evidence on the record that the prisoner			
12	poses a threat of harm to the public if released on parole. If the board finds that the			
13	incomplete case plan is not the fault of the prisoner or that the prisoner would not pose			
14	a threat of harm to the public if released on parole, the board may waive the case plan			
15	requirement.			
16	(g) When considering a prisoner for release on discretionary parole under			
17	AS 33.16.090(a)(2), the board may release a prisoner if, taking into consideration the			
18	prisoner's likelihood of recidivism given the prisoner's age, criminal history, behavior			
19	in prison, participation in treatment, and plans for reentering the community, a			
20	reasonable probability exists that			
21	(1) the prisoner will live and remain at liberty without violating any			
22	laws or conditions imposed by the board;			
23	(2) the prisoner's rehabilitation and reintegration into society will be			
24	furthered by release on parole;			
25	(3) the prisoner will not pose a threat of harm to the public if released			
26	on parole; and			
27	(4) release of the prisoner on parole would not diminish the			
28	seriousness of the crime.			
29	* Sec. 116. AS 33.16.110(a) is amended to read:			
30	(a) In determining whether a prisoner is suitable for discretionary parole, the			
31	board shall consider the preparole reports including			

1	(1) the presentence report made to the sentencing court;
2	(2) the recommendations made by the sentencing court, by the
3	prosecuting attorney, and by the defense attorney, and any statements made by the
4	victim or the prisoner at sentencing;
5	(3) the prisoner's institutional conduct history while incarcerated;
6	(4) recommendations made by the staff of the correctional facilities in
7	which the prisoner was incarcerated;
8	(5) reports of prior crimes, juvenile histories, and previous experiences
9	of the prisoner on parole or probation;
10	(6) physical, mental, and psychiatric examinations of the prisoner;
11	(7) information submitted by the prisoner, the sentencing court, the
12	victim of the crime, the prosecutor, or other persons having knowledge of the prisoner
13	or the crime;
14	(8) information concerning an unjustified disparity in the sentence
15	imposed on a prisoner in relation to other sentences imposed under similar
16	circumstances;
17	(9) the case plan created under AS 33.30.011(8) for the prisoner,
18	including a compliance report on the case plan;
19	(10) a reentry plan created under AS 33.30.011(9); and
20	(11) [AND (9)] other relevant information that may be reasonably
21	available.
22	* Sec. 117. AS 33.16.120(a) is amended to read:
23	(a) If the victim of a crime against a person or arson in the first degree
24	requests notice of a scheduled hearing to review or consider discretionary parole for a
25	prisoner convicted of that crime, the board shall send notice of the hearing to the
26	victim at least 30 days before the hearing. The notice must be accompanied by a copy
27	of the prisoner's parole plan submitted to the board [APPLICATION FOR
28	PAROLE SUBMITTED UNDER AS 33.16.130(a)]. However, the copy of the parole
29	plan [APPLICATION] sent to the victim may not include the prisoner's confidential
30	health information, information protected under AS 33.16.170, proposed
31	residence, or [AND] employment addresses.

* Sec. 118. A	AS 33.16	6.120(f) i	is amended	to read:

(f) Upon request of the victim, if a prisoner is released under AS 33.16.010(c), 33.16.089, or 33.16.090, the board shall make every reasonable effort to notify the victim before the prisoner's release date. Notification under this subsection must include the expected date of the prisoner's release, the geographic area in which the prisoner is required to reside, and other pertinent information concerning the prisoner's conditions of parole that may affect the victim.

# \* **Sec. 119.** AS 33.16.120(g) is amended to read:

under AS 11.41.110 - 11.41.427 shall be informed by the board at least 30 days in advance of a scheduled hearing to review or consider [DISCRETIONARY] parole for a prisoner. The board shall inform the victim of any decision to grant or deny [DISCRETIONARY] parole or to release the prisoner under AS 33.16.010(c). If the prisoner is to be released, the victim shall be notified of the expected date of the release, the geographic area in which the prisoner will reside, and any other information concerning conditions of parole that may affect the victim. The victim shall also be informed of any changes in the conditions of parole that may affect the victim. The board shall send the notice required to the last known address of the victim. A person may not bring a civil action for damages for a failure to comply with the provisions of this subsection.

### \* Sec. 120. AS 33.16.120 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(h) A victim who has a right to notice under (a) of this section may request a hearing before a prisoner is released on administrative parole under AS 33.16.089. The notice to the victim must include the procedure and time frame for requesting a hearing.

## \* Sec. 121. AS 33.16.130 is repealed and reenacted to read:

**Sec. 33.16.130. Parole procedures.** (a) The parole board shall hold a hearing before granting an eligible prisoner special medical or discretionary parole. The board shall also hold a hearing if requested by a victim under procedures established for the request for a prisoner eligible for administrative parole. A hearing shall be conducted within the following time frames:

1	(1) for prisoners eligible under AS 33.16.100(a) or (f), not less than 90
2	days before the first parole eligibility date, unless the prisoner is eligible for
3	administrative parole;
4	(2) for all other prisoners, not less than 30 days after the board is
5	notified of the need for a hearing by the commissioner or the commissioner's designee.
6	(b) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall furnish to the
7	prisoner a copy of the preparole reports listed in AS 33.16.110(a), and the prisoner
8	shall be permitted access to all records that the board will consider in making its
9	decision except those that are made confidential by law. The prisoner may also
10	respond in writing to all materials the board considers, be present at the hearing, and
11	present evidence to the board.
12	(c) If the board denies parole, the board shall state the reasons for the denial,
13	identify all of the factors considered relevant to the denial, and provide a written plan
14	for addressing all of the factors relevant to the denial. The board may schedule a
15	subsequent parole hearing at the time of the denial or at a later date as follows:
16	(1) for the first parole denial, within two years after the first parole
17	eligibility date;
18	(2) for the second and subsequent denials, within two years after the
19	most recent parole hearing.
20	(d) The board shall issue its decision in writing and provide a copy of the
21	decision to the prisoner.
22	* Sec. 122. AS 33.16.140 is amended to read:
23	Sec. 33.16.140. Order for parole. An order for parole issued by the board,
24	setting out the conditions imposed under AS 33.16.150(a) and (b) and the date parole
25	custody ends, shall be furnished to each prisoner released on special medical,
26	administrative, discretionary, or mandatory parole.
27	* Sec. 123. AS 33.16.150(a) is amended to read:
28	(a) As a condition of parole, a prisoner released on special medical,
29	administrative, discretionary, or mandatory parole
30	(1) shall obey all state, federal, or local laws or ordinances, and any
31	court orders applicable to the parolee;

1	(2) shall make diligent efforts to maintain steady employment or meet
2	family obligations;
3	(3) shall, if involved in education, counseling, training, or treatment,
4	continue in the program unless granted permission from the parole officer assigned to
5	the parolee to discontinue the program;
6	(4) shall report
7	(A) upon release to the parole officer assigned to the parolee;
8	(B) at other times, and in the manner, prescribed by the board
9	or the parole officer assigned to the parolee;
10	(5) shall reside at a stated place and not change that residence without
11	notifying, and receiving permission from, the parole officer assigned to the parolee;
12	(6) shall remain within stated geographic limits unless written
13	permission to depart from the stated limits is granted the parolee;
14	(7) may not use, possess, handle, purchase, give, distribute, or
15	administer a controlled substance as defined in AS 11.71.900 or under federal law or a
16	drug for which a prescription is required under state or federal law without a
17	prescription from a licensed medical professional to the parolee;
18	(8) may not possess or control a firearm; in this paragraph, "firearm"
19	has the meaning given in AS 11.81.900;
20	(9) may not enter into an agreement or other arrangement with a law
21	enforcement agency or officer that will place the parolee in the position of violating a
22	law or parole condition without the prior approval of the board;
23	(10) may not contact or correspond with anyone confined in a
24	correctional facility of any type serving any term of imprisonment or a felon without
25	the permission of the parole officer assigned to a parolee;
26	(11) shall agree to waive extradition from any state or territory of the
27	United States and to not contest efforts to return the parolee to the state;
28	(12) shall provide a blood sample, an oral sample, or both, when
29	requested by a health care professional acting on behalf of the state to provide the
30	sample or samples, or an oral sample when requested by a juvenile or adult
31	correctional, probation, or parole officer, or a peace officer, if the prisoner is being

1	released after a conviction of an offense requiring the state to collect the sample or
2	samples for the deoxyribonucleic acid identification system under AS 44.41.035;
3	(13) from a conviction for a sex offense shall submit to regular
4	periodic polygraph examinations; in this paragraph, "sex offense" has the meaning
5	given in AS 12.63.100.
6	* Sec. 124. AS 33.16.150(b) is amended to read:
7	(b) The board may require as a condition of special medical, administrative,
8	discretionary, or mandatory parole, or a member of the board acting for the board
9	under (e) of this section may require as a condition of administrative or mandatory
10	parole, that a prisoner released on parole
11	(1) not possess or control a defensive weapon, a deadly weapon other
12	than an ordinary pocket knife with a blade three inches or less in length, or
13	ammunition for a firearm, or reside in a residence where there is a firearm capable of
14	being concealed on one's person or a prohibited weapon; in this paragraph, "deadly
15	weapon," "defensive weapon," and "firearm" have the meanings given in
16	AS 11.81.900, and "prohibited weapon" has the meaning given in AS 11.61.200;
17	(2) refrain from possessing or consuming alcoholic beverages;
18	(3) submit to reasonable searches and seizures by a parole officer, or a
19	peace officer acting under the direction of a parole officer;
20	(4) submit to appropriate medical, mental health, or controlled
21	substance or alcohol examination, treatment, or counseling;
22	(5) submit to periodic examinations designed to detect the use of
23	alcohol or controlled substances; the periodic examinations may include testing under
24	the program established under AS 33.16.060(c);
25	(6) make restitution ordered by the court according to a schedule
26	established by the board;
27	(7) refrain from opening, maintaining, or using a checking account or
28	charge account;
29	(8) refrain from entering into a contract other than a prenuptial contract
30	or a marriage contract;
31	(9) refrain from operating a motor vehicle:

(10)	refrain from entering	g an establishment	where a	lcoholic	beverages
are served, sold, or o	otherwise dispensed;				

(11) refrain from participating in any other activity or conduct reasonably related to the parolee's offense, prior record, behavior or prior behavior, current circumstances, or perceived risk to the community, or from associating with any other person that the board determines is reasonably likely to diminish the rehabilitative goals of parole, or that may endanger the public; in the case of special medical parole, for a prisoner diagnosed with a communicable disease, comply with conditions set by the board designed to prevent the transmission of the disease.

# \* **Sec. 125.** AS 33.16.150(e) is amended to read:

(e) The board may designate a member of the board to act on behalf of the board in imposing conditions of <u>administrative or</u> mandatory parole under (a) and (b) of this section, in delegating imposition of conditions of <u>administrative or</u> mandatory parole under (c) of this section, and in setting the period of compliance with the conditions of <u>administrative or</u> mandatory parole under (d) of this section. The decision of a member of the board under this section is the decision of the board. A prisoner or parolee aggrieved by a decision of a member of the board acting for the board under this subsection may apply to the board under AS 33.16.160 for a change in the conditions of <u>administrative or</u> mandatory parole.

### \* **Sec. 126.** AS 33.16.150(f) is amended to read:

(f) In addition to other conditions of parole imposed under this section, the board may impose as a condition of special medical, **administrative**, discretionary, or mandatory parole for a prisoner serving a term for a crime involving domestic violence (1) any of the terms of protective orders under AS 18.66.100(c)(1) - (7); (2) a requirement that, at the prisoner's expense, the prisoner participate in and complete, to the satisfaction of the board, a program for the rehabilitation of perpetrators of domestic violence that meets the standards set by, and that is approved by, the department under AS 44.28.020(b); and (3) any other condition necessary to rehabilitate the prisoner. The board shall establish procedures for the exchange of information concerning the parolee with the victim and for responding to reports of nonattendance or noncompliance by the parolee with conditions imposed under this

subsection. The board may not under this subsection require a prisoner to participate in and complete a program for the rehabilitation of perpetrators of domestic violence unless the program meets the standards set by, and is approved by, the department under AS 44.28.020(b).

\* **Sec. 127.** AS 33.16.150(g) is amended to read:

- (g) In addition to other conditions of parole imposed under this section for a prisoner serving a sentence for an offense where the aggravating factor provided in AS 12.55.155(c)(29) has been proven or admitted, the board shall impose as a condition of special medical, administrative, discretionary, and mandatory parole a requirement that the prisoner submit to electronic monitoring. Electronic monitoring under this subsection must comply with AS 33.30.011(10) and provide for monitoring of the prisoner's location and movements by Global Positioning System technology. The board shall require a prisoner serving a period of parole [PROBATION] with electronic monitoring as provided under this subsection to pay all or a portion of the costs of the electronic monitoring, but only if the prisoner has sufficient financial resources to pay the costs or a portion of the costs. A prisoner subject to electronic monitoring under this subsection is not entitled to a credit for time served in a correctional facility while the defendant is on parole. In this subsection, "correctional facility" has the meaning given in AS 33.30.901.
- \* Sec. 128. AS 33.16.150 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
  - (h) In addition to other conditions of parole imposed under this section, for a prisoner serving a sentence for an offense involving the use of alcohol or controlled substances, the board may impose, as a condition of special medical, administrative, discretionary, or mandatory parole, a requirement that the prisoner comply with a program established under AS 33.16.060(c) or AS 47.38.020. The board may require a prisoner serving a period of parole and complying with a program established under AS 33.16.060(c) or AS 47.38.020 to pay all or a portion of the costs associated with the program.
- \* **Sec. 129.** AS 33.16.180 is amended to read:
  - Sec. 33.16.180. Duties of the commissioner. The commissioner shall
- 31 (1) conduct investigations of prisoners eligible for <u>administrative or</u>

1	discretionary parole, as requested by the board and as provided in this section;
2	(2) supervise the conduct of parolees;
3	(3) appoint and assign parole officers and personnel;
4	(4) provide the board, within 30 days after sentencing, information on
5	a sentenced prisoner who may be eligible for administrative parole under
6	AS 33.16.089 or discretionary parole under AS 33.16.090;
7	(5) notify the board and provide information on a prisoner 120 days
8	before the prisoner's mandatory release date, if the prisoner is to be released on [TO]
9	mandatory parole; [AND]
10	(6) maintain records, files, and accounts as requested by the board;
11	(7) prepare preparole reports under AS 33.16.110(a);
12	(8) notify the board in writing of a prisoner's compliance or
13	noncompliance with the prisoner's case plan created under AS 33.30.011(8) not
14	less than 30 days before the prisoner's next parole eligibility date or the
15	prisoner's parole hearing date, whichever is earlier;
16	(9) establish an administrative sanction and incentive program to
17	facilitate a swift and certain response to a parolee's compliance with or violation
18	of the conditions of parole and shall adopt regulations to implement the program;
19	at a minimum, the regulations must include
20	(A) a decision-making process to guide parole officers in
21	determining the suitable response to positive and negative offender
22	behavior that includes a list of sanctions for the most common types of
23	negative behavior, including technical violations of conditions of parole,
24	and a list of incentives for compliance with conditions and positive
25	behavior that exceeds those conditions;
26	(B) policies and procedures that ensure
27	(i) a process for responding to negative behavior
28	that includes a review of previous violations and sanctions;
29	(ii) that enhanced sanctions for certain negative
30	conduct are approved by the commissioner or the commissioner's
31	designee; and

1	(iii) that appropriate due process protections are
2	included in the process, including notice of negative behavior, an
3	opportunity to dispute the accusation and the sanction, and an
4	opportunity to request a review of the accusation and the sanction;
5	<u>and</u>
6	(10) within 30 days after sentencing of an offender, provide the
7	victim of a crime information on the earliest dates the offender could be released
8	on furlough, probation, or parole, including deductions or reductions for good
9	time or other good conduct incentives and the process for release, including
10	contact information for the decision-making bodies.
11	* <b>Sec. 130.</b> AS 33.16.200 is amended to read:
12	Sec. 33.16.200. Custody of parolee. Except as provided in AS 33.16.210, the
13	board retains custody of special medical, administrative, discretionary, and
14	mandatory parolees until the expiration of the maximum term or terms of
15	imprisonment to which the parolee is sentenced.
16	* <b>Sec. 131.</b> AS 33.16.210 is amended to read:
17	Sec. 33.16.210. Discharge of parolee. (a) The board may unconditionally
18	discharge a parolee from the jurisdiction and custody of the board after the parolee has
19	completed one year [TWO YEARS] of parole. A discretionary parolee with a residual
20	period of probation may, after one year [TWO YEARS] of parole, be discharged by
21	the board to immediately begin serving the residual period of probation.
22	(b) Notwithstanding (a) of this section, the board may unconditionally
23	discharge a mandatory parolee before the parolee has completed one year [TWO
24	YEARS] of parole if the parolee is serving a concurrent period of residual probation
25	under AS 33.20.040(c), and the period of residual probation and the period of
26	suspended imprisonment each equal or exceed the period of mandatory parole.
27	* Sec. 132. AS 33.16.210 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
28	(c) A parole officer shall recommend to the board early discharge for a parolee
29	who
30	(1) has completed at least one year on parole;
31	(2) has completed all treatment programs required as a condition of

2	(3) has not been found in violation of conditions of parole by the board
3	for at least one year; and
4	(4) has not been convicted of
5	(A) an unclassified felony offense under AS 11;
6	(B) a sexual felony as defined by AS 12.55.185; or
7	(C) a crime involving domestic violence as defined by
8	AS 18.66.990.
9	* Sec. 133. AS 33.16 is amended by adding a new section to read:
10	Sec. 33.16.215. Sanctions for technical violations and other violations of
11	parole. (a) If a parolee is serving a period of parole for an offense, the board may find
12	that the parolee has committed a technical violation of parole. If the board finds that a
13	parolee has committed a technical violation of parole that does not include
14	absconding, the board may reinstate the term of parole with appropriate conditions or
15	revoke parole and impose a term of imprisonment of not more than
16	(1) three days for the first parole revocation;
17	(2) five days for the second parole revocation;
18	(3) 10 days for the third parole revocation; and
19	(4) the remainder of the sentence for a fourth or subsequent parole
20	revocation.
21	(b) If the board revokes a parolee's parole for absconding, the board may
22	impose a period of imprisonment not to exceed 30 days.
23	(c) The limits on length of imprisonment the board may impose under this
24	section if the board revokes a parolee's parole do not apply if the parolee is enrolled in
25	the program established under AS 33.16.060(c).
26	(d) If the defendant is ordered to complete treatment under AS 33.16.150(a)(3)
27	and does not comply with the board's order, the board may order the parolee to show
28	cause why the board should not revoke the parole for noncompletion of treatment. In a
29	parole revocation proceeding brought as a result of failure to complete treatment, it is
30	an affirmative defense that the parolee was unable to afford the cost of treatment or
31	secure a place in a free treatment program, despite having made continuing good faith

parole;

1	efforts. If the board finds that the parolee was unable to complete treatment despite
2	having made continuing good faith efforts, the parole may not be revoked solely
3	because of an inability to pay. If the board does not find that the noncompletion of
4	treatment was attributable to the parolee's inability to pay, the board may revoke
5	parole subject to the limits established in this section.
6	(e) Notwithstanding (a) of this section, the board may not find a technical
7	violation under this section if a person convicted of a sex offense as defined in
8	AS 12.63.100 violates a special condition of parole that is similar to a probation
9	condition described in AS 12.55.100(e).
10	(f) In this section,
11	(1) "absconding" means failing to report within five working days after
12	release from custody under AS 33.20.030 or failing to report for a scheduled meeting
13	with a parole officer, as directed by the board or the parole officer, and failing to make
14	contact with the parole officer within 30 days following the missed meeting;
15	(2) "technical violation" means a violation of the conditions of parole
16	that does not constitute
17	(A) a new criminal offense;
18	(B) failing to complete sex offender treatment; or
19	(C) failing to complete an intervention program for batterers.
20	* Sec. 134. AS 33.16.220(b) is amended to read:
21	(b) Except as provided in (e) of this section, within 15 working days after the
22	arrest and incarceration of a parolee for violation of a condition of parole, other than
23	a technical violation under AS 33.16.215, the board or its designee shall hold a
24	preliminary hearing. At the preliminary hearing, the board or its designee shall
25	determine if there is probable cause to believe that the parolee violated the conditions
26	of parole and, when probable cause exists, whether the parolee should be released
27	pending a final revocation hearing. A finding of probable cause at a preliminary
28	hearing in a criminal case is conclusive proof of probable cause that a parole violation
29	occurred.
30	* <b>Sec. 135.</b> AS 33.16.220(f) is amended to read:

(f) If a parolee has had a preliminary hearing under (b) of this section, the

ΓHE] board shall hold a final revocation hearing <b>not</b> [NO] later than 120 days after a
arolee's arrest, subject to restrictions arising under AS 33.36.110 and (g) of this
ection.

\* **Sec. 136.** AS 33.16.220(i) is amended to read:

1 2

- (i) If, after the final revocation hearing, the board finds that the parolee has violated a condition of parole imposed under AS 33.16.150(a), (b), or (f), or a law or ordinance, the board may revoke all or a portion of the <u>remaining period of</u> parole <u>subject to the limits set out in AS 33.16.215</u>, or change any condition of parole. <u>A parolee's period of parole is tolled from the date of filing with the parole board of a violation report for absconding and the date of the parolee's arrest, if the parole board finds after a hearing that the parolee violated parole by absconding, as defined in AS 12.55.110(h). The board may not extend the period of parole beyond the maximum release date calculated by the department on the parolee's original sentence plus any time that has been tolled as described in this section.</u>
- \* Sec. 137. AS 33.16.220 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
  - (j) If a parolee has been arrested for a technical violation of conditions of parole, the board or its designee shall hold a final hearing within 15 working days.
- \* Sec. 138. AS 33.16.240 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
  - (h) A parolee arrested under this section for a technical violation shall be released once the parolee has served the maximum number of days that could be served for a technical violation under AS 33.16.215. Nothing in this subsection prohibits the board or its designee from releasing a parolee sooner.
  - (i) The board or its designee may impose additional conditions necessary to ensure the parolee's appearance at a hearing held under AS 33.16.220(h).
- \* Sec. 139. AS 33.16 is amended by adding a new section to read:
  - Sec. 33.16.270. Earned compliance credits. The commissioner shall establish by regulation a program allowing parolees to earn credits for complying with the conditions of parole. The earned compliance credits reduce the period of parole. Nothing in this section prohibits the department from recommending to the board the early discharge of the parolee as provided in AS 33.16. At a minimum, the regulations must

1	(1) require that a parolee earn a credit of 30 days for each 30-day
2	period served in which the parolee complied with the conditions of parole;
3	(2) include policies and procedures for
4	(A) calculating and tracking credits earned by parolees;
5	(B) reducing the parolee's period of parole based on credits
6	earned by the parolee; and notifying a victim under AS 33.30.013.
7	* Sec. 140. AS 33.16.900 is amended by adding new paragraphs to read:
8	(14) "administrative parole" means the release of a prisoner who is
9	eligible for administrative parole under AS 33.16.089 and who has satisfied the
10	criteria for release, subject to conditions imposed by the board and subject to its
11	custody and jurisdiction;
12	(15) "administrative sanctions and incentives" means responses by a
13	parole officer to a parolee's compliance with or violation of the conditions of parole
14	under AS 33.16.180.
15	* Sec. 141. AS 33.20.010(a) is amended to read:
16	(a) Notwithstanding AS 12.55.125(f)(3) and 12.55.125(g)(3), a prisoner
17	convicted of an offense against the state or a political subdivision of the state and
18	sentenced to a term of imprisonment that exceeds three days is entitled to a deduction
19	of one-third of the term of imprisonment rounded off to the nearest day if the prisoner
20	follows the rules of the correctional facility in which the prisoner is confined. A
21	prisoner is not eligible for a good time deduction if the prisoner has been sentenced
22	(1) to a mandatory 99-year term of imprisonment under
23	AS 12.55.125(a) after June 27, 1996;
24	(2) to a definite term under AS 12.55.125( <i>l</i> ); [OR]
25	(3) for a sexual felony under AS 12.55.125(i)
26	(A) and has one or more prior sexual felony convictions as
27	determined under AS 12.55.145(a)(4); or
28	(B) that is an unclassified or a class A felony; or
29	(4) to a definite term of imprisonment of not more than 10 days for
30	a technical violation of AS 12.55.110(c) or AS 33.16.215.
31	* Sec. 142. AS 33.20.010(c) is repealed and reenacted to read:

1	(c) A prisoner is entitled to a good time deduction under (a) of this section for
2	any time spent under electronic monitoring or in a residential program for treatment of
3	alcohol or drug abuse under a prerelease furlough as provided in AS 33.30.101.
4	* Sec. 143. AS 33.30.011 is amended to read:
5	Sec. 33.30.011. Duties of commissioner. The commissioner shall
6	(1) establish, maintain, operate, and control correctional facilities
7	suitable for the custody, care, and discipline of persons charged or convicted of
8	offenses against the state or held under authority of state law; each correctional facility
9	operated by the state shall be established, maintained, operated, and controlled in a
10	manner that is consistent with AS 33.30.015;
11	(2) classify prisoners;
12	(3) for persons committed to the custody of the commissioner,
13	establish programs, including furlough programs that are reasonably calculated to
14	(A) protect the public and the victims of crimes committed by
15	prisoners;
16	(B) maintain health;
17	(C) create or improve occupational skills;
18	(D) enhance educational qualifications;
19	(E) support court-ordered restitution; and
20	(F) otherwise provide for the rehabilitation and reformation of
21	prisoners, facilitating their reintegration into society;
22	(4) provide necessary
23	(A) medical services for prisoners in correctional facilities or
24	who are committed by a court to the custody of the commissioner, including
25	examinations for communicable and infectious diseases;
26	(B) psychological or psychiatric treatment if a physician or
27	other health care provider, exercising ordinary skill and care at the time of
28	observation, concludes that
29	(i) a prisoner exhibits symptoms of a serious disease or
30	injury that is curable or may be substantially alleviated; and
31	(ii) the potential for harm to the prisoner by reason of

1	delay or denial of care is substantial; and
2	(C) assessment or screening of the risks and needs of offenders
3	who may be vulnerable to harm, exploitation, or recidivism as a result of fetal
4	alcohol syndrome, fetal alcohol spectrum disorder, or another brain-based
5	disorder;
6	(5) establish minimum standards for sex offender treatment programs
7	offered to persons who are committed to the custody of the commissioner;
8	(6) provide for fingerprinting in correctional facilities in accordance
9	with AS 12.80.060; [AND]
10	(7) establish a program to conduct assessments of the risks and needs
11	of offenders sentenced to serve a term of incarceration of 30 days or more and provide
12	to the legislature, by electronic means, by January 15, 2017, and thereafter by
13	January 15, preceding the first regular session of each legislature, a report
14	summarizing the findings and results of the program; the program must include a
15	requirement for an assessment before a prisoner's release on parole, furlough, or
16	electronic monitoring from a correctional facility;
17	(8) establish a procedure that provides for each prisoner required
18	to serve an active term of imprisonment of 30 days or more a written case plan
19	<u>that</u>
20	(A) is provided to the prisoner within 90 days after
21	sentencing;
22	(B) is based on the results of the assessment of the
23	prisoner's risks and needs under (7) of this section;
24	(C) includes a requirement to follow the rules of the
25	institution;
26	(D) is modified when necessary for changes in classification.
27	housing status, medical or mental health, and resource availability;
28	(E) includes participation in programming that addresses
29	the needs identified in the assessment;
30	(9) establish a program to begin reentry planning with each
31	prisoner serving an active term of imprisonment of 90 days or more; reentry

1	planning must begin at least 90 days before release on furlough or probation or
2	parole; the reentry program must include
3	(A) a written reentry plan for each prisoner completed
4	upon release on furlough or probation or parole that includes information
5	on the prisoner's proposed
6	(i) residence;
7	(ii) employment or alternative means of support;
8	(iii) treatment options;
9	(iv) counseling services;
10	(v) education or job training services;
11	(B) any other requirements for successful transition back to
12	the community, including electronic monitoring or furlough for the period
13	between a scheduled parole hearing and parole eligibility;
14	(C) coordination with the Department of Labor and
15	Workforce Development to provide access, after release, to job training
16	and employment assistance;
17	(10) for offenders under electronic monitoring, establish
18	(A) minimum standards for electronic monitoring, which
19	may include the requirement of active, real-time monitoring using global
20	positioning systems; and
21	(B) procedures for oversight and approving electronic
22	monitoring programs and systems provided by private contractors; and
23	(11) assist a prisoner in obtaining a valid state identification card if
24	the prisoner does not have a valid state identification card before the prisoner's
25	release; the department shall pay the application fee for the identification card.
26	* <b>Sec. 144.</b> AS 33.30.013(a) is amended to read:
27	(a) The commissioner shall notify the victim if the offender
28	(1) escapes from custody;
29	(2) is discharged from parole under AS 33.16; or
30	(3) is released to the community on a furlough, on an early release
31	program, or for any other reason.

1	* <b>Sec. 145.</b> AS 33.30.065(a) is amended to read:
2	(a) If the commissioner designates a prisoner to serve the prisoner's term of
3	imprisonment or period of temporary commitment, or a part of the term or period, by
4	electronic monitoring, the commissioner shall direct the prisoner to serve the term or
5	period at the prisoner's residence or other place selected by the commissioner. The
6	electronic monitoring shall be administered by the department or by a private
7	contractor approved by the department under AS 33.30.011(10)(B) and shall be
8	designed so that any attempt to remove, tamper with, or disable the monitoring
9	equipment or to leave the place selected for the service of the term or period will result
10	in a report or notice to the department.
11	* Sec. 146. AS 33.30 is amended by adding a new section to read:
12	Sec. 33.30.095. Duties of commissioner before release of prisoner. (a) The
13	commissioner shall establish a program to prepare a prisoner who is serving a sentence
14	of imprisonment exceeding one year for the prisoner's discharge, release on parole or
15	probation, or prerelease furlough under AS 33.30.111 that begins 90 days before the
16	date of the prisoner's discharge, release, or furlough.
17	(b) The program established under (a) of this section must include
18	(1) instruction on
19	(A) obtaining state identification;
20	(B) community resources available for housing, employment,
21	and treatment;
22	(2) an individualized reentry plan under AS 30.30.011(9) for the
23	prisoner;
24	(3) probation and parole orientation, if appropriate; and
25	(4) a partnership with one or more nonprofit organizations to allow
26	access to a prisoner before the prisoner's discharge, release, or furlough to assist the
27	prisoner with the prisoner's application for Medicaid, Social Security benefits, public
28	assistance under AS 47.25, and a state identification card or driver's license and

\* **Sec. 147.** AS 33.30.151 is amended to read:

rehabilitation, and reduce recidivism.

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provide other programs to assist the prisoner's transition into the community, promote

1	Sec. 33.30.151. Correctional restitution centers. (a) The commissioner shall
2	establish correctional restitution centers in the state. The purpose of the centers is to
3	provide certain offenders with rehabilitation through comprehensive treatment for
4	substance abuse, cognitive behavioral disorders, and other criminal risk factors,
5	including aftercare support, community service, and employment, while protecting
6	the community through partial incarceration of the offender, and to create a means to
7	provide restitution to victims of crimes.
8	(b) The commissioner shall adopt regulations setting standards for the
9	operation of the centers including
10	(1) requirements that the centers be secure and in compliance with
11	state and local safety laws;
12	(2) standards for disciplinary rules to be imposed on prisoners confined
13	to the centers;
14	(3) standards for the granting of emergency absence to prisoners
15	confined to the centers;
16	(4) standards for classifying prisoners to centers;
17	(5) standards for mandatory employment and participation in
18	community service programs in each center; [AND]
19	(6) standards for periodic review of the performance of prisoners
20	confined to the centers and quality assurance measures to ensure centers are
21	meeting state standards and contractual obligations;
22	(7) standards for the provision of treatment, including substance
23	abuse treatment, cognitive behavioral therapy, and aftercare designed to address
24	an offender's individual criminogenic needs; and
25	(8) standards and a process to assess an offender's risk of
26	recidivating and the criminal risk factors and needs that reduce the risk of
27	recidivating and ensure that
28	(A) high risk offenders with moderate to high needs are a
29	priority for acceptance into a correctional restitution center; and
30	(B) centers establish internal procedures to limit the mixing
31	of low and high risk prisoners.

1	* Sec. 148. AS 34.03.360(7) is amended to read:
2	(7) "illegal activity involving a controlled substance" means a violation
3	of AS 11.71.010(a), <b>11.71.030(a)(1), (2), or (4) - (8)</b> [11.71.020(a), 11.71.030(a)(1)
4	OR (2)], or 11.71.040(a)(1), (2), or (5);
5	* <b>Sec. 149.</b> AS 43.23.065(b) is amended to read:
6	(b) An exemption is not available under this section for permanent fund
7	dividends taken to satisfy
8	(1) child support obligations required by court order or decision of the
9	child support services agency under AS 25.27.140 - 25.27.220;
10	(2) court ordered restitution under AS 12.55.045 - 12.55.051,
11	12.55.100, or AS 47.12.120(b)(4);
12	(3) claims on defaulted education loans under AS 43.23.067;
13	(4) court ordered fines;
14	(5) writs of execution under AS 09.35 of a judgment that is entered
15	(A) against a minor in a civil action to recover damages and
16	court costs;
17	(B) under AS 09.65.255 against the parent, parents, or legal
18	guardian of an unemancipated minor;
19	(6) a debt owed by an eligible individual to an agency of the state,
20	including the University of Alaska, unless the debt is contested and an appeal is
21	pending, or the time limit for filing an appeal has not expired;
22	(7) a debt owed to a person for a program for the rehabilitation of
23	perpetrators of domestic violence required under AS 12.55.101, AS 18.66.100(c)(15),
24	AS 25.20.061(3), or AS 33.16.150(f)(2);
25	(8) a judgment for unpaid rent or damage owed to a landlord by an
26	eligible individual that was a tenant of the landlord; in this paragraph, "tenant" has the
27	meaning given in AS 34.03.360;
28	(9) court-ordered forfeiture of an appearance or performance
29	<b>bond under AS 12.30.075</b> .
30	* Sec. 150. AS 43.61.010 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
31	(c) The recidivism reduction fund is established in the general fund. The

1	Department of Administration shall separately account for 50 percent of the tax
2	collected under this section and deposit it into the recidivism reduction fund.
3	(d) The legislature may use the annual estimated balance in the fund to make
4	appropriations to the Department of Corrections, the Department of Health and Social
5	Services, or the Department of Public Safety for recidivism reduction programs.
6	(e) Nothing in this section creates a dedicated fund.
7	* Sec. 151. AS 44.19.645 is amended to read:
8	Sec. 44.19.645. Powers and duties of the commission. (a) The commission
9	shall evaluate the effect of sentencing laws and criminal justice practices on the
10	criminal justice system to evaluate whether those sentencing laws and criminal justice
11	practices provide for protection of the public, community condemnation of the
12	offender, the rights of victims of crimes, the rights of the accused and the person
13	convicted, restitution from the offender, and the principle of reformation. The
14	commission shall make recommendations for improving criminal sentencing practices
15	and criminal justice practices, including rehabilitation and restitution. The
16	commission shall annually make recommendations to the governor and the
17	legislature on how savings from criminal justice reforms should be reinvested to
18	reduce recidivism. In formulating its recommendations, the commission shall
19	consider
20	(1) statutes, court rules, and court decisions relevant to sentencing of
21	criminal defendants in misdemeanor and felony cases;
22	(2) sentencing practices of the judiciary, including use of presumptive
23	sentences;
24	(3) means of promoting uniformity, proportionality, and accountability
25	in sentencing;
26	(4) alternatives to traditional forms of incarceration;
27	(5) the efficacy of parole and probation in ensuring public safety,
28	achieving rehabilitation, and reducing recidivism;
29	(6) the adequacy, availability, and effectiveness of treatment and
30	rehabilitation programs;
31	(7) crime and incarceration rates, including the rate of violent crime

1	and the abuse of controlled substances, in this state compared to other states, and best
2	practices adopted by other states that have proven to be successful in reducing
3	recidivism;
4	(8) the relationship between sentencing priorities and correctional
5	resources;
6	(9) the effectiveness of the state's current methodologies for the
7	collection and dissemination of criminal justice data; and
8	(10) whether the schedules for controlled substances in AS 11.71.140 -
9	11.71.190 are reasonable and appropriate, considering the criteria established in
10	AS 11.71.120(c).
11	(b) The commission may
12	(1) recommend legislative and administrative action on criminal justice
13	practices; [AND]
14	(2) select and retain the services of consultants as necessary:
15	(3) appoint a working group to review and analyze the
16	implementation of the recommendations made in the justice reinvestment report
17	in December 2015, and other recommendations issued by the commission, and
18	regularly report to the commission on the status of the implementation; a
19	working group may include representatives of criminal justice agencies and key
20	constituencies who are not members of the commission; and
21	(4) enter into data-sharing agreements with the Justice Center at
22	the University of Alaska, the Alaska Judicial Council, or other research
23	institutions for the purposes of analyzing data and performance metrics.
24	* Sec. 152. AS 44.19.645 is amended by adding new subsections to read:
25	(c) The commission shall
26	(1) receive and analyze data collected by agencies and entities charged
27	with implementing the recommendations of the 2015 justice reinvestment report and
28	other recommendations issued by the commission and who are collecting data during
29	the implementation and management of specific commission recommendations;
30	(2) track and assess outcomes from the recommendations the
31	commission has made and corresponding criminal justice reforms;

1	(3) request, receive, and review data and reports on performance
2	outcome data relating to criminal justice reform;
3	(4) appoint a working group to review and analyze sexual offense
4	statutes and report to the legislature if there are circumstances under which victims'
5	rights, public safety, and the rehabilitation of offenders are better served by changing
6	existing laws; the working group shall consult with the office of victims' rights in
7	developing the report; the commission shall deliver the report to the senate secretary
8	and the chief clerk of the house of representatives and notify the legislature that the
9	report is available; the commission may include in the working group people
10	representing a variety of viewpoints who are not members of the commission; and
11	(5) explore the possibility of entering into mutually agreeable
12	arrangements with regional nonprofit organizations, including tribes and tribal
13	organizations, to provide the pretrial, probation, and parole services needed in
14	underserved areas of the state.
15	(d) Agencies and entities reporting data to the working group authorized in
16	(b)(3) of this section under (e) - (g) of this section shall
17	(1) report data individually by case number, including an identifier
18	number such as the Alaska Public Safety Information Network number, the court case
19	number, the Alaska Corrections Offender Management System number, and the arrest
20	tracking number, as available;
21	(2) include demographic information necessary for tracking
22	individuals across multiple databases, including the individual's first name, last name,
23	middle initial as available, and date of birth; and
24	(3) include information necessary to measure possible disparate effects
25	of criminal justice laws and policies, such as race and gender as available.
26	(e) The judiciary shall report quarterly to the working group authorized in
27	(b)(3) of this section. The report shall include criminal case processing data, including
28	(1) the date, type, and number of all charges disposed within the
29	quarter;
30	(2) the disposition of each charge, whether convicted, dismissed,
31	acquitted, or otherwise disposed; and

1	(3) the date of the disposition for each charge.
2	(f) The Department of Public Safety shall report quarterly to the working
3	group authorized under (b)(3) of this section. The report shall include the following
4	information:
5	(1) data on citations and arrests for criminal offenses, including the
6	offense charged and reason for arrest if an arrest was made;
7	(2) data on all criminal convictions and sentences during the quarter;
8	and
9	(3) criminal history information for selected offenders as agreed on by
10	the department and the working group authorized in (b)(3) of this section.
11	(g) The Department of Corrections shall report quarterly to the working group
12	authorized in (b)(3) of this section. The report shall include the following information:
13	(1) data on pretrial decision making and outcomes, including
14	information on pretrial detainees admitted for a new criminal charge; detainees
15	released at any point before case resolution; time spent detained before first release or
16	case resolution; pretrial defendant risk level and charge; pretrial release
17	recommendations made by pretrial service officers; pretrial conditions imposed on
18	pretrial detainees by judicial officers, including amount of bail, and supervision
19	conditions; and information on pretrial outcomes, including whether or not the
20	defendant appeared in court or was re-arrested during the pretrial period;
21	(2) data on offenders admitted to the Department of Corrections for a
22	new criminal conviction, including the offense type, number of prior felony
23	convictions, sentence length, and length of stay;
24	(3) data on the population of the Department of Corrections, using a
25	one-day snapshot on the first day of the first month of each quarter, broken down by
26	type of admission, offense type, and risk level;
27	(4) data on offenders on probation supervised by the Department of
28	Corrections, including the total number of offenders supervised using a one-day
29	snapshot on the first month of each quarter; admissions to probation; assignments to a
30	program under AS 33.05.020(f); probation sentence length; time served on the
31	sentence; whether probation was successfully completed, any new convictions for a

1	felony offense, and any sentences to a term of imprisonment while on probation;
2	(5) data on parole, including the number of offenders supervised on
3	parole, using a one-day snapshot on the first month of each quarter; the number of
4	parole hearings; the parole grant rate and number of parolees released on
5	administrative, discretionary, and special medical parole; and information on parolees,
6	including time spent on parole, whether parole was successfully completed, any new
7	convictions for a new felony offense, and any sentences to a term of imprisonment
8	while on parole;
9	(6) data on the implementation of policies from the 2015 justice
10	reinvestment report, including the number and percentage of offenders who earn
11	compliance credits under AS 33.05.020(h) in one or more months, and the total
12	amount of credits earned; the average number of sanctions issued under
13	AS 33.05.020(g) before a petition to revoke probation or parole is filed; and the most
14	common violations of probation or parole; and
15	(7) data on probation and parole revocations, including information on
16	probationers and parolees admitted for a supervision violation pre-case and post-case
17	resolution; probationers and parolees admitted solely for a technical violation;
18	probationers and parolees admitted for a new arrest; the number of previous
19	revocations on the current sentence, if any; the length of time held pre-case resolution;
20	the length of time to case resolution; and the length of stay.
21	* Sec. 153. AS 44.19.647 is amended to read:
22	Sec. 44.19.647. Annual report and recommendations. The commission shall
23	submit to the governor and the legislature an annual report. The report must include
24	(1) a description of its proceedings for the previous calendar year:
25	(2) a summary of savings and recommendations on how savings
26	from criminal justice reform should be reinvested to reduce recidivism;
27	(3) performance metrics and outcomes from the recommendations
28	the commission made in its December 2015 report, including recidivism rates,
29	<u>defined as</u>
30	(A) the percentage of inmates who return to prison within
31	three years after release, broken down by offense type and risk level; and

1	(B) the percentage of inmates who return to prison within
2	three years after release for a new criminal conviction, broken down by
3	offense type and risk level; and
4	(4) recommendations for additional reforms, which may include
5	[AND MAY SUBMIT] recommendations for legislative and administrative action.
6	[REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED UNDER THIS SECTION
7	SHALL BE SUBMITTED NOT LATER THAN FEBRUARY 1 OF EACH YEAR].
8	* Sec. 154. AS 44.19.647 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
9	(b) The commission shall submit the reports and recommendations provided
10	under (a) of this section not later than November 1 of each year.
11	* Sec. 155. AS 44.66.010(a)(12) is amended to read:
12	(12) Alaska Criminal Justice Commission (AS 44.19.641) - June 30,
13	<b>2021</b> [JUNE 30, 2017];
14	* Sec. 156. AS 47.12.315(a) is amended to read:
15	(a) Notwithstanding AS 47.12.310 and except as otherwise provided in this
16	section, the department shall disclose information to the public, on request, concerning
17	a minor subject to this chapter who was at least 13 years of age at the time of
18	commission of
19	(1) a felony offense against a person under AS 11.41;
20	(2) arson in the first or second degree;
21	(3) burglary in the first degree;
22	(4) distribution of child pornography;
23	(5) sex trafficking in the first degree;
24	(6) misconduct involving a controlled substance in the first or [,]
25	second [, OR THIRD] degrees involving distribution or possession with intent to
26	deliver; or
27	(7) misconduct involving weapons in the first through fourth degrees.
28	* Sec. 157. AS 47.27.015 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
29	(i) A person convicted after August 22, 1996, of an offense that is classified as
30	a felony under AS 11.71.010 - 11.71.040 or by the law of another jurisdiction that has
31	as an element the possession, use, or distribution of a controlled substance, as defined

1	in AS 11./1.900, is disqualified from receiving temporary assistance under this
2	chapter or food stamps under AS 47.25 unless the person demonstrates, to the
3	satisfaction of the department, that the person
4	(1) is satisfactorily serving, or has successfully completed, a period of
5	probation or parole;
6	(2) is in the process of serving, or has successfully completed,
7	mandatory participation in a drug or alcohol treatment program;
8	(3) has taken action toward rehabilitation, including participation in a
9	drug or alcohol treatment program; or
10	(4) is successfully complying with the requirements of the person's
11	reentry plan.
12	* <b>Sec. 158.</b> AS 47.37.040 is amended to read:
13	Sec. 47.37.040. Duties of department. The department shall
14	(1) develop, encourage, and foster statewide, regional, and local plans
15	and programs for the prevention of alcoholism and drug abuse and treatment of
16	alcoholics, intoxicated persons, drug abusers, and inhalant abusers in cooperation with
17	public and private agencies, organizations, and individuals, and provide technical
18	assistance and consultation services for these purposes;
19	(2) coordinate the efforts and enlist the assistance of all public and
20	private agencies, organizations, and individuals interested in prevention of alcoholism,
21	drug abuse, and inhalant abuse, and treatment of alcoholics, intoxicated persons, drug
22	abusers, and inhalant abusers;
23	(3) cooperate with the Department of Corrections in establishing and
24	conducting programs to provide treatment for alcoholics, intoxicated persons, drug
25	abusers, and inhalant abusers in or on parole from penal institutions;
26	(4) cooperate with the Department of Education and Early
27	Development, school boards, schools, police departments, courts, and other public and
28	private agencies, organizations, and individuals in establishing programs for the
29	prevention of alcoholism, drug abuse, and inhalant abuse, and treatment of alcoholics,
30	intoxicated persons, drug abusers, and inhalant abusers, and preparing curriculum
31	materials for use at all levels of school education;

1	(5) prepare, publish, evaluate, and disseminate educational material
2	dealing with the nature and effects of alcohol and drugs, and the misuse of hazardous
3	volatile substances;
4	(6) develop and implement, as an integral part of treatment programs,
5	an educational program for use in the treatment of alcoholics, intoxicated persons,
6	drug abusers, and inhalant abusers that includes the dissemination of information
7	concerning the nature and effects of alcohol, drugs, and hazardous volatile substances;
8	(7) organize and foster training programs for all persons engaged in
9	treatment of alcoholics, intoxicated persons, drug abusers, and inhalant abusers, and
10	establish standards for training paraprofessional alcoholism, drug abuse, and inhalant
11	abuse workers;
12	(8) sponsor and encourage research into the causes and nature of
13	alcoholism, drug abuse, and inhalant abuse, and the treatment of alcoholics,
14	intoxicated persons, drug abusers, and inhalant abusers, and serve as a clearinghouse
15	for information relating to alcoholism, drug abuse, and inhalant abuse;
16	(9) specify uniform methods for keeping statistical information by
17	public and private agencies, organizations, and individuals, and collect and make
18	available relevant statistical information, including number of persons treated,
19	frequency of admission and readmission, and frequency and duration of treatment;
20	(10) conduct program planning activities approved by the Advisory
21	Board on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse;
22	(11) review all state health, welfare, and treatment plans to be
23	submitted for federal funding, and advise the commissioner on provisions to be
24	included relating to alcoholics, intoxicated persons, drug abusers, and inhalant
25	abusers;
26	(12) assist in the development of, and cooperate with, alcohol, drug
27	abuse, and inhalant abuse education and treatment programs for employees of state
28	and local governments and businesses and industries in the state;
29	(13) use the support and assistance of interested persons in the
30	community, particularly recovered alcoholics, drug abusers, and inhalant abusers, to
31	encourage alcoholics, drug abusers, and inhalant abusers to voluntarily undergo

1	treatment,
2	(14) cooperate with the Department of Public Safety and the
3	Department of Transportation and Public Facilities in establishing and conducting
4	programs designed to deal with the problem of persons operating motor vehicles while
5	under the influence of an alcoholic beverage, inhalant, or controlled substance, and
6	develop and approve alcohol information courses required to be taken by drivers under
7	AS 28.15 or made available to drivers to reduce points assessed for violation of traffic
8	laws;
9	(15) encourage hospitals and other appropriate health facilities to
10	admit without discrimination alcoholics, intoxicated persons, drug abusers, and
11	inhalant abusers and to provide them with adequate and appropriate treatment;
12	(16) encourage all health insurance programs to include alcoholism
13	and drug abuse as a covered illness;
14	(17) prepare an annual report covering the activities of the department
15	and notify the legislature that the report is available;
16	(18) develop and implement a training program on alcoholism and
17	drug abuse for employees of state and municipal governments, and private institutions
18	(19) develop curriculum materials on drug and alcohol abuse and the
19	misuse of hazardous volatile substances for use in grades kindergarten through 12, as
20	well as a course of instruction for teachers to be charged with presenting the
21	curriculum;
22	(20) develop and implement or designate, in cooperation with other
23	state or local agencies, a juvenile alcohol safety action program that provides alcohol
24	and substance abuse screening, referral, and monitoring of persons under 18 years of
25	age who have been referred to it by
26	(A) a court in connection with a charge or conviction of a
27	violation or misdemeanor related to the use of alcohol or a controlled
28	substance;
29	(B) the agency responsible for the administration of motor
30	vehicle laws in connection with a license action related to the use of alcohol or
31	a controlled substance; or

1	(C) department staff after a delinquency adjudication that is
2	related to the use of alcohol or a controlled substance;
3	(21) develop and implement, or designate, in cooperation with other
4	state or local agencies, an alcohol safety action program that provides [ALCOHOL
5	AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SCREENING, REFERRAL, AND MONITORING]
6	services to persons who have been referred by a court [IN CONNECTION WITH A
7	CHARGE OR CONVICTION OF A MISDEMEANOR INVOLVING THE USE OF
8	A MOTOR VEHICLE, AIRCRAFT, OR WATERCRAFT AND ALCOHOL OR A
9	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, REFERRED BY A COURT] under AS 28.35.028,
10	28.35.030, or 28.35.032, or referred by an agency of the state with the responsibility
11	for administering motor vehicle laws in connection with a driver's license action
12	involving the use of alcohol or a controlled substance;
13	(22) whenever possible, apply evidence-based, research-based, and
14	consensus-based substance abuse and co-occurring substance abuse and mental health
15	disorders treatment practices and remove barriers that prevent the use of those
16	practices;
17	(23) collaborate with first responders, hospitals, schools, primary care
18	providers, developmental disability treatment providers, law enforcement, corrections,
19	attorneys, the Alaska Court System, community behavioral treatment providers,
20	Alaska Native organizations, and federally funded programs in implementing
21	programs for co-occurring substance abuse and mental health disorders treatment.
22	* Sec. 159. AS 47.37.130(h) is amended to read:
23	(h) The department shall
24	(1) inspect, on a regular basis, approved public and private alcohol
25	safety action programs at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner; [AND]
26	(2) maintain a list of approved public and private alcohol safety action
27	programs; and
28	(3) develop regulations for the operation and management of
29	alcohol safety action programs that ensure
30	(A) screenings are conducted using a validated risk tool;
31	<u>and</u>

1	(B) monitoring of participants is appropriate to the risk of
2	reoffense of the participant as determined by the screening.
3	* Sec. 160. AS 47.37.130 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
4	(k) The public and private alcohol safety action programs established under
5	AS 47.37.040(21) shall provide
6	(1) screening of eligible persons to determine the risk of the person to
7	reoffend and the criminal risk factors that are contributing to the risk; and
8	(2) monitoring of participants based on the risk to reoffend as
9	determined by the screening.
10	* Sec. 161. AS 47.38.020 is amended to read:
11	Sec. 47.38.020. Alcohol and substance abuse monitoring program. (a) The
12	commissioner, in cooperation with the commissioner of corrections, shall establish a
13	program using a competitive procurement process for certain persons with release
14	conditions ordered as provided under AS 12.30, or offenders with conditions of
15	probation, that include not consuming controlled substances or alcoholic beverages.
16	(b) The commissioner shall adopt regulations to implement the program. The
17	regulations must include regulations regarding products and services that
18	provide alcohol and substance abuse monitoring.
19	(c) The commissioner shall include in the program
20	(1) a requirement for twice-a-day testing, either remotely or in person
21	[IF PRACTICABLE], for alcoholic beverage use and random testing for controlled
22	substances;
23	(2) a means to provide the probation officer, prosecutor's office, or
24	local law enforcement agency with notice within 24 hours, so that a complaint may be
25	filed alleging a violation of AS 11.56.757, a petition may be filed with the court
26	seeking appropriate sanctions and may be scheduled by the court for a prompt hearing,
27	or an arrest warrant may be issued for the person on release or offender with
28	conditions of probation provided in this subsection, if the person or offender
29	(A) fails to appear for an appointment or fails to complete a
30	test through the use of remote alcohol or substance abuse monitoring
31	technology as required by the program requirements; or

1	(B) tests positive for the use of controlled substances or
2	alcoholic beverages; and
3	(3) a requirement that the person or offender pay, based on the person's
4	or offender's ability under financial guidelines established by the commissioner, for
5	the cost of participating in the program.
6	(d) The department shall contract with one or more vendors using a
7	competitive procurement process in accordance with AS 36.30 to provide or
8	conduct the testing required under (c) of this section.
9	* Sec. 162. AS 47.38.100(a) is amended to read:
10	(a) The recidivism reduction program is established to promote the
11	rehabilitation [THROUGH TRANSITIONAL RE-ENTRY PROGRAMS] of persons
12	on probation or parole or incarcerated for offenses and recently released from
13	correctional facilities.
14	* <b>Sec. 163.</b> AS 47.38.100(b) is amended to read:
15	(b) The commissioner, in cooperation with the Alaska Criminal Justice
16	Commission established in AS 44.19.641 [COMMISSIONER OF CORRECTIONS],
17	may provide for programs that have, as a primary focus, rehabilitation and reduction
18	of recidivism [THROUGH TRANSITIONAL RE-ENTRY] for persons on probation
19	or parole or incarcerated for offenses and recently released from correctional
20	facilities. The commissioner may enter into contracts to provide for programs under
21	this section. An eligible [A] program under this section must accomplish at least one
22	of the following objectives:
23	(1) increasing access to evidence-based rehabilitation programs,
24	including drug and alcohol treatment, mental health treatment, and cognitive
25	behavioral programs; or
26	(2) supporting offenders' transition and re-entry from correctional
27	facilities to the community, including transitional housing services, employment
28	services, vocational training, educational support, counseling, and medical care
29	[INCLUDE CASE MANAGEMENT;
30	(2) REQUIRE SOBER LIVING;
31	(3) PROVIDE, ON-SITE OR BY REFERRAL, TREATMENT FOR

1	SUBSTANCE ABUSE OR MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT;						
2	(4) REQUIRE EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATIONAL						
3	PROGRAMMING, VOCATIONAL TRAINING, OR COMMUNITY VOLUNTEER						
4	WORK AS APPROVED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE TREATMENT PROGRAM						
5	AND						
6	(5) LIMIT RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENTS IN THE PROGRAM TO						
7	A MAXIMUM OF ONE YEAR].						
8	* Sec. 164. AS 47.38.100 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:						
9	(d) In this section, "evidenced-based" means a program or practice that offer						
10	a high level of research on effectiveness.						
11	* Sec. 165. Section 35, ch. 83, SLA 2014, is amended to read:						
12	Sec. 35. AS 22.20.210 is repealed <u>June 30, 2021</u> [JUNE 30, 2017].						
13	* Sec. 166. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section						
14	to read:						
15	DIRECT COURT RULE AMENDMENT. Rule 38, Alaska Rules of Criminal						
16	Procedure, is amended by adding new subsections to read:						
17	(d) Hearing Notice. The court shall provide a notice to a defendant of the						
18	date, time, and place of a scheduled hearing at which the defendant is required to						
19	appear in a form and manner established by the court.						
20	(e) Hearing Reminder. In addition to the notice required under (d) of this						
21	rule, the court shall provide a reminder notification to a defendant who is not in						
22	custody and to the Department of Corrections at least 48 hours prior to a scheduled						
23	hearing at which the defendant is required to appear regarding the date, time, and						
24	place of the scheduled hearing and the potential consequences of failure to appear, in a						
25	form and manner established by the court.						
26	* Sec. 167. AS 11.46.140(a)(3), 11.46.220(c)(2)(B); AS 11.71.020, 11.71.040(a)(3)(A)(ii),						
27	$11.71.040(a)(3)(B), \qquad 11.71.040(a)(3)(C), \qquad 11.71.040(a)(3)(D), \qquad 11.71.040(a)(3)(E),$						
28	11.71.040(a)(3)(F), $11.71.040(a)(3)(G),$ $11.71.050(a)(2);$ AS $12.30.016(d);$						
29	AS 12.55.125(c)(2)(B), 12.55.125(d)(2)(B), 12.55.125(o), 12.55.135(j); and AS 33.16.100(e)						
30	are repealed.						
31	* Sec. 168. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section						

to read:

- INDIRECT COURT RULE AMENDMENT. (a) AS 12.30.011, as repealed and reenacted by sec. 53 of this Act, has the effect of changing Rule 41, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure, by changing and establishing release conditions for certain defendants, providing for recommendations by pretrial services officers of release conditions based on a pretrial risk assessment score, providing that a court shall order the release of a person under certain circumstances, and providing new procedures for use of appearance, surety, and performance bonds.
  - (b) AS 12.55.055(h), enacted by sec. 69 of this Act, has the effect of changing Rule 32, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure, by directing the court to include a provision in the judgment that community work hours that are not completed shall be converted to a fine as provided in AS 12.55.055(h), enacted by sec. 69 of this Act.
  - (c) AS 12.55.078, enacted by sec. 70 of this Act, has the effect of changing Rule 43, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure, by creating an alternate procedure for when the court may dismiss charges.
  - (d) AS 12.55.135(p), enacted by sec. 86 of this Act, has the effect of changing Rule 32.1, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure, by changing the procedure for notice of aggravating factors.
  - (e) AS 33.07, enacted by sec. 105 of this Act, has the effect of changing Rule 41, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure, by establishing pretrial services officers and procedures and duties for pretrial services officers as officers of the superior and district courts, for the purposes of performing risk assessments and making pretrial recommendations to the court regarding a person's pretrial release and bail conditions.
- \* Sec. 169. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to read:
  - COUNCIL ON DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND SEXUAL ASSAULT. The Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault established in AS 18.66.010 shall create or expand community-based violence prevention programming and services for victims of a crime involving domestic violence or sexual assault in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. In this section "domestic violence" and "sexual assault" have the meanings given to those terms in AS 18.66.990.

1	* Sec. 170.	The uncodified	law of the	e State of	Alaska is	amended by	y adding a n	ew section
2	to read:							

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REPORT ON OFFENSES OF DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED, REFUSAL OF A CHEMICAL TEST, AND DRIVING WITHOUT A VALID DRIVER'S LICENSE. The Alaska Criminal Justice Commission, established in AS 44.19.641, shall prepare a report regarding the effectiveness of the penalties, fines, and reformative and rehabilitative measures under state law for the offenses of driving while intoxicated, refusal to submit to a chemical test, and driving without a valid driver's license. The commission shall include in the report an opinion on whether the penalties, fines, and reformative and rehabilitative measures under state law for the offenses of driving while under the influence, refusal to submit to a chemical test, and driving without a valid driver's license reduce recidivism, promote rehabilitation and protect the public. The commission shall propose statutory changes for those offenses to reduce recidivism, promote rehabilitation, and protect the public. The commission shall deliver the report not later than December 1, 2016, to the senate secretary and the chief clerk of the house of representatives and notify the legislature that the report is available.

\* Sec. 171. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to read:

REPORT OF THE ALASKA CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMISSION REGARDING RESTITUTION. The Alaska Criminal Justice Commission established in AS 44.19.641 shall prepare a report regarding the implementation of a financial recovery and victim's restitution program and shall make recommendations for statutory changes to improve the payment and collection of victim's restitution. The report must include recommendations regarding restitution for crimes against a person and for property crimes against businesses and members of the public. The commission shall deliver the report not later than December 1, 2016, to the senate secretary and the chief clerk of the house of representatives and notify the legislature that the report is available.

- 27 \* Sec. 172. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section 28 to read:
  - APPLICABILITY. (a) The following sections apply to offenses committed on or after the effective date of those sections:
- 31 (1) AS 11.46.130(a), as amended by sec. 5 of this Act;

1	(2) AS 11.46.140(a), as amended by sec. 6 of this Act;
2	(3) AS 11.46.220(c), as amended by sec. 7 of this Act;
3	(4) AS 11.46.260(b), as amended by sec. 8 of this Act;
4	(5) AS 11.46.270(b), as amended by sec. 9 of this Act;
5	(6) AS 11.46.280(d), as amended by sec. 10 of this Act;
6	(7) AS 11.46.285(b), as amended by sec. 11 of this Act;
7	(8) AS 11.46.295, as amended by sec. 12 of this Act;
8	(9) AS 11.46.360(a), as amended by sec. 13 of this Act;
9	(10) AS 11.46.460, as amended by sec. 14 of this Act;
10	(11) AS 11.46.482(a), as amended by sec. 15 of this Act;
11	(12) AS 11.46.484(a), as amended by sec. 16 of this Act;
12	(13) AS 11.46.530(b), as amended by sec. 17 of this Act;
13	(14) AS 11.46.620(d), as amended by sec. 18 of this Act;
14	(15) AS 11.46.730(c), as amended by sec. 19 of this Act;
15	(16) AS 11.56.730(c), as amended by sec. 21 of this Act;
16	(17) AS 11.56.730(d), enacted by sec. 22 of this Act;
17	(18) AS 11.56.757(b), as amended by sec. 24 of this Act;
18	(19) AS 11.61.110(c), as amended by sec. 26 of this Act;
19	(20) AS 11.61.145(d), as amended by sec. 27 of this Act;
20	(21) AS 11.61.150(c), as amended by sec. 29 of this Act;
21	(22) AS 11.66.200(c), as amended by sec. 35 of this Act;
22	(23) AS 11.71.030(a), as amended by sec. 36 of this Act;
23	(24) AS 11.71.040(a), as amended by sec. 39 of this Act;
24	(25) AS 11.71.050, as amended by sec. 41 of this Act;
25	(26) AS 11.71.311(a), as amended by sec. 43 of this Act;
26	(27) AS 12.55.125(a), as amended by sec. 79 of this Act;
27	(28) AS 12.55.125(b), as amended by sec. 80 of this Act;
28	(29) AS 28.15.291(a), as repealed and reenacted by sec. 92 of this Act;
29	(30) AS 28.15.291(b), as repealed and reenacted by sec. 93 of this Act;
30	(31) AS 29.10.200(21), as amended by sec. 99 of this Act;
31	(32) AS 29.25.070(a), as amended by sec. 100 of this Act; and

1	(33) AS 43.23.065(b), as amended by sec. 149 of this Act.
2	(b) The following sections apply to offenses committed before, on, or after the
3	effective date of those sections:
4	(1) AS 11.66.110(a), as amended by sec. 31 of this Act;
5	(2) AS 11.66.130(a), as amended by sec. 32 of this Act;
6	(3) AS 11.66.130(c), as amended by sec. 33 of this Act; and
7	(4) AS 11.66.135(c), as amended by sec. 34 of this Act.
8	(c) The following sections apply to sentences imposed on or after the effective date of
9	those sections for conduct occurring before, on, or after the effective date of those sections:
10	(1) AS 12.55.027(a), as amended by sec. 62 of this Act;
11	(2) AS 12.55.027(b), as amended by sec. 63 of this Act;
12	(3) AS 12.55.027(c), as repealed and reenacted by sec. 64 of this Act; and
13	(4) AS 12.55.027(f) and (g), enacted by sec. 65 of this Act.
14	(d) The following sections apply to sentences imposed on or after the effective date of
15	those sections for conduct occurring before, on, or after the effective date of those sections:
16	(1) AS 12.55.025(a), as amended by sec. 60 of this Act;
17	(2) AS 12.55.025(c), as amended by sec. 61 of this Act;
18	(3) AS 12.55.115, as amended by sec. 78 of this Act;
19	(4) AS 28.35.030(k), as amended by sec. 95 of this Act;
20	(5) AS 28.35.032(o), as amended by sec. 98 of this Act;
21	(6) AS 33.16.010(f), enacted by sec. 108 of this Act;
22	(7) AS 33.16.060(a), as amended by sec. 109 of this Act;
23	(8) AS 33.16.089, enacted by sec. 110 of this Act;
24	(9) AS 33.16.090(b), as amended by sec. 112 of this Act;
25	(10) AS 33.16.130, as repealed and reenacted by sec. 121 of this Act; and
26	(11) AS 33.20.010(a), as amended by sec. 141 of this Act.
27	(e) AS 12.30.055(b), enacted by sec. 58 of this Act, applies to persons in custody for a
28	probation violation on or after the effective date of sec. 58 of this Act for a probation violation
29	that occurred before, on, or after the effective date of sec. 58 this Act.
30	(f) The following sections apply to community work service imposed on or after the

effective date of those sections for offenses committed on or after the effective date of those

1	sections:
2	(1) AS 12.55.055(a), as amended by sec. 67 of this Act;
3	(2) AS 12.55.055(c), as amended by sec. 68 of this Act; and
4	(3) AS 12.55.055(g) and (h), enacted by sec. 69 of this Act.
5	(g) AS 12.55.051(a), as amended by sec. 66 of this Act, applies to probation ordered
6	before, on, or after the effective date of sec. 66 of this Act, for offenses committed before, on,
7	or after the effective date of sec. 66 of this Act.
8	(h) AS 12.55.078, enacted by sec. 70 of this Act, applies to prosecutions occurring on
9	or after the effective date of sec. 70 this Act for offenses committed before, on, or after the
10	effective date of sec. 70 of this Act.
11	(i) AS 12.55.090(c), as amended by sec. 72 of this Act, applies to probation ordered
12	on or after the effective date of sec. 72 of this Act, for offenses committed before, on, or after
13	the effective date of sec. 72 of this Act.
14	(j) AS 12.55.100(a), as amended by sec. 75 of this Act, applies to probation ordered
15	on or after the effective date of sec. 75 of this Act, for offenses committed before, on, or after
16	the effective date of sec. 75 of this Act.
17	(k) The following sections apply to probation ordered before, on, or after the effective
18	date of those sections for offenses committed before, on, or after the effective date of those
19	sections:
20	(1) AS 12.55.090(b), as amended by sec. 71 of this Act;
21	(2) AS 12.55.090(f), as amended by sec. 73 of this Act;
22	(3) AS 12.55.090(g) - (n), enacted by sec. 74 of this Act;
23	(4) AS 12.55.110(c) - (h), enacted by sec. 77 of this Act; and
24	(5) AS 33.05.040, as amended by sec. 103 of this Act.
25	(l) The following sections apply to a revocation of a driver's license, privilege to
26	drive, or privilege to obtain a license occurring before, on, or after the effective date of those
27	sections for conduct occurring before, on, or after the effective date of those sections:
28	(1) AS 28.15.165(e), enacted by sec. 90 of this Act;
29	(2) AS 28.15.201(g) - (j), enacted by sec. 91 of this Act; and
30	(3) AS 28.35.030(o), as amended by sec. 97 of this Act.
31	(m) The following sections apply to parole granted on or after the effective date of

1	those sections for conduct occurring before, on, or after the effective date of those sections:
2	(1) AS 33.16.010(c), as amended by sec. 106 of this Act;
3	(2) AS 33.16.010(d), as amended by sec. 107 of this Act;
4	(3) AS 33.16.090(a), as amended by sec. 111 of this Act;
5	(4) AS 33.16.100(a), as amended by sec. 113 of this Act;
6	(5) AS 33.16.100(b), as amended by sec. 114 of this Act;
7	(6) AS 33.16.100(f), enacted by sec. 115 of this Act;
8	(7) AS 33.16.140, as amended by sec. 122 of this Act;
9	(8) AS 33.16.150(a), as amended by sec. 123 of this Act;
10	(9) AS 33.16.150(b), as amended by sec. 124 of this Act;
11	(10) AS 33.16.150(e), as amended by sec. 125 of this Act;
12	(11) AS 33.16.150(f), as amended by sec. 126 of this Act;
13	(12) AS 33.16.150(g), as amended by sec. 127 of this Act;
14	(13) AS 33.16.150(h), enacted by sec. 128 of this Act; and
15	(14) AS 33.16.200, as amended by sec. 130 of this Act.
16	(n) AS 11.56.730(e), enacted by sec. 22 of this Act, and sec. 166 of this Act apply to
17	offenses committed on or after the effective date of secs. 22 and 166 of this Act.
18	(o) The following sections apply to offenses committed on or after the effective date
19	of those sections:
20	(1) AS 12.30.006(b), as amended by sec. 49 of this Act;
21	(2) AS 12.30.006(c), as amended by sec. 50 of this Act;
22	(3) AS 12.30.006(d), as amended by sec. 51 of this Act;
23	(4) AS 12.30.006(f), as amended by sec. 52 of this Act;
24	(5) AS 12.30.011, as repealed and reenacted by sec. 53 of this Act;
25	(6) AS 12.30.016(b), as amended by sec. 54 of this Act;
26	(7) AS 12.30.016(c), as amended by sec. 55 of this Act;
27	(8) AS 12.30.021(a), as amended by sec. 56 of this Act;
28	(9) AS 12.30.021(c), as amended by sec. 57 of this Act; and
29	(10) AS 33.07, enacted by sec. 105 of this Act.
30	(p) The following sections apply to parole granted before, on, or after the effective
31	date of those sections:

1	(1) AS 33.16.180, as amended by sec. 129 of this Act;
2	(2) AS 33.16.210, as amended by sec. 131 of this Act;
3	(3) AS 33.16.210(c), enacted by sec. 132 of this Act;
4	(4) AS 33.16.215, enacted by sec. 133 of this Act;
5	(5) AS 33.16.220(b), as amended by sec. 134 of this Act;
6	(6) AS 33.16.220(f), as amended by sec. 135 of this Act;
7	(7) AS 33.16.220(i), as amended by sec. 136 of this Act;
8	(8) AS 33.16.220(j), enacted by sec. 137 of this Act;
9	(9) AS 33.16.240(h) and (i), enacted by sec. 138 of this Act; and
10	(10) AS 33.16.270, enacted by sec. 139 of this Act.
11	(q) AS 33.05.020(h), enacted by sec. 102 of this Act, applies to sentences imposed
12	before, on, or after the effective date of sec. 102 of this Act, for conduct occurring before, on,
13	or after the effective date of sec. 102 of this Act, for time served on probation on or after the
14	effective date of sec. 102 of this Act.
15	(r) AS 33.20.010(c), as repealed and reenacted by sec. 142 of this Act, applies to
16	sentences imposed before, on, or after the effective date of sec. 142 of this Act, for offenses
17	committed before, on, or after the effective date of sec. 142 of this Act, for time served on
18	electronic monitoring on or after the effective date of sec. 142 of this Act.
19	(s) The following sections apply to offenses committed before, on, or after the
20	effective date of those sections for contacts with peace officers occurring on or after the
21	effective date of those sections:
22	(1) AS 12.25.180, as amended by sec. 45 of this Act; and
23	(2) AS 12.25.190(b), as amended by sec. 47 of this Act.
24	(t) AS 12.25.150(a), as amended by sec. 44 of this Act, applies to offenses committed
25	before, on, or after the effective date of sec. 44 of this Act for contacts with peace officers
26	occurring on or after the effective date of sec. 44 of this Act.
27	(u) The following sections apply to sentences imposed on or after the effective date of
28	those sections for conduct occurring before, on, or after the effective date of those sections:
29	(1) AS 12.55.125(c), as amended by sec. 81 of this Act;
30	(2) AS 12.55.125(d), as amended by sec. 82 of this Act;
31	(3) AS 12.55.125(e)(1) - (3), as amended by sec. 83 of this Act;

1	(4) AS 12.55.135(a), as amended by sec. 84 of this Act;
2	(5) AS 12.55.135(b), as amended by sec. 85 of this Act;
3	(6) AS 12.55.135( <i>l</i> ) - (p), enacted by sec. 86 of this Act; and
4	(7) AS 29.25.070(g), enacted by sec. 101 of this Act.
5	(v) The amendment to AS 12.55.125(e) in sec. 83 of this Act adding
6	AS 12.55.125(e)(4)(B) - (D), providing presumptive ranges for violation of AS 28.35.030(n)
7	and 28.35.032(p), applies to offenses committed on or after the effective date of sec. 83 of this
8	Act, except that references to previous convictions in AS 28.35.030(n) and 28.35.032(p) apply
9	to convictions occurring before, on, or after the effective date of sec. 83 of this Act.
10	* Sec. 173. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section
11	to read:
12	SEVERABILITY. If this Act is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction under
13	the requirement of art. II, sec. 13, Constitution of the State of Alaska, that every bill be
14	confined to one subject, the provisions of sec. 2 of this Act shall be severed so that the
15	remainder of this Act is not affected.
16	* Sec. 174. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section
17	to read:
18	CONDITIONAL EFFECT. (a) AS 11.56.730(e), enacted by sec. 22 of this Act, takes
19	effect only if sec. 166 of this Act receives the two-thirds majority vote of each house required
20	by art. IV, sec. 15, Constitution of the State of Alaska.
21	(b) AS 12.30.011, as repealed and reenacted by sec. 53 of this Act, takes effect only if
22	sec. 168(a) of this Act receives the two-thirds majority vote of each house required by art. IV,
23	sec. 15, Constitution of the State of Alaska.
24	(c) AS 12.55.055(h), enacted by sec. 69 of this Act, takes effect only if sec. 168(b) of
25	this Act receives the two-thirds majority vote of each house required by art. IV, sec. 15,
26	Constitution of the State of Alaska.
27	(d) AS 12.55.078, enacted by sec. 70 of this Act, takes effect only if sec. 168(c) of

30 (e) AS 12.55.135(p), enacted by sec. 86 of this Act, takes effect only if sec. 168(d) of 31 this Act receives the two-thirds majority vote of each house required by art. IV, sec. 15,

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Constitution of the State of Alaska.

this Act receives the two-thirds majority vote of each house required by art. IV, sec. 15,

- 1 Constitution of the State of Alaska.
- 2 (f) AS 33.07, added by sec. 105 of this Act, takes effect only if sec. 168(e) of this Act
- 3 receives the two-thirds majority vote of each house required by art. IV, sec. 15, Constitution
- 4 of the State of Alaska.
- \* **Sec. 175.** Sections 3 21, 23 43, 67 70, 72, 79 87, 90 94, 97, 99 101, 142, 148 -
- 6 158, 167, 168(b), 168(c), and 168(d) of this Act, and AS 11.56.730(d), enacted by sec. 22 of
- 7 this Act, take effect July 1, 2016.
- \* Sec. 176. Section 89 of this Act takes effect October 1, 2016.
- 9 \* Sec. 177. Sections 45 48, 58, 60, 61, 66, 71, 73 78, 95, 96, 98, 102 104, 106 141,
- 10 143 146, and 159 161 of this Act take effect January 1, 2017.
- \* Sec. 178. Section 147 of this Act takes effect July 1, 2017.
- \* Sec. 179. Sections 44, 49 57, 88, 105, 168(a), and 168(e) of this Act take effect
- 13 January 1, 2018.
- \* Sec. 180. If AS 11.56.730(e), enacted by sec. 22 of this Act, and sec. 166 of this Act take
- effect, they take effect January 1, 2019.